

06/23/99



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<b>UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL</b> (Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))	Attorney Docket No.	FJN-060DV2 (3999/63)
	First Named Inventor	Goto et al.
	Title	NOVEL PROTEINS AND METHODS FOR PRODUCING THE PROTEINS

<b>APPLICATION ELEMENTS</b>	<b>ADDRESS TO: Box Patent Application</b> Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231
1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fee Transmittal Form	<b>ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS</b>
2. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Specification and Drawings [Total Pages 181] - Specification - ( 165 pages) - Claims - ( 4 pages) - Abstract - ( 1 page) - Sheets of Drawings - ( 11 sheets) <input type="checkbox"/> Formal <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Informal	7. <input type="checkbox"/> 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement (when there is an assignee) <input type="checkbox"/> Power of Attorney
3. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oath or Declaration [Total Pages 6] a. <input type="checkbox"/> Newly executed (original) b. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d)) (for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed) [Note Box 4 below]	8. <input type="checkbox"/> English Translation Document (if applicable) 9. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Copies of IDS Citations
4. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Incorporation by Reference (usable if Box 3b is checked) The entire Disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 3b, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein.	10. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Preliminary Amendment <input type="checkbox"/> Drawings [Total Sheets ] <input type="checkbox"/> Letter to Official Draftsperson Including Drawings [Total Pages ]
5. <input type="checkbox"/> Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)	11. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Return Receipt Postcard
6. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission <input type="checkbox"/> Computer Readable Copy <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Paper Copy (identical to computer copy) <input type="checkbox"/> Statement verifying identify of above copies	12. <input type="checkbox"/> Small Entity Statement(s) <input type="checkbox"/> Statements filed in prior application, (Status still proper and desired) 13. <input type="checkbox"/> Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)
17. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> If a <b>CONTINUING APPLICATION</b> , check appropriate box and supply the requisite information: <input type="checkbox"/> Continuation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Divisional <input type="checkbox"/> Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application Serial No. <u>08/915,004</u> . Priority to the above application(s) is claimed under <b>35 U.S.C. 120</b> . Prior application information: Examiner: Degen. Group/Art Unit: 1636.	14. <input type="checkbox"/> Deletion of Inventor(s) Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application.
18. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Priority - <b>35 U.S.C. 119</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Priority of application Serial No. <u>JP 54977</u> , filed on <u>February 20, 1995</u> and <u>JP 207508/1995</u> filed on <u>July 21, 1995</u> in <u>Japan</u> is claimed under <b>35 U.S.C. 119</b> . <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The certified copy has been filed in prior U.S. application Serial No. <u>08/915,004</u> on <u>October 14, 1998</u> . <input type="checkbox"/> The certified copy will follow.	15. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Patent Application Data Entry Form 16. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other: Associate Power of Attorney
<b>CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS</b>	<b>SIGNATURE BLOCK</b>
Direct all correspondence to: Patent Administrator Testa, Hurwitz & Thibault, LLP High Street Tower 125 High Street Boston, MA 02110 Tel. No.: (617) 248-7000 Fax No.: (617) 248-7100	Date: <u>June 23, 1999</u> Reg. No. 44,244 Tel. No.: (617) 248-7044 Fax No.: (617) 248-7100 Respectfully submitted, <u>Ronda P. Moore, D.V.M.</u> Ronda P. Moore, D.V.M. Attorney for Applicants Testa, Hurwitz & Thibault, LLP High Street Tower 125 High Street Boston, MA 02110

Rmoore3999/63.807653-1

**FEE TRANSMITTAL**

Note: Effective October 1, 1997.  
Patent fees are subject to annual revision

Complete if Known

Application Serial Number	Not yet assigned
Filing Date	Herewith
First Named Inventor	Goto et al.
Group Art Unit	Not yet assigned
Examiner Name	Not yet assigned
Attorney Docket No.	FJN-060DV2 (3999/63)

**METHOD OF PAYMENT**

1. ☒ Payment Enclosed:  
☒ Check ☐ Money Order ☐ Other
2. ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to credit or charge any fee indicated below to Deposit Account No. 20-0531.  
☐ Required Fees (copy of this sheet enclosed).  
☒ Additional fee required under 37 CFR 1.16 and 1.17.  
☒ Overpayment Credit.

**FEE CALCULATION****1. FILING FEE****Large Entity**

Fee (\$)	Fee Description	Fee Paid
760	Utility filing fee	760.00
310	Design filing fee	
150	Provisional filing fee	

	Number Filed	Number Extra	Rate	Amount
Total Claims	5	- 20 = 0	x \$ 18.00 =	0

Independent Claims	2	- 3 = 0	x \$ 78.00 =	0
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☐ Multiple Dependent Claim(s), if any \$260.00 =

TOTAL: 760.00

SMALL ENTITY DISCOUNT: 0

SUBTOTAL (1) (\$ 760.00)

**2. AMENDMENT CLAIM FEES**

Claims Remaining After Amend.	Highest No. Previously Paid For	Present Extra	Rate	Fee Paid
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Total - = x \$ 18.00 =

Indep. - = x \$ 78.00 =

☐ First Presentation of Multiple Dep. Claim + \$260.00 =

TOTAL: (\$)

SMALL ENTITY DISCOUNT: (\$)

SUBTOTAL (2) (\$ 0)

**FEE CALCULATION (continued)****3. ADDITIONAL FEES**

Large Entity Fee (\$)	Small Entity Fee (\$)	Fee Description	Fee Paid
130	65	Surcharge - late filing fee or oath	
50	25	Surcharge - late provisional filing fee or	
130	130	Non-English specification	
2,520	2,520	For filing a request for reexamination	
110	55	Extension for reply within first month	
380	190	Extension for reply within second month	
870	435	Extension for reply within third month	
1,360	680	Extension for reply within fourth month	
1,850	925	Extension for reply within fifth month	
300	150	Notice of Appeal	
300	150	Filing a brief in support of an appeal	
260	130	Request for oral hearing	
130	130	Petitions to the Commissioner	
50	50	Petitions related to provisional applications	
240	240	Submission of Information Disclosure Statement (37 CFR 1.97(c))	
130	130	Submission of Information Disclosure Statement (37 CFR 1.97(d))	
760	380	Filing a submission after final rejection (37 CFR 1.129(a))	
760	380	For each additional invention to be examined (37 CFR 1.129(b))	
		Other (Specify)	

SUBTOTAL (3) (\$)

SUBTOTAL (1) 760.00

SUBTOTAL (2) 0

SUBTOTAL (3) 0

TOTAL (\$ 760.00)

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Rmoore3999/63.807682-1

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State/Prov. of Residence ::	
Country of Residence ::	Japan
Citizenship ::	Japan

## Correspondence Customer Number :: 021323

Title Line One ::	NOVEL PROTEINS AND METHODS FOR
Title Line Two ::	PRODUCING THE PROTEINS
Total Drawing Sheets ::	11
Formal Drawings ::	
Application Type ::	Divisional
Docket Number ::	FJN-060DV2
Licensed - U S Government Agency ::	
Contract Number ::	
Grant Number ::	
Secrecy Order in Parent Application ::	

## Rmoore3999/63.809464-1

**EXPRESS MAIL MAILING LABEL**

**Inv. EM601204925US**

**PATENT**  
FJN-060DV2  
(3999/63)

**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

**PATENT**  
Attorney Docket No. FJN-060DV2  
(3999/63)

**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

APPLICANT(S): Goto et al.  
SERIAL NO.: Not yet assigned      GROUP NO.: Not yet assigned  
FILING DATE: Herewith      EXAMINER: Not yet assigned  
TITLE: NOVEL PROTEINS AND METHODS FOR PRODUCING THE  
PROTEINS

Box Patent Application  
Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, DC 20231

Sir:

**PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT**

Please amend the above-identified divisional patent application as follows:

**IN THE ABSTRACT:**

Please delete the Abstract and insert the following:

--An antibody having special affinity to a protein which inhibits osteoclast differentiation and/or maturation and a method for determining the concentration of the protein by detection of the concentration of protein-antibody conjugates formed. The protein is produced by human embryonic lung fibroblasts and has a molecular weight of about 60 kD and about 120 kD under non-reducing conditions and about 60 kD under reducing conditions on SDS-polyacrylamide gel



electrophoresis. The protein can be isolated and purified from the culture medium of fibroblasts. Furthermore, the protein can be produced by gene engineering.--

**IN THE SPECIFICATION:**

Applicants have amended the specification to correct translation errors and to claim benefit of an earlier filing date. No new matter is being introduced. Please enter the following amendments:

Page 1, After the title "Novel Proteins and Methods for Producing the Proteins" and before "Field of the Invention," insert --This is a divisional application of U.S.S.N. 08/915,004, filed on August 20, 1997, which was a continuation-in-part of PCT/JP96/00374, filed on February 20, 1996, and which designated the U.S. and claims priority to JP54977/1995, filed on February 20, 1995, and JP207508/1995, filed on July 21, 1995.--

Line 8, delete "In the process, osteoblasts" and insert --Osteoblasts--;

Line 10, after "of" (first occurrence) insert --a--; delete "the progression of";

Line 11, delete "The disease" and insert --Osteoporosis--; delete "be provoked" and insert --result--;

Line 12, delete "by the condition in which" and insert --when--;

Line 14, after "causes" insert --bone--; delete "in the bone"; after "makes" delete "the bone" and insert --bone's--;

Line 15, delete the line in its entirety and insert --fragile, leading to fracture, particularly in elderly patients.--;

Line 16, delete "bedridden old people, it has" and insert --Osteoporosis has therefore--;

Line 17, delete "old" and insert --elderly--; after "people" insert --in the population--; delete "efficacious" and insert --effective--;

Line 18, delete “the”;

Line 20, delete “balanced” and insert --balance of bone--;

Line 21, delete “expected to be”;

Line 22, delete “are reported” and insert --reportedly--; and

Line 23, delete “to”.

Page 2, Line 4, delete “Mol” and insert --Mol.--;

Line 5, after “M” insert a period --.---;

Line 7, after “A” insert a period --.---;

Line 9, delete “1993” and insert --1993)--;

Line 10, delete “inhibits” and insert --inhibit--;

Line 11, delete “have been paid attention and have”; and insert --have also--;

Line 14, delete “are found to”;

Line 15, delete “Macrophage” and insert --macrophage--;

Line 19, delete “are found”;

Line 21, delete “efficacious” and insert --effective--;

Line 23, delete “The cytokines” and insert --Cytokines--; delete “insulin like” and insert --insulin-like--; and

Line 24, delete “are now” and insert --have been--;

Page 3, Line 1, delete “effects in treatment of” and insert --effectiveness for treating--;

Line 2, delete “as a drug to care” and insert --to treat--; after “osteoporosis” (second occurrence) insert --patients--;

Line 6, delete “preparations .” and insert --preparations.--;

Line 7, delete “have been” and insert --are--;

Case 1:06-cv-00000-000

Line 8, delete “As mentioned,” and insert --Since--; delete “controlled” and insert --manifest--;

Line 9, delete “. Therefore”;

Line 12, delete “Disclosure” and insert --Summary--;

Line 13, delete the line in its entirety and insert --The--;

Line 14, after “factor” insert a comma --,--;

Line 15, after “(OCIF)” insert a comma --,--;

Line 22, delete “using” and insert --on--; after “pieces” insert --, which function--;  
and

Line 23, delete “the”.

Page 4, Line 3, delete “chromatography,” and insert --chromatography:--;

Line 5, delete “The inventors, based on” and insert --After determining--;

Line 6, delete the line in its entirety and insert --OCIF, a cDNA encoding this protein was successfully cloned.--;

Line 7, delete the line in its entirety and insert --A procedure for producing this protein was also established--;

Line 8, delete “differentiation of osteoclasts. This” and insert --The--;

Line 9, after “has” insert --a--; delete “weights in” and insert --weight by--;

Line 10, delete “in the” and insert --under--; before “non-reducing” delete “the”; after “conditions,” (second occurrence) and insert --and--;

Line 11, delete “heparin, reduces its activity” and insert --heparin.--;

Line 12, before “to” insert --The protein’s ability--; after “inhibit” insert --the--; delete “if” and insert --is reduced when--;

Line 13, delete “lose its activity” and insert --its ability--;

Line 14, delete “by the treatment” and insert --is lost when treated--;

Line 15, delete “protein OCIF which is described in” and insert --OCIF protein of--;

Line 16, delete “of know factors inhibiting” and insert --other factors known to inhibit the--;

Line 18, delete “to purify” and insert --for purifying--; delete “comprising ;” and insert --comprising:--;

Line 23, before “(6)” insert --and--; and

Line 24, after “F3GA” insert --may be--.

Page 5, Line 1, delete the line in its entirety and insert --hydrophilic polymers, for example.--;

Line 2, delete “columns.” (first occurrence); delete “colomns” and insert --columns--;

Line 3, delete “accumulating the” and insert --producing--; delete “to a” and insert --in--;

Line 6, delete “the” (third occurrence);

Line 7, after “the” insert --oligonucleotide--;

Before Line 10 insert

--Brief Description of the Figures

Figure 1 shows the elution pattern of crude OCIF protein (Hiload-Q/FF pass-through fraction; sample 3) from a Hiload-S/HP column.

Figure 2 shows the elution pattern of crude OCIF protein (heparin-5PW fraction; sample 5) from a blue-5PW column.

Figure 3 shows the elution pattern of OCIF protein (blue-5PW fraction 49 to 50) from a reverse-phase column.

Figures 4A and 4B shows the SDS-PAGE of isolated OCIF proteins under reducing or non-reducing conditions. Description of the lanes:

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- lane 1, 4: molecular weight marker proteins;
- lane 2, 5: OCIF protein of peak 6 in figure 3;
- lane 3, 6: OCIF protein of peak 7 in figure 3.

Figure 5 shows the elution pattern of peptides obtained by the digestion of pyridyl ethylated OCIF protein digested with lysylendopeptidase, on a reverse-phase column.

Figure 6 shows the SDS-PAGE of isolated natural (n) OCIF protein and recombinant (r) OCIF proteins under non-reducing conditions. rOCIF (E) and rOCIF (C) proteins were produced in 293/EBNA cells and in CHO cells, respectively. Description of the lanes:

- lane 1: molecular weight marker proteins;
- lane 2: a monomer type nOCIF protein;
- lane 3: a dimer type nOCIF protein;
- lane 4: a monomer type rOCIF (E) protein;
- lane 5: a dimer type rOCIF (E) protein;
- lane 6: a monomer type rOCIF (C) protein;
- lane 7: a dimer type rOCIF (C) protein.

Figure 7 shows the SDS-PAGE of isolate natural (n) OCIF proteins and recombinant (r) OCIF proteins under reducing conditions. rOCIF (E) and rOCIF (C) were produced in 293 EBNA cells and in CHO cells, respectively. Description of the lanes:

- lane 8: molecular weight marker proteins;
- lane 9: a monomer type nOCIF protein;
- lane 10: a dimer type nOCIF protein;
- lane 11: a monomer type rOCIF (E) protein;
- lane 12: a dimer type rOCIF (E) protein;
- lane 13: a monomer type rOCIF (C) protein;

lane 14: a dimer type rOCIF (C) protein.

Figure 8 shows the SDS-PAGE of isolated natural (n) OCIF proteins and recombinant (r) OCIF proteins from which N-linked sugar chains were removed under reducing conditions. rOCIF (E) and rOCIF (C) are rOCIF proteins produced in 293/EBNA cells and in CHO cells, respectively. Description of the lanes:

lane 15: molecular weight marker proteins;

lane 16: a monomer type nOCIF protein;

lane 17: a dimer type nOCIF protein;

lane 18: a monomer type rOCIF (E) protein;

lane 19: a dimer type rOCIF (E) protein;

lane 20: a monomer type rOCIF(C) protein;

lane 21: a dimer type rOCIF(C) protein.

Figure 9 shows a comparison of OCIF and OCIF2 amino acid sequences.

Figure 10 shows a comparison of OCIF and OCIF3 amino acid sequences.

Figure 11 shows a comparison of OCIF and OCIF4 amino acid sequences.

Figure 12 shows a comparison of OCIF and OCIF5 amino acid sequences.

Figure 13 shows a standard curve determining OCIF protein concentration by an EIA employing anti-OCIF polyclonal antibodies.

Figure 14 shows a standard curve determining OCIF protein concentration by an EIA employing anti-OCIF monoclonal antibodies.

Figure 15 shows the effect of rOCIF protein on osteoporosis.--;

Page 5, Line 15, delete "procedure includes" and insert --procedures include--;

Line 16, delete "lyophilization" and insert --lyophilization--; delete "procedure includes" and insert --procedures include--;



Line 6, delete "The recombinant" and insert --Recombinant--;

Line 7, after "cDNA" insert a comma --,--; after "region" insert a comma --,--;

Line 12, delete "by hybridization" and insert --and--; before "probe" insert --hybridization--;

Line 14, before "can be" insert --protein--;

Line 15, after "cDNAs" insert a comma --,--; after "region" insert a comma --,--;

Line 16, after "in" delete "the"; after "variant" insert --protein--;

Line 18, after "variant" insert --protein--; delete "an" and insert --the--;

Line 20, before "replacement" insert --the--; after "residue" insert a comma --,--; and

Line 21, delete "formation with serine residue, and" and insert --formation, with a serine residue or--.

Page 8, Line 1, delete "by";

Line 2, delete "containing" and insert --having--;

Line 9, delete "As antigens (immunogens), natural" and insert --Natural--;

Line 11, delete "designed";

Line 13, delete "used." and insert --used as antigens.--;

Line 14, after "antigens" insert a comma --,--; delete "for immunization";

Line 15, delete "purifying from the serum by the" and insert --and purifying the antibodies from the serum by--; delete "The";

Line 16, delete "anti-OCIF" and insert --Anti-OCIF--; delete "radioisotopes" and insert --radioisotopes--;

Line 17, delete "system or immunoassay (EIA) system." and insert --systems or enzyme-immunoassay (EIA) systems.--;



Line 18, delete “By using” and insert --Using--; delete “concentrations” and insert --concentration--;

Line 19, delete “blood and” and insert --blood,--; delete “cells-culture” and insert --cell-culture--;

Line 21, delete the line in its entirety;

Line 22, delete the line in its entirety; and

Line 23, delete the line in its entirety.

Page 9, Line 1, delete the line in its entirety;

Line 3, delete “to” and insert --for--; delete “determine” and insert --determining--;

Line 5, delete “the”;

Line 6, delete “method” and insert --methods--;

Line 8, delete “using” and insert --transfected with--;

Line 9, delete “synthesized peptides designed” and insert --synthetic peptides--;

Line 11, delete “immunization of mammals” and insert --immunizing mammals such as mice or rats--;

Line 12, delete “mycloma of mammals” and insert --mammalian myeloma cells--;

Line 13, delete “hybridoma.” and insert --hybridomas.--; delete “antibody” and insert --antibodies--; delete “recognizes” and insert --recognize--;

Line 14, delete the line in its entirety and insert --OCIF were selected and cultured to obtain the desired antibodies.--;

Line 15, delete the line in its entirety;

Line 16, delete the line in its entirety;

Line 17, delete the line in its entirety and insert --For immunizations, OCIF is suitably diluted with--;

Line 20, after “after” insert --the--;

Line 21, delete “was taken out” and insert --removed--; delete “were”; and

Line 22, after “lines” insert `--useful--`; delete “the”.

Line 2, before “immunized” delete “are”; delete “and”;

Line 3, delete “cell line” and insert --cells--; delete “which are used”;

Line 4, delete the line in its entire and insert --to produce human type antibodies.--;

Line 5, delete “the”; delete “cell line” and insert --cells--;

Line 6, after “by” delete “the”;

Line 7, delete “used, and also” and insert --used. Alternatively--;

Line 8, delete “applied to cell fusion.” and insert --used.--;

Line 11, delete the line in its entirety and insert --used to fuse the cells. The fusion products are--;

Line 12, delete “hybridoma.” and insert --for hybridomas.--;

Line 13, delete the line in its entirety and insert --An EIA, plaque--;

Line 14, delete “principally used. Among” and insert --used to screen for hybridomas producing anti-OCIF antibodies.--;

Line 15, delete “them, EIA is simple and easy to operate” and insert --EIA is a simple assay which is easy to perform--;

Line 16, delete the line in its entirety and insert --therefore generally used. The desired antibody can be--;

Line 17, delete “Thus obtained hybridoma” and insert --using EIA and purified OCIF. Hybridomas obtained thereby--; delete “the”;

Line 18, delete “method” and insert --methods--;

Line 19, delete “using the” and insert --cells using--;

Line 20, delete “method” and insert --methods--; after “hybridoma” insert --cells--; delete “to” and insert --into live--;

Line 21, after “by” delete “the”;

Line 22, delete “obtained”;

Line 23, after “antibody” insert --obtained--; delete “for determination of” and insert -to determine--; and

Line 24, delete “for purification of OCIF.” and insert --to purify OCIF protein.--.

Page 11, Line 1, delete “to” and insert --for--;

Line 2, delete “By (using)”;

Line 3, delete “this assay system,” and insert --This assay system is useful for determining--;

Line 4, delete the line in its entirety and insert --blood and ascites.--;

Line 5, delete the line in its entirety and insert --The present invention provides agents, containing OCIF as an--;

Line 6, delete “are provided by the present invention.” and insert --ingredient, that are useful for treating bone diseases.--;

Line 7, after “of” insert --the--;

Line 8, after “weeks” insert --of--;

Line 10, after “by” insert --the--;

Line 11, before “mechanical” insert --the--;

Line 13, delete “ingredients” and insert --ingredient--; after “in” insert --bone diseases--;

Line 14, delete “bone diseases such as”; delete “osteoarthritis,” and insert --osteoarthritis--;

Line 15, delete “The”;

Line 16, delete “to establish” and insert --in the--; delete “the” and insert --bone--;

Line 17, delete “the”; delete “ingredients” and insert --ingredient--;

Line 19, delete “efficacious” and insert --effective--; and

Line 20, delete “human” and insert --humans--; delete “the”.

Page 12, Line 1, delete “the” and insert --a--; delete “efficacious” and insert --effective--;

Line 2, before “pharmaceutically” insert --a--; delete “carriers.” and insert --carrier.--;

Line 4, after “compounds” insert a comma --,--;

Line 6, delete the line in its entirety and insert --activators for injection, pH adjusters, buffers, stabilizers,--;

Line 7 - Line 23: delete the lines in their entirety.

Page 13, Delete the page in its entirety.

Page 14, Line 1 to Line 19, delete the lines in their entirety.

Line 22, delete “however,” and insert --though--; delete “to the” and insert --thereto.--; and

Line 23, delete “examples.”.

Page 15, Line 6, delete “under” and insert --in--;

Line 9, delete the comma “,”;

Line 18, after “from” insert --a--;

Line 20, delete "D<sub>3</sub>, and each test sample," and insert --D<sub>3</sub> and a test sample--; delete "to" and insert --into--;

Line 21, after "of" insert --a--;

Line 22, delete "further" and insert --maintained--; and

Line 23, delete "continued".

Page 16, Line 1, delete "starting cultivation." and insert --cultivation began.--; delete "after washing" and insert --the plates were washed--;

Line 2, delete "the plates"; delete "saline," and insert --and the--;

Line 3, delete "temperature, and then osteoclast" and insert --temperature.

Osteoclast--;

Line 4, delete "for";

Line 6, delete "The decrease" and insert --A decrease in the number--;

Line 11, delete "The"; delete "filtrated with" and insert --filtered using a--;

Line 13, after "three" insert --30 liter--; delete "(30 1)";

Line 16, before "heparin" insert --the--;

Line 18, delete "as"; and

Line 22, after "overnight" delete " ,".

Page 17, Line 4, delete "as";

Line 10, after "with" insert --a--;

Line 11, delete "Each" and insert --Every--; delete "number" and insert --numbers--;

Line 12, delete "was pooled" and insert --were pooled--; delete "Each"; before "of" insert --each--;

Line 13, delete "from";

Line 14, delete "The fractions from 21 to 30" and insert --Fractions 21 to 30,--;

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Line 8, delete “of”;

Line 11, delete “peak 6 and peak” and insert --peaks 6 and--;

Line 12, delete “of” and insert --from--;

Line 14, delete “protein” and insert --proteins--; delete “N-terminal” and insert --the N-terminus--;

Line 15, delete “So, internal” and insert --Internal--;

Line 16, after “were” insert --therefore--;

Line 17, delete “of” and insert --from--; delete “peak 7” and insert --7,--; after “C4-HPLC” insert a comma --,--;

Line 20, after “each” insert --of the--; delete “mixture was” and insert --mixtures were--;

Line 21, delete “a”; after “Each” delete “the”; and

Line 22, delete “was”.

Page 22, Line 3, after “vacuum” delete the comma --,--;

Line 10, after “with” insert --a--; after “gradient” insert --of--;

Line 13, delete “were” and insert --are--; delete “Sequence” and insert --SEQ. ID Nos. 1-3--;

Line 14, delete “Numbers 1-3”;

Line 16, before “nucleotide” insert --the--;

Line 18, delete “by”; and

Line 19, after “using” insert --a--.

Page 23, Line 1, delete “sequence numbers” and insert --SEQ. ID Nos.--;

Line 2, after “2F” insert --(SEQ. ID No. 107)--;

Line 5, after “3R” insert --(SEQ. ID No. 108)--;

Line 15, after "3R" insert --(SEQ. ID No. 108)--;

Line 21, after “using” insert --a--.

Line 3, delete “the”;

Line 15, delete “sec annealing” and insert --sec, annealing--;

Line 17, delete “size of” and insert --sizes of the--; and

Page 25, Line 2, delete “in the plasmid,” and insert --into the plasmid--; after “using” insert --a-  
-;

Line 4, before “DH5” insert --strain--; after “with” insert --the--;

Line 7, before “OCIF” insert --the--; after “using” insert --a--;

Line 12, delete “N- or C- terminal side in the” and insert --the amino or carboxyl of the 132--;

Line 13, delete “of the 132 amino acid polypeptide”;



Line 23, after “using” insert --a--.

Line 22, delete “the”.

Line 9, after “insert” insert --of about 1.6kb--;

Line 10, delete “and the infected into E. Coli” and insert --was used to infect E. coli strain--;

Line 11, delete “a” and insert --the--; delete “of” and insert --in the--;

Line 13, delete “1OCIF” and insert --λOCIF--;

Line 20, delete “picking up” and insert --lifting--;

Line 21, delete “to” and insert --in the--; and

Line 24, delete “transfered” and insert --transferred--.

Page 28, Line 2, delete “the standard protocol” and insert --standard methods--;

Line 7, after “using” insert --a--;

Line 8, after “T7” delete “primers”;

Line 10, delete “sequence numbers” and insert --SEQ. ID Nos.--;

Line 11, delete “sequence number” and insert --SEQ. ID No.--;

Line 12, delete “sequence number” and insert --SEQ. ID No.--;

Line 16, after “pBKOCIF” insert a comma --,--; after “cDNA” insert a comma --,--;

Line 17, delete the commas (both occurrences) “,”;

Line 18, after “electrophoresis” delete “,”;

Line 19, after “using” insert --a--;

Line 20, delete the line in its entirety and insert --insert was ligated into the--;

Line 21, after “(Invitrogen)” insert --using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo), and--; after “enzymes” delete “,”; and

Line 22, delete “E. coli.” and insert --E. coli strain--.

Page 29, Line 2, after “using” insert --a--;

Line 3, delete “,”;

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Line 4, delete “was used in the experiments” and insert --for use in the experiments--;

Line 5, delete “the” and insert --OCIF--;

Line 6, delete the comma “,”;

Line 7, before “prepared” insert an open paren --(--;

Line 8, delete “in” and insert --into--; delete “the” and insert --a--;

Line 11, delete the comma “,”;

Line 12, delete “ and were” and insert --,--;

Line 17, delete “the transfected cells were incubated” and insert --incubation--;

Line 20, delete “mice, 17 days-old,” and insert --17 day old mice--;

Line 22, delete “D<sub>3</sub>, and each” and insert --D<sub>3</sub> and a--; and delete “inoculatd” and insert --inoculated--.

Page 30, Line 5, delete “then”;

Line 7, delete “The decrease of” and insert --A decrease in--; and

Line 8, delete “As result, the” and insert --The--.

Page 31, Line 4, delete “of”;

Line 5, delete “with” and insert --using a--;

Line 6, delete “50 ml of a” and insert --a 50 ml--;

Line 9, after “with” insert --a--;

Line 10, after “and” insert --8 ml--; delete “(8 ml)”;

Line 12, delete “OCIF active fraction (112 ml)” and insert --An OCIF active 112 ml fraction,--; after “NaCl” insert a comma --,--;

Line 18, after “with” insert --a--;

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Line 23, delete “, under” and insert --by SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.--

Page 32, Line 1, delete “non-reducing conditions, bands” and insert --Bands--; delete “an apparent” and insert --apparent molecular weights of--;

Line 21, delete “The” and insert --A--.

Line 7, after "to" insert --the--;

Line 15, delete “to” and insert --into--;

Line 22, after “using” insert --a--; and delete “condition” and insert --the conditions--.

Page 34, Line 3, delete “Then the” and insert --The--; after “were” insert --then--;

Line 4, delete “in” and insert --into--;

Line 14, delete “the” and insert --a--; delete “amount” and insert --amounts--;

Line 15, after “OCIF,” insert --named--;

Line 18, delete “the clone (5561)” and insert --clone 5561--; and

Line 20, delete “to”.

Page 35, Line 2, delete “cells-conditioned” and insert --cell-conditioned--;

Line 3, delete “CHOcells-conditioned” and insert --CHO cell-conditioned--; delete  
“EXAMPL” and insert --EXAMPLE--;

Line 4, delete “of”; before “0.22” insert --a--;

Line 5, delete “Milipore” and insert --Millipore--;

Line 8, after “with” insert --a--;

Line 9, after “and” insert --8 ml--; delete “(8”;

Line 10, delete “ml”);

Line 11, delete “Active” and insert --An active--;

Line 13, delete “of”;

Line 14, delete “a” and insert --an--;

Line 17, after “with” insert --a--;

Line 18, delete the comma “,”;

Line 19, delete “was” and insert --were--;

Line 20, delete “On SDS-PAGE”;

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Line 6, delete “of” and insert --in--; after “as” insert --an indication of--; delete “The” and insert --A--;

Line 7, delete "of" and insert --in--;

Line 8, delete "In detail," and insert --Briefly,--;

Line 11, after "590" insert a comma --,--;

Line 12, after “using” insert --a--;

Line 14, delete “was” and insert --were--;

Line 15, delete “The decrease of” and insert --A decrease in--;

Line 16, delete “of the” and insert --(the--;

Line 17, delete “which were”; and delete “OCIF” and insert --OCIF)--.

Page 39, Line 3, delete “in the concentration” and insert --at concentrations--; delete “higher” and insert --greater.--;

Line 6, delete “Effect” and insert --The effect--;

Line 9, delete “In detail,” and insert --Briefly, samples of--; delete “sample was” and insert --were--;

Line 10, delete “of”;

Line 11, delete the comma “,”; after “each” insert --of--;

Line 12, delete “in” and insert --of--;

Line 13, delete “;” and insert --at--;

Line 14, delete “FBS,” and insert --FBS--; delete “ddy mice, 8 weeks-old, ;” and insert --8 week old ddy mice at--;

Line 15, delete “to” and insert --into--; delete “in 96-well plates” and insert --of a 96-well plate--;

Line 17, delete “with a kit for” and insert --using an--; after “phosphatase” insert --kit--;

Line 18, delete “The decrease of” and insert --A decrease in--;

Line 19, after “taken” insert --as an indication--; delete “of” and insert --in--;

Line 21, delete the line in its entirety and insert --are shown in Table 6 (rOCIF(E) and rOCIF (C)) and Table 7 (rOCIF(E) and--; and

Line 22, delete “nOCIF” and insert --nOCIF)--.

Page 40, Line 14, delete “in the concentration” and insert --at concentrations--; delete “higher” and insert --greater--;

Line 15, delete “from” and insert --in--; and

Line 17, delete “Effect” and insert --The effect--.

Page 41, Line 1, delete “In detail, each the” and insert --Briefly, samples of each of--; delete “sample”;

Line 2, delete “was” and insert --were--;

Line 3, after “each” insert --of--; after “to” insert --the wells of--;

Line 4, delete “ddy mice, 17 days-old,” and insert --17 day old ddy mice--;

Line 6, delete “to” and insert --into--; delete “in” and insert --of a--; delete “plates” and insert --plate--;

Line 7, delete “aceton” and insert --acetone--;

Line 8, delete “a kit for” and insert --an--; after “phosphatase” insert --kit--;

Line 10, delete “The” and insert --A--; delete “of” and insert --in--; after “as” insert --an indication of--;

Line 11, delete “of” and insert --in--;



Line 20; please delete "in the concentration" and insert --at concentrations--; and delete "higher" and insert --greater--.

Page 42, Line 1, delete "Effect" and insert --The effect--;

Line 3, delete "In detail, each" and insert --Briefly, a sample of each of--; delete "sample was" and insert --were--;

Line 5, delete "the"; after "in" insert --a--;

Line 6, delete "plates." insert --plate.--;

Line 7, delete "," and insert --at--;

Line 8, delete "ddy mouse, 8 weeks-old, ," and insert -- 8 week old ddy mouse, at--;

Line 9, delete "to" and insert --into--; delete "in" and insert --of a--; delete "plates" and insert --plate--;

Line 12, after "under" insert --a--;

Line 13, after "as" insert --an indication of--;

Line 20, delete "in the concentration" and insert --at concentrations--; and delete "higher" and insert --greater.--.

Page 43, Line 2, delete "would be able to" and insert --could--; delete "treatment of the" and insert --treating--;

Line 3, delete "with" insert --due to--; delete "which" and insert --that--;

Line 4, delete "which" and insert --that--;

Line 11, after "with" insert --a--;

Line 12, delete "Each the" and insert --The--;

Line 13, delete "was" and insert --were--;

Line 14, delete line in its entirety and insert --each lyophilized.--;

Line 16, before "molecular" insert --the--;







Line 20, after "Accordingly" insert a comma --,--;

Line 21, delete "sequence" and insert --SEQ. ID No.--; and

Line 22, delete "number 5).".

Page 49, Line 3, delete "The Plasmid" and insert --Plasmids--; delete "was" and insert --were--;

Line 5, delete the comma ",";

Line 6, delete the comma ",";

Line 7, after "using" insert --a--;

Line 8, after "using" insert --a--;

Line 10, delete the comma ","; delete "coli." and insert --coli strain--;

Line 13, delete the comma ",";

Line 14, delete "an";

Line 15, after "using" insert --a--;

Line 16, after "using" insert --a--;

Line 17, delete "the" and insert --an--;

Line 18, delete the comma ","; after "E. coli" insert --strain--;

Line 21, delete "was"; after "with" insert --the--; delete the comma ","; and

Line 23, delete the comma ","; and after "using" insert --a--.

Page 50, Line 1, after "with" insert --the--; delete the comma ",";

Line 5, delete "an"; delete the comma ","; after "using" insert --a--;

Line 7, after "using" insert --a--; delete "E. coli." and insert --E. coli strain--;

Line 9, delete "obtained transformants" and insert --transformants obtained--; delete "variants" and insert --variant--;

Line 11, delete "column" and insert --columns--;

Line 11, delete “variants” and insert --variant--;

Line 13, delete “experiments” and insert --experiments--;

Line 16, delete “plasmid,” and insert --plasmids--;

Line 17, delete “prepared”; and

Line 20, delete “a”.

Page 51, Line 5, delete “a”;

Line 5, before “DNA” insert --A--;

Line 7, after “using” insert --a--;

Line 12, before “DNA” insert --A--;

Line 13, after “using” insert --a--;

Line 14, delete “The” and insert --This--;

Line 16, delete “of” (second occurrence) and insert --from a--;

Line 18, delete “for” and insert --in--;

Line 20, after “E. coli” insert --strain--;

Line 21, delete “was” and insert --were--;

Line 22, delete “to the cells”;

Line 23, delete “was added”; and after “NaCl)” insert --was added to the cells--;

Page 52, Line 3, delete “individually” and insert --each--;

Line 4, delete “each”;

Line 4, delete “of” (second occurrence);

Line 10, after “with” insert --a--; and

Line 14, after “with” insert --a--.

Page 53, Line 13, delete “SEQUENCE NO:” and insert --SEQ. ID Nos.--;

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Line 14, delete "as follows";

Line 16, after "min" (first occurrence) insert a comma --,--;

Line 18, delete "size" and insert --sizes--;

Line 18, delete "prodcts was" and insert --products were--;

Line 19, delete "using" and insert --of the--; delete "solution" and insert --solutions--;

and

Line 20, after "using" insert --an--.

Page 54, Line 16, delete "size" and insert --sizes--; delete "prodcts was" and insert --products were--; and

Line 19, delete "mutation" and insert --mutations--.

Page 55, Line 7, delete "was" (second occurrence) and insert --were--;

Line 9, delete "with" and insert --using a--;

Line 11, delete "as";

Line 12, delete "of" (fourth occurrence) and insert --from a--;

Line 13, after "and" insert --the--;

Line 14, delete "E. coli DH5  $\alpha$ " and insert --E. coli strain DH5 $\alpha$ --;

Line 16, delete "a";

Line 19, delete "which is";

Line 21, delete "with" and insert --using a--; and

Line 24, delete "of" and insert --from a--.

Page 56, Line 1, after "and" insert --the--;

Line 1, after "E. coli" insert --strain--;

Line 3, delete "a" (second occurrence);

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Line 10, delete “as”;

Line 12, after “and” insert --the--;

Line 14, delete “a” (second occurrence);

Line 21, delete “was” (second occurrence) and insert --were--; and

Line 2, delete "of" (fourth occurrence) and insert --from a--;

Line 3, after “and” insert --the--;

Line 4, after “E. coli” insert --strain--;

Line 6, delete “a”;

Line 13, delete “with” and insert --using a--;

Line 15, delete “was” (second occurrence) and insert --were--;

Line 17, delete “with” and insert --using a--;

Line 20, delete “of” (fourth occurrence) and insert --from a--;

Line 21, after “and” insert --the--;

Line 22, after “E. coli” insert --strain--; and

Line 23, delete “a” (second occurrence).

Page 58, Line 10, delete "a";

Line 10, delete “was” and insert --were--;

Line 16, delete "of" (second occurrence) and insert --from a--;



Line 17, after "and" insert --the--;

Line 18, after "coli" insert --strain--; and

Line 22, delete "plasmide" and insert --plasmids--.

Page 59, Line 4, delete "of" (second occurrence);

Line 6, delete "and" and insert --or--;

Line 7, delete "SEQUENCE NO:" and insert --SEQ. ID No.--;

Line 12, delete "SEQUENCE NO:" and insert --SEQ. ID Nos.--; and

Line 12, after "40-53" delete the comma --,--.

Page 60, Line 2, delete "fragment" and insert --fragments--;

Line 6, delete "which is";

Line 8, delete "with" and insert --using a--;

Line 10, delete "was" (second occurrence) and insert --were--;

Line 12, delete "with" and insert --using a--;

Line 15, delete "of" (third occurrence) and insert --from a--;

Line 16, after "and" insert --the--;

Line 17, after "E. coli" insert --strain--;

Line 18, delete "a" (second occurrence);

Line 23, delete "with" and insert --using a--;

Page 61, Line 1, delete "as" (first occurrence);

Line 3, after "and" insert --the--; after "E. coli" insert --strain--;

Line 6, delete "DNA ." and insert --DNA.--;

Line 10, delete "with" and insert --using a--;

Line 12, delete "as";

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Line 13, delete “of” and insert --from a--;

Line 14, after “and” insert --the--; after “E. coli” insert --strain--; and

Line 21, delete “with” and insert --using a--.

Page 62, Line 2, delete “as”; delete “was” (second occurrence) and insert --were--;

Line 4, delete “with” and insert --using a--;

Line 6, delete “as”;

Line 8, delete “of” and insert --from a--;

Line 8, after “and” insert --the--;

Line 9, after “E. coli” insert --strain--; and

Line 11, delete “a”;

Line 16, delete “with” and insert --using a--;

Line 19, delete “of” and insert --from a--;

Line 20, after “and” insert --the--;

Line 20, after “E. coli” insert --strain--; and

Line 22, delete “a” (second occurrence).

Page 63, Line 3, delete “with” and insert --using a--;

Line 6, delete “of” and insert --from a--;

Line 7, after “and” insert --the--;

Line 7, after “E. coli” insert --strain--;

Line 9, delete “a” (second occurrence); and

Line 15, after “containing” insert --the--.

Page 64, Line 1, delete “of” and insert --from a--;

Line 1, after “and” insert --the--;

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Line 2, after "E. coli" insert --strain--;

Line 4, delete "a" (second occurrence);

Line 12, delete "of";

Line 15, delete "SEQUENCE NO:" and insert --SEQ. ID No.--; and

Line 20, delete "SEQUENCE NO:" and insert --SEQ. ID Nos.--.

Page 65, Line 3, delete "with" and insert --using a--;

Line 5, delete "as";

Line 7, delete "of" and insert --from a--; after "and" insert --the--;

Line 8, after "E. coli" insert --strain--;

Line 10, delete "a";

Line 12, after "pSK-OCIF-CL" insert a period --.;

Line 13, after "PCR" insert --reaction--; and

Line 15, after "OCIF-CCR3" insert --were as follows:--.

Page 66, Line 3, delete "with" and insert --using a--;

Line 6, delete "SEQUENCE NO:" and insert --SEQ. ID Nos.--;

Line 12, delete "an";

Line 14, delete "The size of the PCR products was confirmed on an agarose gel.";

Line 15, after "using" insert --an--; and

Line 21, after "containing" insert --the--.

Page 67, Line 3, delete "CC R3" and insert --CCR3--;

Line 14, delete "isolatedand" and insert --isolated and --;

Line 16, delete "of" (second occurrence);

Line 18, delete "of" (second occurrence) and insert --from a--;

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Line 8, delete “for”;

Line 10, delete “of”:

Line 13, delete “contain” and insert -- contained--; delete “pSK-OCIF- CSph” and K-OCIF-CSph--;

Line 18, delete “of” (second occurrence) and insert --from a--;

Line 19, after “and” insert --the--;

Line 20, after “coli” insert --strain--;

Line 22, after “which ” insert --the--;

Line 23, please delete "is" and insert --was--; and

Line 25, delete “and” and insert --or--.

Page 70, Line 3, delete "Preparation" and insert --Preparation--; after "(" insert --a--;

Line 5, after “by” insert `--using--`; delete “column” and insert `--columns--`;

Line 13, delete “A 24-well plate was used for the DNA”;

Line 14, delete “transfection.”;

Line 15, delete “the” and insert --a 24 well--;

Line 17, delete “Mixture of an” and insert --A mixture of the--;

Line 19, delete “a CO<sub>2</sub> incubator” and insert --5% CO<sub>2</sub>--;

Line 21, delete “48 more” and insert --a further 48--; delete “the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator” and insert --5% CO<sub>2</sub>--;

Line 22, delete “for assay” and insert --in assays--;

Line 23, delete “SEQUENCE NO:” and insert --SEQ. ID Nos.--; and

Line 24, delete “SEQUENCE NO:” and insert --SEQ. ID No.--.

Page 71, Line 2, delete “Antigen” and insert --The Antigen--;

Line 3, delete “specific” and insert --the--; and

Line 4, delete “the” and insert --each--; delete “the”.

Page 72, Line 4, after “OCIF” insert a semicolon -;;;

Line 5, after “50%” please insert a semicolon -;;;

Line 7, after “activity” insert a period ---;

Line 8, delete “western” and insert --Western--;

Line 10, delete “the” and insert --each--;

Line 11, delete “bromo phenol” and insert -- bromophenol --;

Line 12, after “)” insert a comma --,--; delete “a”; delete “polyacryl amide” and insert --polyacrylamide--;

Line 16, delete “peroxidase labeled” and insert -- peroxidase-labeled --;

Line 18, after “using” insert --an--;

Line 20, after “exclusively” insert --a--; after “for” insert --the--; and

Line 21, after “CC” insert --mutants--; delete “an”.

Page 73, Line 3, delete “resare” and replace with “residues are”;

Line 4, delete “SEQUENCE NO:” and insert --SEQ. ID No.--.

Page 74, Line 5, delete “purchased from STRATAGENE” and insert --(Stratagene)--;



Line 23, after “Nucleotide” insert --The nucleotide--; delete “was” and insert --is--;

Page 78, Line 2, delete “of nucleotides”; delete “sequence” and insert --SEQ. ID--;

Line 8, delete “for” and insert --in--; delete “Three male JW rabbits (Kitayama”;

Line 10, after “immunization,” insert --an--;

Line 12, delete “the interval of”; after “week” insert --intervals--;

Line 14, delete “of seven days subcutaneously”;

Line 17, delete "40 w/v %," and insert --40% w/v, the--;

Line 20, delete “resulting” and insert --resultant--;

Line 23, delete “immediately and were” and insert --and--.

Line 6, delete “separated by” and insert --separated using a--;



Line 6, delete "Protein pool" and insert --The protein pool was--;

Line 7, delete "maleimide activated" and insert --maleimide-activated--; delete "was" and insert --and--;

Line 12, delete "4C" and insert --4°C--;

Line 14, delete "of";

Line 16, delete "peroxidase labeled" and insert -- peroxidase-labeled --;

Line 17, delete "temperture" and insert --temperature--; and

Line 21, delete "standared" and insert --standard--; delete "was" and insert --is--.

Page 80, Line 2, after "of" insert --a--;

Line 3, after "from" insert --the--; delete "fibroblasts" and insert --fibroblast--;

Line 4, after "IMR-90" insert --cells--;

Line 4, delete "Eample" and insert --Example--;

Line 6, delete "administrating" and insert --administering--;

Line 7, after "emulsion" insert --was--;

Line 8, delete "was administered"; delete "administration" and insert --immunization--;

Line 9, delete "taken out," and insert --removed and--;

Line 10, delete "were";

Line 11, delete "the conventinal method" and insert --conventional methods--;

Line 12, delete "hybridoma" and insert -- hybridomas--; delete "Subsequently, to check";

Line 13, delete "whether the selected hybridomas produce anti-OCIF antibody," and insert --The presence of--;

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Line 15, delete “concentration of protein in the solution” and insert --protein concentration--;

Line 16, delete “with” and insert --was diluted to--; delete “was prepared”;

Line 18, delete “diluted solution” and insert --dilute concentrations--;

Line 19, after “Thus” please insert a comma --,--;

Line 20, delete “can be” and insert --were--;

Page 82, Line 4, delete “protocol disclosed in the” and insert --kit--; delete “were” and insert --are--;

Line 5, after “to” insert --the--;

Line 6, after “IgG<sub>2b</sub>,” insert --subclasses--;

Line 8, delete “in” and insert --of--;

Line 13, delete “Determination” and insert --Quantitation--;

Line 14, delete “, which were”;

Line 15, delete “(25-iv),” and insert --25-iv--;

Line 17, delete “each combination” and insert --different combinations--;

Line 18, after “using” insert --an--; and delete “Maleimide Activiated” and insert --Maleimide-Activated --.

Page 83, Line 2, delete “in” and insert --of a--;

Line 3, after “allowing” insert --them--;

Line 4, delete “in” and insert --of--;

Line 5, delete “then”;

Line 6, delete “was”;

Line 8, delete “bufer” and insert --buffer--;

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Line 9, delete "in" and insert --of a--; delete "immunoplates" and insert --immunoplate--;

Line 11, delete "the"; delete "For";

Line 12, delete the line in its entirety;

Line 13, delete the line in its entirety and insert --the POD-labeled--;

Line 14, after "buffer" insert --(0.1 M Tris-HCl buffer, pH 7.4, containing 25% Blockace and 0.1% Tween 20)--;

Line 15, delete "in" and insert --of--; delete "imunoplate" and insert --immunoplate--;

Line 16, delete "C" (second occurrence);

Line 17, delete "the";

Line 19, delete "in" and insert --of--;

Line 20, delete "were";

Line 24, delete "kinds of" and insert --different--; delete "antibody in" and insert --antibodies of--;

Page 84, Line 1, delete "a" and insert --an--;

Line 2, after "OCIF" insert --concentration--; delete "in" and insert --of--;

Line 4, after "A1G5" insert a comma --,--;

Line 5, delete "was" and insert --, is--;

Line 7, delete "Concentration" and insert --The concentration--;

Line 9, after "of" insert --the--;

Line 10, delete "in" and insert --of--;

Line 11, delete "in" and insert --of--; delete "immnuoplates" and insert --immunoplates--;

Line 12, delete "then"; delete "the";

66E690E30BEE60

Line 23, delete "sample."

Line 16, delete “intravenous administration of vehicle” and insert --the vehicle administered intravenously--;

Line 18, delete “administered OCIF” and insert --with OCIF administered--.

Page 86, Line 3, delete “Decrease of” and insert --A decrease is--; delete “the animals of control groups” and insert --control animals--;

Line 5, delete “groups” and insert --group--; delete “animal” and insert --animals  
that--;

Line 11, delete “accompanying” and insert --accompanied by--; delete “to be used”;

Line 13, delete “microorgainsm” and insert --microorganism--.

**IN THE CLAIMS:**

Please cancel claims 1-31. Please add new claims 32-36 as follows:

32. An antibody having specific affinity to an osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factor protein comprising the following properties:

- (a) molecular weights as determined by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE) of approximately 60 kD under reducing conditions, and approximately 60 kD (a monomer) and 120 kD (a homodimer) under non-reducing conditions;
- (b) high affinity to cation-exchange resins and heparin derivatives;
- (c) inhibitory activity for osteoclast differentiation and/or maturation, wherein said activity is decreased by heating said protein at about 70°C for about 10 min. or at about 56°C for about 30 min., and wherein said activity is lost by heating at about 90°C for about 10 min.; and
- (d) an internal amino acid sequence as provided in SEQ. ID NOS. 1, 2 or 3.

33. The antibody of claim 32 that is polyclonal.

34. The antibody of claim 32 that is monoclonal.

35. The monoclonal antibody of claim 34 being characterized by the following properties:

a molecular weight of about 150,000, and of subclass IgG<sub>1</sub>, IgG<sub>2a</sub>, or IgG<sub>2b</sub>.

36. A method of determining the concentration of an osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factor protein comprising contacting a sample suspected of containing said protein with an antibody of claims 32, 33, 34, or 35 under conditions sufficient to induce formation of protein-antibody conjugates, and detecting the amount of protein-antibody conjugates formed.

66E90: E90BEE60

The Examiner required restriction of the claims in the patent application, U.S.S.N. 08/915, 004. This is a divisional application of U.S.S.N. 08/915,004, filed to pursue and elect the claims of Group III, claims 27-31, drawn to an antibody, classified in class 530, subclass 387.1.

If it is believed that a telephone conversation with Applicants' attorney would be helpful in expediting prosecution of this, the subject application, the Examiner is invited to call the undersigned.

Date: June 23, 1999

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## NOVEL PROTEINS AND METHODS FOR PRODUCING THE PROTEINS

## Field of the invention

This invention relates to a novel protein, osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factor (OCIF), and methods for producing the protein.

## Background of the invention

Human bones are always remodelling by the repeated process of resorption and reconstitution. In the process, osteoblasts and osteoclasts are considered to be the cells mainly responsible for bone formation and bone resorption, respectively. A typical example of disease caused by the progression of abnormal bone metabolism is osteoporosis. The disease is known to be provoked by the condition in which bone resorption by osteoclasts exceeds bone formation by osteoblasts, but the mechanism of osteoporosis has not yet been completely elucidated. Osteoporosis causes pain in the bone and makes the bone fragile, leading to fracture. Since osteoporosis increases the number of bedridden old people, it has become a social issue with the increasing number of old people. Therefore, efficacious drugs for the treatment of the disease are expected to be developed. Bone mass reduction caused by the abnormal bone metabolism is thought to be prevented by inhibiting bone resorption, improving bone formation, or improving the balanced metabolism.

Bone formation is expected to be promoted by stimulating growth, differentiation, or activation of osteoblasts. Many cytokines are reported to stimulate growth or differentiation of osteoblasts, i.e. fibroblast growth



factor (FGF) (Rodan S.B. et al., Endocrinology vol.121, p1917, 1987), insulin-like growth factor-I (IGF-I) (Hock J.M. et al., Endocrinology vol. 122, p254, 1988), insulin-like growth factor-II (IGF-II) (McCarthy T. et al., Endocrinology vol.124, p301, 1989), Activin A (Centrella M. et al., Mol. Cell, Biol. vol. 11, p250, 1991), Vasculotropin (Varonique M et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. vol. 199, p380, 1994), and bone morphogenetic protein (BMP) (Yamaguchi, A et al., J. Cell Biol. vol. 113, p682, 1991, Sampath T.K. et al., J. Biol Chem. vol.267, p20532, 1992, and Knutsen R. et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. vol.194, p1352, 1993.

On the other hand, cytokines which inhibits differentiation and/or maturation of osteoclasts have been paid attention and have been intensively studied. Transforming growth factor- $\beta$  (Chenu C. et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, vol.85, p5683, 1988) and interleukin-4 (Kasano K. et al., Bone-Miner., vol. 21, p179, 1993) are found to inhibit the differentiation of osteoclasts. Calcitonin (Bone-Miner., vol.17, p347, 1992), Macrophage colony-stimulating factor (Hattersley G. et al. J. Cell. Physiol. vol.137, p199, 1988), interleukin-4 (Watanabe, K. et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. vol. 172, p1035, 1990), and interferon- $\gamma$  (Gowen M. et al., J. Bone Miner. Res., vol.1, p469, 1986) are found to inhibit bone resorption by osteoclasts.

These cytokines are expected to be efficacious drugs for improving bone mass reduction by stimulating bone formation and/or by inhibiting bone resorption. The cytokines such as insulin like growth factor-I and bone morphogenetic proteins are now investigated in clinical trials for their

effects in treatment of patients with bone diseases. Calcitonin is already used as a drug to care osteoporosis and to diminish pain in osteoporosis.

Examples of drugs now clinically utilized for the treatment of bone diseases and for shortening the treatment period are dihydroxyvitamine D<sub>3</sub>, vitamin K<sub>2</sub>, calcitonin and its derivatives, hormones such as estradiol, ipriflavon, and calcium preparations . However, these drugs do not provide satisfactory therapeutic effects, and novel drug substances have been expected to be developed. As mentioned, bone metabolism is controlled in the balance between bone resorption and bone formation. Therefore, cytokines which inhibit osteoclast differentiation and/or maturation are expected to be developed as drugs for the treatment of bone diseases such as osteoporosis.

#### Disclosure of Invention

This invention was initiated from the view point described above. The purpose of this invention is to offer both a novel factor termed osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factor (OCIF) and a procedure to produce the factor efficiently.

The inventors have intensively searched for osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factors in human embryonic fibroblast IMR-90 (ATCC CCL186) conditioned medium and have found a novel osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factor (OCIF) which inhibits differentiation and/or maturation of osteoclasts.

The inventors have established a method for accumulating the protein to a high concentration by culturing IMR-90 cells using alumina ceramic pieces as the cell adherence matrices.

The inventors have also established an efficient method for isolating the protein, OCIF, from the IMR-90 conditioned medium using the following sequential column chromatography, ion-exchange, heparin affinity, cibacron-blue affinity, and reverse phase.

The inventors, based on the amino acid sequence of the purified natural OCIF, successfully cloned a cDNA encoding this protein. The inventors established also a procedure to produce this protein which inhibits differentiation of osteoclasts. This invention concerns a protein which is produced by human lung fibroblast cells, has molecular weights in SDS-PAGE of 60 KD in the reducing conditions and 120 KD under the non-reducing conditions, has affinity for both cation-exchange resins and heparin, reduces its activity to inhibit differentiation and maturation of osteoclasts if treated for 10 minutes at 70 °C or for 30 minutes at 56 °C, and lose its activity to inhibit differentiation and maturation of osteoclasts by the treatment for 10 minutes at 90 °C. The amino acid sequence of the protein OCIF which is described in the present invention is clearly different from any of know factors inhibiting formation of osteoclasts.

The invention includes a method to purify OCIF protein, comprising : (1) culturing human fibroblasts, (2) applying the conditioned medium to a heparin column to obtain the adsorbed fraction, (3) purifying the OCIF protein using a cation-exchange column, (4) purifying the OCIF protein using a heparin affinity column, (5) purifying the OCIF protein using a cibacron blue affinity column, (6) isolating the OCIF protein using reverse-phase column chromatography. Cibacron blue F3GA coupled to a carrier made of synthetic

hydrophilic polymers is an example of materials used to prepare Cibacron blue columns. These columns are conventionally called "blue columns".

The invention includes a method for accumulating the OCIF protein to a high concentration by culturing human fibroblasts using alumina ceramic pieces as the cell-adherence matrices.

Moreover, the inventors determined the amino acid sequences of the peptides derived from OCIF, designed the primers based on these amino acid sequences, and obtained cDNA fragments encoding OCIF from a cDNA library of IMR-90 cells.

#### Detailed description of the invention

The OCIF protein of the present invention can be isolated from human fibroblast conditioned medium with high yield. The procedure to isolate OCIF is based on ordinary techniques for purifying proteins from biomaterials, in accordance with the physical and chemical properties of OCIF protein. For example, concentrating procedure includes ordinary biochemical techniques such as ultrafiltration, lyophilization, and dialysis. Purifying procedure includes combinations of several chromatographic techniques for purifying proteins such as ion-exchange column chromatography, affinity column chromatography, gel filtration column chromatography, hydrophobic column chromatography, reverse phase column chromatography, and preparative gel electrophoresis. The human fibroblast used for production of the OCIF protein is preferably IMR-90. A method for producing the IMR-90 conditioned medium is preferably a process comprising, adhering human embryonic fibroblast IMR-90 cells to alumina

ceramic pieces in roller-bottles, using DMEM medium supplemented with 5 % new born calf serum for the cell culture, and cultivating the cells in roller-bottles for 7 to 10 days by stand cultivation. CHAPS (3-[(3-cholamidopropyl)-dimethylammonio]-1-propanesulfonate) is preferably added to the buffer as a detergent in the purification steps of OCIF protein.

OCIF protein of the instant invention can be initially obtained as a heparin binding basic OCIF fraction by applying the culture medium to a heparin column (Heparin-Sepharose CL-6B, Pharmacia), eluting with 10 mM Tris-HCl buffer, pH 7.5, containing 2 M NaCl, and then by applying the OCIF fraction to a Q<sup>+</sup> anion-exchange column (HiLoad-Q/FF, Pharmacia), and collecting non-adsorbed fraction. OCIF protein can be purified by subjecting the obtained OCIF fraction to purification on a S<sup>+</sup> cation-exchange column (HiLoad-S/FF, Pharmacia). a heparin column (Heparin-5PW, TOSOH), Cibacron Blue column (Blue-5PW, TOSOH), and a reverse-phase column (BU-300 C4, Perkin Elmer) and the material is defined by the previously described properties.

The present invention relates to a method of cloning cDNA encoding the OCIF protein based on the amino acid sequence of natural OCIF and a method of obtaining recombinant OCIF protein that inhibits differentiation and/or maturation of osteoclasts. The OCIF protein is purified according to the method described in the present invention and is treated with endopeptidase (for example, lysylendopeptidase). The amino acid sequences of the peptides produced by the digestion are determined and the mixture of oligonucleotides

that can encode each internal amino acid sequence was synthesized. The OCIF cDNA fragment is obtained by PCR (preferably RT-PCR, reverse transcriptase PCR) using the oligonucleotide mixtures described above as primers. The full length OCIF cDNA encoding the OCIF protein is cloned from a cDNA library using the obtained OCIF DNA fragment as a probe. The OCIF cDNA containing the entire coding region is inserted into an expression vector. The recombinant OCIF can be produced by expressing the OCIF cDNA containing the entire coding region in mammalian cells or bacteria.

The present invention relates to the novel proteins OCIF2, OCIF3, OCIF4, and OCIF5 that are variants of OCIF and have the activity described above. These OCIF variants are obtained from the cDNA library constructed with IMR-90 poly(A) + RNA by hybridization using the OCIF cDNA fragment as a probe. Each of the OCIF variant cDNAs containing the entire coding region is inserted into an expression vector. Each recombinant OCIF variant can be produced by expressing each of the OCIF variant cDNAs containing the entire coding region in the conventional hosts. Each recombinant OCIF variant can be purified according to the method described in this invention. Each recombinant OCIF variant has an ability to inhibit osteoclastogenesis.

The present invention further includes OCIF mutants. They are substitution mutants comprising replacement of one cysteine residue possibly involved in dimer formation with serine residue, and various deletion mutants of OCIF. Substitutions or deletions are introduced into the OCIF cDNA using

polymerase chain reaction (PCR) or by restriction enzyme digestion. Each of these mutated OCIF cDNAs is inserted into a vector containing an appropriate promoter for gene expression. The resultant expression vector for each of the OCIF mutants is transfected into eukaryotic cells such as mammalian cells. Each of OCIF mutants can be obtained and purified from the conditioned media of the transfected cells.

The present invention provides polyclonal antibodies and a method to quantitatively determine OCIF concentration using these polyclonal antibodies.

As antigens (immunogens), natural OCIF obtained from IMR-90 conditioned medium, recombinant OCIF produced by such hosts as microorganisms and eukaryotes using OCIF cDNA, synthetic peptides designed based on the amino acid sequence of OCIF, or peptides obtained from OCIF by partial digestion can be used. Anti-OCIF polyclonal antibodies are obtained by immunizing appropriate mammals with the antigens in combination with adjuvants for immunization if necessary, purifying from the serum by the ordinary purification methods. The anti-OCIF polyclonal antibodies which are labelled with radioisotopes or enzymes can be used in radio-immunoassay (RIA) system or immunoassay (EIA) system. By using these assay systems, the concentrations of OCIF in biological materials such as blood and ascites and cells-culture medium can be easily determined.

The antibodies in the present invention can be used in radio immunoassay (RIA) or enzyme immunoassay (EIA). By using these assay systems, the concentration of OCIF in biological materials such as blood and ascites can

be easily determined.

The present invention provides novel monoclonal antibodies and a method to quantitatively determine OCIF concentration using these monoclonal antibodies.

Anti-OCIF monoclonal antibodies can be produced by the conventional method using OCIF as an antigen. Native OCIF obtained from the culture medium of IMR-90 cells and recombinant OCIF produced by such hosts as microorganisms and eukaryotes using OCIF cDNA can be used as antigens. Alternatively, synthesized peptides designed based on the amino acid sequence of OCIF and peptides obtained from OCIF by partial digestion can be also used as antigens. Immunized lymphocytes obtained by immunization of mammals with the antigen or by an in vitro immunization method were fused with myeloma of mammals to obtain hybridoma. The hybridoma clones secreting antibody which recognizes OCIF were selected from the hybridomas obtained by the cell fusion. The desired antibodies can be obtained by cell culture of the selected hybridoma clones. In preparation of hybridoma, small animals such as mice or rats are generally used for immunization. To immunize, OCIF is suitably diluted with a saline solution (0.15 M NaCl), and is intravenously or intraperitoneally administered with an adjuvant to animals for 2-5 times every 2-20 days. The immunized animal was killed three days after final immunization, the spleen was taken out and the splenocytes were used as immunized B lymphocytes.

Mouse myeloma cell lines for cell fusion with the immunized B lymphocytes include, for example, p3/x63-Ag8, p3-U1, NS-1, MPC-11, SP-2/0, FO, p3x63



Ag8.653, and S194. Rat R-210 cell line may also be used. Human B lymphocytes are immunized by an in vitro immunization method and are fused with human myeloma cell line or EB virus transformed human B lymphocytes which are used as a parent cell line for cell fusion, to produce human type antibody.

Cell fusion of the immunized B lymphocytes and myeloma cell line is carried out principally by the conventional methods. For example, the method of Koehler G. et al. (Nature 256, 495-497, 1975) is generally used, and also an electric pulse method can be applied to cell fusion. The immunized B lymphocytes and transformed B cells are mixed at conventional ratios and a cell culture medium without FBS containing polyethylene glycol is generally used for cell fusion. The B lymphocytes fused with myeloma cell lines are cultured in HAT selection medium containing FBS to select hybridoma.

For screening of hybridoma producing anti-OCIF antibody, EIA, plaque assay, Ouchterlony, or agglutination assay can be principally used. Among them, EIA is simple and easy to operate with sufficient accuracy and is generally used. By EIA using purified OCIF, the desired antibody can be selected easily and accurately. Thus obtained hybridoma can be cultured by the conventional method of cell culture and frozen for stock if necessary. The antibody can be produced by culturing hybridoma using the ordinary cell culture method or by transplanting hybridoma intraperitoneally to animals. The antibody can be purified by the ordinary purification methods such as salt precipitation, gel filtration, and affinity chromatography. The obtained antibody specifically reacts with OCIF and can be used for determination of OCIF concentration and for purification of OCIF. The antibodies of the

present invention recognize epitopes of OCIF and have high affinity to OCIF. Therefore, they can be used for the construction of EIA. By (using) this assay system, the concentration of OCIF in biological materials such as blood and ascites can be easily determined.

The agents used for treating bone diseases that contain OCIF as an effective ingredient are provided by the present invention. Rats were subjected to denervation of left forelimb. Test compounds were administered daily after surgery for 14 days. After 2 weeks treatment, the animals were sacrificed and their forelimbs were dissected. Thereafter bones were tested for mechanical strength by three point bending method. OCIF improved mechanical strength of bone in a dose dependent manner.

The OCIF protein of the invention is useful as a pharmaceutical ingredients for treating or improving decreased bone mass in such as osteoporosis, bone diseases such as rheumatism, osteoarthritis, and abnormal bone metabolism in multiple myeloma. The OCIF protein is also useful as an antigen to establish immunological diagnosis of the diseases. Pharmaceutical preparations containing the OCIF protein as an active ingredients are formulated and can be orally or parenterally administered. The preparation contains the OCIF protein of the present invention as an efficacious ingredient and is safely administered to human and animals. Examples of the pharmaceutical preparations include compositions for injection or intravenous drip, suppositories, nasal preparations, sublingual preparations, and tapes for percutaneous absorption. The pharmaceutical preparation for injection can

be prepared by mixing the pharmacologically efficacious amount of OCIF protein and pharmaceutically acceptable carriers. The carriers are vehicles and/or activators, e.g. amino acids, saccharides, cellulose derivatives, and other organic and inorganic compounds which are generally added to active ingredients. When the OCIF protein is mixed with the vehicles and/or activators to prepare injections, pH adjuster, buffer, stabilizer, solubilizing agent, etc. can be added, if necessary.

#### Brief description of the figures

Figure 1 shows the elution pattern of crude OCIF protein (Hiload-Q/FF pass-through fraction ; sample 3) from a Hiload-S/HP column.

Figure 2 shows the elution pattern of crude OCIF protein (heparin-5PW fraction ; sample 5) from a blue-5PW column.

Figure 3 shows the elution pattern of OCIF protein (blue-5PW fraction 49 to 50) from a reverse-phase column.

Figure 4 shows the SDS-PAGE of isolated OCIF proteins under reducing conditions or non-reducing conditions.

#### Description of the lanes,

lane 1,4 ; molecular weight marker proteins

lane 2,5 ; OCIF protein of peak 6 in figure 3

lane 3,6 ; OCIF protein of peak 7 in figure 3

Figure 5 shows the elution pattern of peptides obtained by the digestion of pyridyl ethylated OCIF protein digested with lysylendopeptidase, on a reverse-phase column.

Figure 6 shows the SDS-PAGE of isolated natural(n) OCIF protein and recombinant(r) OCIF proteins under non-reducing conditions. rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) were produced in 293/EBNA cells and in CHO cells, respectively.

Description of the lanes,

lane 1 ; molecular weight marker proteins

lane 2 ; a monomer type nOCIF protein

lane 3 ; a dimer type nOCIF protein

lane 4 ; a monomer type rOCIF(E) protein

lane 5 ; a dimer type rOCIF(E) protein

lane 6 ; a monomer type rOCIF(C) protein

lane 7 ; a dimer type rOCIF(C) protein

Figure 7 shows the SDS-PAGE of isolated natural(n) OCIF proteins and recombinant (r) OCIF proteins under reducing conditions. rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) were produced in 293/EBNA cells and in CHO cells, respectively.

Description of the lanes,

lane 8 ; molecular weight marker proteins

lane 9 ; a monomer type nOCIF protein

lane 10 ; a dimer type nOCIF protein

lane 11 ; a monomer type rOCIF(E) protein

lane 12 ; a dimer type rOCIF(E) protein

lane 13 ; a monomer type rOCIF(C) protein

lane 14 ; a dimer type rOCIF(C) protein

Figure 8 shows the SDS-PAGE of isolated natural(n) OCIF proteins and recombinant(r) OCIF proteins from which N-linked sugar chains were removed

under reducing conditions. rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) are rOCIF protein produced in 293/EBNA cells and in CHO cells, respectively.

Description of the lanes,

lane 15 ; molecular weight marker proteins

lane 16 ; a monomer type nOCIF protein

lane 17 ; a dimer type nOCIF protein

lane 18 ; a monomer type rOCIF(E) protein

lane 19 ; a dimer type rOCIF(E) protein

lane 20 ; a monomer type rOCIF(C) protein

lane 21 ; a dimer type rOCIF(C) protein

Figure 9 shows comparison of amino acid sequences between OCIF and OCIF2.

Figure 10 shows comparison of amino acid sequences between OCIF and OCIF3.

Figure 11 shows comparison of amino acid sequences between OCIF and OCIF4.

Figure 12 shows comparison of amino acid sequences between OCIF and OCIF5.

Figure 13 shows standard curve for determination of OCIF protein concentration by an EIA employing anti-OCIF polyclonal antibodies.

Figure 14 shows standard curve for determination of OCIF protein concentration by an EIA employing anti-OCIF monoclonal antibodies.

Figure 15 shows the effect of rOCIF protein on osteoporosis.

#### Best Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

The present invention will be further explained by the following examples, however, the scope of the invention is not restricted to the examples.

## EXAMPLE 1

### Preparation of a conditioned medium of human fibroblast IMR-90

Human fetal lung fibroblast IMR-90 (ATCC-CCL186) cells were cultured on alumina ceramic pieces (80 g) (alumina: 99.5%, manufactured by Toshiba Ceramic K.K.) in DMEM medium (manufactured by Gibco BRL Co.) supplemented with 5% CS and 10mM HEPES buffer (500 ml/roller bottle) at 37°C under the presence of 5% CO<sub>2</sub> for 7 to 10 days using 60 roller bottles (490 cm<sup>2</sup>, 110 x 171mm, manufactured by Coning Co.) in static culture. The conditioned medium was harvested, and a fresh medium was added to the roller bottles. About 30L of IMR-90 conditioned medium per batch culture was obtained. The conditioned medium was designated as sample 1.

## EXAMPLE 2

### Assay method for osteoclast development inhibitory activity

Osteoclast development inhibitory activity was assayed by measuring tartrate-resistant acid phosphatase (TRAP) activity according to the methods of M. Kumegawa et.al (Protein • Nucleic Acid • Enzyme, vol.34 p999, 1989) and N. Takahashi et.al (Endocrinology, vol.122, p1373, 1988) with modifications. Briefly, bone marrow cells obtained from 17 day-old mouse were suspended in  $\alpha$ -MEM (manufactured by GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS,  $2 \times 10^{-8}$ M of activated vitamin D<sub>3</sub>, and each test sample, and were inoculated to each well of 96-well plate at a cell density of  $3 \times 10^5$  cells/0.2 ml/well. The plates were incubated for 7 days at 37°C in humidified 5%CO<sub>2</sub>. Cultures were further continued by replacing 0.16 ml of old medium with the same volume of fresh

medium on day 3 and day 5 after starting cultivation. On day 7, after washing the plates with phosphate buffered saline, cells were fixed with ethanol/acetone (1:1) for 1 min. at room temperature, and then osteoclast development was tested by determining for phosphatase activity using a kit (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, Catalog No.387-A, manufactured by Sigma Co.). The decrease of TRAP positive cells was taken as an indication of OCIF activity.

### EXAMPLE 3

#### Purification of OCIF

##### i) Heparin Sepharose CL-6B column chromatography

The 90L of IMR-90 conditioned medium (sample 1) was filtrated with 0.22  $\mu$  membrane filter (hydrophilic Milidisk, 2000  $\text{cm}^2$ , Milipore Co.), and was divided into three portions. Each portion (30 l) was applied to a heparin Sepharose CL-6B column (5 x 4.1 cm, Pharmacia Co.) equilibrated with 10mM Tris-HCl containing 0.3M NaCl, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5 at a flow rate of 500 ml/hr., heparin Sepharose CL-6B adsorbent protein fraction was eluted with 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, containing 2M NaCl. The fraction was designated as sample 2.

##### ii) HiLoad-Q/FF column chromatography

The heparin Sepharose-adsorbent fraction (sample 2) was dialyzed against 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, supplemented with CHAPS to a final concentration of 0.1%, incubated at 4 °C overnight, and divided into two portions. Each

portion was then applied to an anion-exchange column (HiLoad-Q/FF, 2.6 x 10 cm, Pharmacia Co.) which was equilibrated with 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5 to obtain a non-adsorbent fraction (1000 ml). The fraction was designated as sample 3.

iii) HiLoad-S/HP column chromatography

The HiLoad-Q non-adsorbent fraction (sample 3) was applied to a cation-exchange column (HiLoad-S/HP, 2.6 x 10 cm, Pharmacia Co.) which was equilibrated with 50 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 50 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted with linear gradient from 0 to 1 M NaCl at a flow rate of 8 ml/min for 100 min. and fractions (12 ml) were collected. Each ten fractions from number 1 to 40 was pooled to form one portion. Each 100  $\mu$ l of the four portions was tested for OCIF activity. OCIF activity was observed in fractions from 11 to 30 (as shown in Figure 1). The fractions from 21 to 30 which had higher specific activity were collected and was designated as sample 4.

iv) Heparin-5PW affinity column chromatography

One hundred and twenty ml of HiLoad-S fraction from 21 to 30 (sample 4) was diluted with 240 ml of 50 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, and applied to heparin-5PW affinity column (0.8 x 7.5 cm, Tosoh Co.) which was equilibrated with 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted with linear gradient from 0 to 2M NaCl at a flow rate of 0.5ml/min for 60 min. and fractions



(0.5 ml) were collected. Fifty  $\mu$ l was removed from each fraction to test for OCIF activity. The active fractions, eluted with 0.7 to 1.3M NaCl was pooled and was designated as sample 5.

v) Blue 5PW affinity column chromatography

Ten ml of sample 5 was diluted with 190 ml of 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5 and applied to a blue-5PW affinity column, (0.5x5 cm, Tosoh Co.) which was equilibrated with 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 50mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted with a 30 ml linear gradient from 0 to 2M NaCl at a flow rate of 0.5 ml/min., and fractions (0.5 ml) were collected. Using 25  $\mu$ l of each fraction, OCIF activity was evaluated. The fractions number 49 to 70, eluted with 1.0-1.6M NaCl had OCIF activity.

vi) Reverse phase column chromatography

The blue 5PW fraction obtained by collecting fractions from 49 to 50 was acidified with 10  $\mu$ l of 25% TFA and applied to a reverse phase C4 column (BU-300, 2.1x220mm, manufactured by Perkin-Elmer) which was equilibrated with 0.1% of TFA and 25% of acetonitrile. The adsorbed protein was eluted with linear gradient from 25 to 55% acetonitrile at a flow rate of 0.2 ml/min. for 60 min., and each protein peak was collected (Fig.3). One hundred  $\mu$ l of each peak fraction was tested for OCIF activity, and peak 6 and the peak 7 had OCIF activity. The result was shown in Table 1.

Table 1

# OCIF activity eluted from reverse phase C4 column

Sample	Dilution			
	1/40	1/120	1/360	1/1080
Peak 6	++	++	+	-
Peak 7	++	+	-	-

[ ++ means OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development more than 80%, + means OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development between 30% and 80%, and - means no OCIF activity.]

## EXAMPLE 4

### Molecular weight of OCIF protein

The two protein peaks (6 and 7) with OCIF activity were subjected to SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis under reducing and non-reducing conditions. Briefly, 20  $\mu$ l of each peak fraction was concentrated under vacuum and dissolved in 1.5  $\mu$ l of 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 8, 1mM EDTA, 2.5% SDS, 0.01% bromophenol blue, and incubated at 37°C overnight under non-reducing conditions or under reducing conditions (with 5% of 2-mercaptoethanol). Each 1.0  $\mu$ l of sample was then analyzed by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis with a gradient gel of 10-15% acrylamide (Pharmacia Co.) and an electrophoresis-device (Fast System, Pharmacia Co.). The following molecular weight marker proteins were used to calculate molecular weight : phosphorylase b (94 kD), bovine serum albumin (67 kD), ovalbumin (43 kD), carbonic anhydrase (30 kD), trypsin inhibitor (20.0 kD), and lactalbumin (14.4 kD). After

electrophoresis, protein bands were visualized by silver stain using Phast Silver Stain Kit. The results were shown in Fig. 4.

A protein band with an apparent 60 KD was detected in the peak 6 protein under both reducing and non-reducing conditions. A protein band with an apparent 60 KD was detected under reducing conditions and a protein band with an apparent 120 KD was detected under non-reducing conditions in the peak 7 protein. Therefore, the protein of peak 7 was considered to be a homodimer of the protein of peak 6.

#### EXAMPLE 5

##### Thermostability of OCIF

Twenty  $\mu$ l of sample from the blue-5PW fractions 51 and 52 was diluted to 30  $\mu$ l with 10 mM phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.2, and incubated for 10 min. at 70°C or 90 °C, or for 30 min. at 56°C. The heat-treated samples were tested for OCIF activity. The results were shown in Table 2.

Table 2

Thermostability of OCIF

Sample	Dilution		
	1/300	1/900	1/2700
untreated	++	+	-
70°C, 10 min	+	-	-
56°C, 30 min	+	-	-
90°C, 10 min	-	-	-

[ ++ means OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development more than 80%,  
+means OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development between 30% and 80%,  
and - means no OCIF activity.]

#### EXAMPLE 6

##### Internal amino acid sequence of OCIF protein

Each 2 fractions (1 ml) from No. 51-70 of blue-5PW fraction was acidified with 10  $\mu$ l of 25% TFA, and was applied to a reverse phase C4 column (BU-300, 2.1x220mm, manufactured by Perkin-Elmer Co.) equilibrated with 25% of acetonitrile containing 0.1 % TFA. The adsorbed protein was eluted with a 12 ml linear gradient of 25 to 55% acetonitrile at a flow rate of 0.2 ml/min, and the protein fractions corresponding to peak 6 and peak 7 were collected, respectively. The protein of each peak was applied to a protein sequencer (PROCISE 494, Perkin-Elmer Co.). However, the N-terminal sequence of the protein of each peak could not be analyzed. Therefore, N-terminal of the protein of each peak was considered to be blocked. So, internal amino acid sequences of these proteins were analyzed.

The protein of peak 6 or peak 7 purified by C4-HPLC was concentrated by centrifugation and pyridylethylated under reducing conditions. Briefly, 50  $\mu$ l of 0.5 M Tris-HCl, pH 8.5, containing 100  $\mu$ g of dithiothreitol, 10mM EDTA, 7 M guanidine-HCl, and 1% CHAPS was added to each samples, and the mixture was incubated overnight in the dark at a room temperature. Each the mixture was acidified with 25% TFA (a final concentration 0.1%) and was applied to a reversed phase C4 column (BU-300, 2.1x30mm, Perkin-Elmer Co.) equilibrated with 20 % acetonitrile containing 0.1 % TFA. The pyridil-ethylated OCIF

protein was eluted with a 9 ml linear gradient from 20 to 50% acetonitrile at a flow rate of 0.3 ml/min, and each protein peak was collected. The pyridil-ethyrate OCIF protein was concentrated under vacuum, and dissolved in 25  $\mu$ l of 0.1 M Tris-HCl, pH 9, containing 8 M Urea, and 0.1 % Tween 80. Seventy three  $\mu$ l of 0.1 M Tris-HCl, pH 9, and 0.02  $\mu$ g of lysyl endopeptidase (Wako Pure Chemical, Japan) were added to the tube, and incubated at 37 °C for 15 hours. Each digest was acidified with 1  $\mu$ l of 25% TFA and was applied to a reverse phase C8 column (RP-300, 2.1x220mm, Perkin-Elmer Co.) equilibrated with 0.1% TFA.

The peptide fragments were eluted from the column with linear gradient from 0 to 50 % acetonitrile at a flow rate of 0.2 ml/min for 70 min., and each peptide peak was collected. Each peptide fragment (P1 - P3) was applied to the protein sequencer. The sequences of the peptides were shown in Sequence Numbers 1 - 3, respectively.

#### EXAMPLE 7

Determination of nucleotide sequence of the OCIF cDNA

##### i) Isolation of poly(A) + RNA from IMR-90 cells

About 10 ug of poly(A) + RNA was isolated from  $1 \times 10^8$  cells of IMR-90 by using Fast Track mRNA isolation kit (Invitrogen) according to the manufacturer's instructions.

##### ii) Preparation of mixed primers

The following two mixed primers were synthesized based on the amino acid

sequences of two peptides (peptide P2 and peptide P3, sequence numbers 2 and 3, respectively). All the oligonucleotides in the mixed primers No. 2F can code for the amino acid sequence from the sixth residue, glutamine (Gln) to the twelfth residue, leucine (Leu), in peptide P2. All the oligonucleotides in the mixed primers No. 3R can code for the amino acid sequence from the sixth residue, histidine (His), to the twelfth residue, lysine (Lys), in peptide P3. The sequences of the mixed primers No. 2F and No. 3R were shown in Table 3.

Table 3

No. 2F

5'-CAAGAACAAA CTTTCAATT-3'  
 G G G C C GC  
 A  
 G

No. 3R

5'-TTTATACATT GTAAAAGAAT G-3'  
 C G C G GCTG  
 A C  
 G T

iii) Amplification of OCIF cDNA fragment by PCR (Polymerase chain reaction)

First strand cDNA was generated using Superscript II cDNA synthesis kit

(Gibco BRL) and 1 ug of poly(A) + RNA obtained in the example 7-i) according to the manufacturer's instructions. The DNA fragment encoding OCIF was obtained by PCR using the cDNA template and the primers shown in EXAMPLE 7-ii).

PCR was performed with the conditions as follows;

10X Ex Taq Buffer (Takara Shuzo)	5	ul
2.5 mM solution of dNTPs	4	ul
cDNA solution	1	ul
Ex Taq (Takara Shuzo)	0.25	ul
sterile distilled water	29.75	ul
40 uM solution of primers No. 2F	5	ul
40 uM solution of primers No. 3R	5	ul

The components of the reaction were mixed in a microcentrifuge tube. An initial denaturation step at 95 °C for 3 min was followed by 30 cycles of denaturation at 95°C for 30 sec annealing at 50 °C for 30 sec and extension at 70 °C for 2min. After the amplification, final extension step was performed at 70 °C for 5min. The size of PCR products were determined on a 1.5 % agarose gel electrophoresis. About 400 bp OCIF DNA fragment was obtained.

#### EXAMPLE 8

Cloning of the OCIF cDNA fragment amplified by PCR and determination of its DNA sequence

The OCIF cDNA fragment amplified by PCR in EXAMPLE 7-iii) was inserted in the plasmid, pBluescript II SK<sup>-</sup> using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo) according to the method by Marchuk, D. et al. (Nucleic Acids Res., vol 19, p1154, 1991). E.coli. DH5  $\alpha$  (Gibco BRL) was transformed with ligation mixture. The transformants were grown and a plasmid containing the OCIF cDNA (about 400 bp) was purified using the commonly used method. This plasmid was called pBSOCIF. The sequence of OCIF cDNA in pBSOCIF was determined using Taq Dye Deoxy Terminator Cycle Sequencing kit (Perkin Elmer). The size of the OCIF cDNA is 397 bp. The OCIF cDNA encodes an amino acid sequence containing 132 residues. The amino acid sequences of the internal peptides (peptide P2 and peptide P3, sequence number 2 and 3, respectively) that were used to design the primers were found at N- or C- terminal side in the amino acid sequence of the 132 amino acid polypeptide predicted by the 397 bp OCIF cDNA. In addition, the amino acid sequence of the internal peptide P1 (sequence number 1) was also found in the predicted amino acid sequence of the polypeptide. These data show that the 397 bp OCIF cDNA is a portion of the full length OCIF cDNA.

#### EXAMPLE 9

##### Preparation of the DNA probe

The 397 bp OCIF cDNA was prepared according to the conditions described in EXAMPLE 7-iii). The OCIF cDNA was subjected to a preparative agarose gel electrophoresis. The OCIF cDNA was purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN), labeled with [ $\alpha$ <sup>32</sup>P]dCTP using Megaprime DNA labeling



system (Amersham) and used to select a phage containing the full length OCIF cDNA.

#### EXAMPLE 10

##### Preparation of the cDNA library

cDNA was generated using Great Lengths cDNA synthesis kit (Clontech), oligo (dT) primer, [ $\alpha^{32}\text{P}$ ]dCTP and 2.5 ug of poly(A) + RNA obtained in the example 7-i) according to the manufacturer's instructions. EcoRI-SalI-NotI adaptor was ligated to the cDNA. The cDNA was separated from the free adaptor and unincorporated free [ $\alpha^{32}\text{P}$ ]dCTP. The purified cDNA was precipitated with ethanol and dissolved in 10 ul of TE buffer (10 mMTris-HCl (pH8.0), 1 mM EDTA). The cDNA with the adaptor was inserted in  $\lambda$  ZAP EXPRESS vector (Stratagene) at EcoRI site. The recombinant  $\lambda$  ZAP EXPRESS phage DNA containing the cDNA was in vitro packaged using Gigapack gold II packaging extract (Stratagene) and recombinant  $\lambda$  ZAP EXPRESS phage library was prepared.

#### EXAMPLE 11

##### Screening of recombinant phage

Recombinant phages obtained in EXAMPLE 10 were infected to E. Coli, XL1-Blue MRF' (Stratagene) at 37 °C for 15 min.. The infected E.coli cells were added to NZY medium containing 0.7 % agar at 50°C and plated on the NZY agar plates. After the plates were incubated at 37 °C overnight, Hybond N (Amersham) were placed on the surface of plates containing plaques. The membranes were denatured in the alkali solution, neutralized, and washed in

2xSSC according to the standard protocol. The phage DNA was immobilized on the membranes using UV Crosslink (Stratagene). The membranes were incubated in the hybridization buffer (Amersham) containing 100  $\mu$ g/ml salmon sperm DNA at 65°C for 4 hours and then incubated at 65 °C overnight in the same buffer containing  $2 \times 10^5$  cpm/ml denatured OCIF DNA probe. The membranes were washed twice with 2xSSC and twice with a solution containing 0.1xSSC and 0.1 % SDS at 65 °C for 10 min each time. The positive clones were purified by repeating the screening twice. The purified  $\lambda$  ZAP EXPRESS phage clone containing about 1.6 kb DNA insert was used in the experiments described below. This phage was called  $\lambda$  OCIF. The purified  $\lambda$  OCIF and the infected into E. Coli XL1-Blue MRF' (Stratagene) according to a protocol of  $\lambda$  ZAP EXPRESS cloning kit (Stratagene). The culture broth of infected XL1-Blue MRF' was prepared. Purified 10CIF and ExAssist helper phage (Stratagene) were co-infected into E. coli strain XL-1 blue MRF' according to the protocol supplied with the kit. The culture broth of the co-infected XL-1 blue MRF' was added to a culture of E. coli strain XLOR (Stratagene) to transform them. Thus we obtained a Kanamycin-resistant transformant harboring a plasmid designated pBKOCIF which is a pBKCMV (Stratagene) vector containing the 1.6 kb insert fragment. The transformant including the plasmid containing about 1.6 kb OCIF cDNA was obtained by picking up the kanamycin-resistant colonies. The plasmid was called pBKOCIF. The transformant has been deposited to National Institute of Bioscience and Human-Technology (NIBH), Agency of Industrial Science and Technology as "FERM BP-5267" as pBK/O1F10. A national deposit (Accession number, FERM P-14998) was transferred to the international deposit, on October 25, 1995

according to the Budapest treaty. The transformant pBK/01F10 was grown and the plasmid pBKOCIF was purified according to the standard protocol.

#### EXAMPLE 12

Determination of the nucleotide sequence of OCIF cDNA containing the full coding region.

The nucleotide sequence of OCIF cDNA obtained in EXAMPLE 11 was determined using Taq Dye Deoxy Terminator Cycle Sequencing kit (Perkin Elmer). The primers used were T3, T7 primers (Stratagene) and synthetic primers designed according to the OCIF cDNA sequence. The sequences of these primers are shown in sequence numbers 16 to 29. The nucleotide sequence of the OCIF cDNA is shown in sequence number 6 and the amino acid sequence predicted by the cDNA sequence is shown in sequence number 5.

#### EXAMPLE 13

Production of recombinant OCIF by 293/EBNA cells

##### i) Construction of the plasmid for expressing OCIF cDNA

pBKOCIF containing about 1.6 kb OCIF cDNA was prepared as described in EXAMPLE 11, and digested with restriction enzymes, BamHI and XhoI. The OCIF cDNA insert was cut out, separated by an agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The purified OCIF cDNA insert was ligated using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo) to the expression vector pCEP4 (Invitrogen) digested with restriction enzymes, BamHI and XhoI. E. coli. DH5  $\alpha$  (Gibco BRL) was transformed with the ligation mixture.

The transformants were grown and the plasmid containing the OCIF cDNA (about 1.6 kb) was purified using QIAGEN column (QIAGEN). The expression plasmid pCEPOCIF was precipitated with ethanol, and dissolved in sterile distilled water was used in the experiments described below.

ii) Transient expression of OCIF cDNA and analysis of the biological activity

Recombinant OCIF was produced using the expression plasmid, pCEPOCIF prepared in EXAMPLE 13-i) according to the method described below.  $8 \times 10^5$  cells of 293/EBNA (Invitrogen) were inoculated in each well of the 6-well plate using IMDM containing 10 % fetal calf serum (Gibco BRL). After the cells were incubated for 24 hours, the culture medium was removed and the cells were washed with serum free IMDM. The expression plasmid, pCEPOCIF and lipofectamine (Gibco BRL) were diluted with OPTI-MEM (Gibco BRL) and were mixed, and added to the cells in each well according to the manufacture's instructions. Three  $\mu\text{g}$  of pCEPOCIF and 12  $\mu\text{l}$  of lipofectamine were used for each transfection. After the cells were incubated with pCEPOCIF and lipofectamine for 38 hours, the medium was replaced with 1 ml of OPTI-MEM. After the transfected cells were incubated for 30 hours, the conditioned medium was harvested and used for the biological assay. The biological activity of OCIF was analysed according to the method described below. Bone marrow cells obtained from mice, 17 days-old, were suspended in  $\alpha$ -MEM (manufactured by GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS,  $2 \times 10^{-8}\text{M}$  activated vitamin  $\text{D}_3$  and each test sample, and were inoculated and cultured for 7 days at  $37^\circ\text{C}$  in humidified 5% $\text{CO}_2$  as described in EXAMPLE 2. During incubation, 160

$\mu$ l of old medium in each well was replaced with the same volume of the fresh medium containing test sample diluted with  $1 \times 10^{-8}$ M of activated vitamin D<sub>3</sub> and  $\alpha$ -MEM containing FBS on day 3 and day 5. On day 7, after washing the wells with phosphate buffered saline, cells were fixed with ethanol/acetone (1:1) for 1 min. and then osteoclast development was tested using acid phosphatase activity measuring kit (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, Catalog No.387-A, Sigma Co.). The decrease of the number of TRAP positive cells was taken as an OCIF activity. As result, the conditioned medium showed the same OCIF activity as natural OCIF protein from IMR-90 conditioned medium (Table 4).

Table 4

OCIF activity of 293/EBNA conditioned medium.

Cultured Cell	Dilution						
	1/20	1/40	1/80	1/160	1/320	1/640	1/1280
OCIF expression							
vector transfected	++	++	++	++	++	+	-
vector transfected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
untreated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

[ ++ ; OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development more than 80%, + ; OCIF activity inhibiting osteoclast development between 30% and 80%, and - ; no

OCIF activity. ]

iii) Isolation of recombinant OCIF protein from 293/EBNA-conditioned medium

293/EBNA-conditioned medium (1.8 l) obtained by cultivating the cells described in example 13-ii) was supplemented with 0.1 % of CHAPS and filtrated with 0.22  $\mu$ m membrane filter (Steribecs GS, Milipore Co.). The conditioned medium was applied to 50 ml of a heparin Sepharose CL-6B column (2.6 x 10 cm, Pharmacia Co.) equilibrated with 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted from the column with linear gradient from 0 to 2 M NaCl at a flow rate of 4 ml/min for 100 min. and fractions (8 ml) were collected. Using 150  $\mu$ l of each fraction, OCIF activity was assayed according to the method described in EXAMPLE 2. OCIF active fraction (112 ml) eluted with approximately 0.6 to 1.2 M NaCl was obtained.

One hundred twelve ml of the active fraction was diluted to 1000 ml with 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, and applied to a heparin affinity column (heparin-5PW, 0.8 x 7.5 cm, Tosoh Co.) equilibrated with 10mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 10mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted from the column with linear gradient from 0 to 2 M NaCl at a flow rate of 0.5ml/min for 60 min., and fractions (0.5 ml) were collected. Four  $\mu$ l of each fraction was analyzed by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis under reducing and non-reducing conditions as described in EXAMPLE 4. On SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, a single band of rOCIF protein with an apparent 60 KD was detected in fractions from 30 to 32, under

non-reducing conditions, bands of rOCIF protein with an apparent 60 KD and 120 KD were also detected in fractions from 30 to 32. The isolated rOCIF fraction from 30 to 32 was designated as recombinant OCIF derived from 293/EBNA (rOCIF(E)). 1.5 ml of the rOCIF(E) (535  $\mu$ g/ml) was obtained when determined by the method of Lowry using bovine serum albumin as a standard protein.

#### EXAMPLE 14

##### Production of recombinant OCIF using CHO cells

##### i) Construction of the plasmid for expressing OCIF

pBKOCIF containing about 1.6 kb OCIF cDNA was prepared as described in EXAMPLE 11, and digested with restriction enzymes, SalI and EcoRV. About 1.4 kb OCIF cDNA insert was separated by an agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The expression vector, pcDL-SR  $\alpha$  296 (Molecular and Cellular Biology, vol 8, p466, 1988) was digested with restriction enzymes, PstI and KpnI. About 3.4 kb of the expression vector fragment was cut out, separated by agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The ends of the purified OCIF cDNA insert and the expression vector fragment were blunted using DNA blunting kit (Takara Shuzo). The purified OCIF cDNA insert and the expression vector fragment were ligated using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo). E.coli. DH5a  $\alpha$  (Gibco BRL) was transformed with the ligation mixture. The transformant containing the OCIF expression plasmid, pSR $\alpha$ OCIF was obtained.

ii) Preparation of expression plasmid

The transformant containing the OCIF expression plasmid, pSR  $\alpha$ OCIF prepared in the example 13-i) and the transformant containing the mouse DHFR expression plasmid, pBAdDSV shown in W092/01053 were grown according to the standard method. Both plasmids were purified by alkali treatment, polyethylene glycol precipitation, and cesium chrolide density gradient ultra centrifugation according to method of Maniatis et al. (Molecular cloning, 2nd edition).

iii) Adaptation of CHOdhFr<sup>-</sup> cells to the protein free medium

CHOdhFr<sup>-</sup> cells (ATCC, CRL 9096) were cultured in IMDM containing 10 % fetal calf serum. The cells were adapted to EX-CELL 301 (JRH Bioscience) and then adapted to EX-CELL PF CHO (JRH Bioscience) according to the manufacture's instructions.

iv) Transfection of the OCIF expression plasmid, and the mouse DHFR expression plasmid, to CHOdhFr<sup>-</sup> cells.

CHOdhFr<sup>-</sup> cells prepared in EXAMPLE 14-iii) were transfected by electroporation with pSR $\alpha$ OCIF and pBAdDSV prepared in EXAMPLE 14-ii).

200  $\mu$ g of pSR $\alpha$ OCIF and 20  $\mu$ g of pBAdDSV were dissolved under sterile conditions in 0.8 ml of IMDM (Gibco BRL) containing 10 % fetal calf serum CG.  $2 \times 10^7$  cells of CHOdhFr<sup>-</sup> were suspended in 0.8 ml of this medium. The cell suspension was transfered to a cuvette (Bio Rad) and the cells were transfected by electroporation using gene pulser (Bio Rad) under condition of



360 V and 960  $\mu$ F. The suspension of electroporated cells was transferred to T-flasks (Sumitomo Bakelite) containing 10 ml of EX-CELL PF-CHO, and incubated in the CO<sub>2</sub> incubator for 2 days. Then the transfected cells were inoculated in each well of a 96 well plate (Sumitomo Bakelite) at a density of 5000 cells/well and cultured for about 2 weeks. The transformants expressing DHFR are selected since EX-CELL PF-CHO does not contain nucleotides and the parental cell line CHO dhFr<sup>-</sup> can not grow in this medium. Most of the transformants expressing DHFR express OCIF since the OCIF expression plasmid was used ten times as much as the mouse DHFR expression plasmid. The transformants whose conditioned medium had high OCIF activity were selected among the transformants expressing DHFR according to the method described in EXAMPLE 2. The transformants that express large amounts of OCIF were cloned by limiting dilution. The clones whose conditioned medium had high OCIF activity were selected as described above and the transformant expressing large amount of OCIF, 5561, was obtained.

v) Production of recombinant OCIF

To produce recombinant OCIF (rOCIF), EX-CELL 301 medium (3 l) in a 3 l-spiner flask was inoculated with the clone (5561) at a cell-density of  $1 \times 10^5$  cells/ml. The 5561 cells were cultured in a spiner flask at 37°C for 4 to 5 days. When the concentration of the 5561 cells reached to  $1 \times 10^6$  cells/ml, about 2.7 l of the conditioned medium was harvested. Then about 2.7 l of EX-CELL 301 was added to the spiner flask and the 5561 cells were cultured repeatedly. About 20 l of the conditioned medium was harvested using the three spiner

flasks.

vi) Isolation of recombinant OCIF protein from CHO cells-conditioned medium

CHO cells-conditioned medium (1.0 l) described in EXAMPL 14-v) was supplemented with 1.0 g of CHAPS and filtrated with 0.22  $\mu$ m membrane filter (Steribecks GS, Milipore Co.). The conditioned medium was applied to a heparin Sepharose-FF column (2.6 x 10 cm, Pharmacia Co.) equilibrated with 10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1 % CHAPS, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted from the column with linear gradient from 0 to 2 M NaCl at a flow rate of 4 ml/min for 100 min. and fractions (8 ml) were collected. Using 150  $\mu$ l of each fraction, OCIF activity was assayed according to the method described in EXAMPLE 2. Active fraction (112 ml) eluted with approximately 0.6 to 1.2 M NaCl was obtained.

The 112 ml of active fraction was diluted to 1200 ml with 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, and applied to a affinity column (blue-5PW, 0.5 x 5.0 cm, Tosoh Co.) equilibrated with 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5. After washing the column with 10 mM Tris-HCl, 0.1% CHAPS, pH 7.5, the adsorbed protein was eluted from the column with linear gradient from 0 to 3 M NaCl at a flow rate of 0.5ml/min for 60 min., and fractions (0.5 ml) were collected. Four  $\mu$ l of each fraction was subjected to SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis under reducing and non-reducing conditions as described in EXAMPLE 4. On SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, a single band of rOCIF protein with apparent 60 KD was detected in fractions 30 to 38, under non-reducing conditions, bands of rOCIF protein with apparent 60 KD and 120 KD were also detected in fractions

30 to 38. The isolated rOCIF fraction, 30 to 38, was designated as purified recombinant OCIF derived from CHO cells (rOCIF(C)). 4.5 ml of the rOCIF(C) (113  $\mu$ g/ml) was obtained when determined by the method of Lowry using bovine serum albumin as a standard protein.

66E330 E308E60

#### EXAMPLE 15

##### Determination of N-terminal amino acid sequence of rOCIFs

Each 3  $\mu$ g of the isolated rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) was adsorbed to polyvinylidene difluoride (PVDF) membranes with Prospin (PERKIN ELMER Co.). The membranes were washed with 20 % ethanol and the N-terminal amino acid sequences of the adsorbed proteins were analyzed by protein sequencer (PROCISE 492, PERKIN ELMER Co.). The determined N-terminal amino acid sequence is shown in sequence No. 7.

The N-terminal amino acid of rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) was the 22th amino acid of glutamine from Met as translation starting point, as shown in sequence number 5. The 21 amino acids from Met to Gln were identified as a signal peptide. The N-terminal amino acid sequence of OCIF isolated from IMR-90 conditioned medium was undetectable. Accordingly, the N-terminal glutamine of OCIF may be blocked by converting from glutamine to pyroglutamine within culturing or purifying.

#### EXAMPLE 16

##### Biological activity of recombinant(r) OCIF and natural(n) OCIF

i) Inhibition of vitamin D<sub>3</sub> induced osteoclast formation from murine bone marrow cells

Each the rOCIF(E) and nOCIF sample was diluted with  $\alpha$ -MEM (GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS and  $2 \times 10^{-8}$ M of activated vitamin D<sub>3</sub> (a final concentration of 250 ng/ml). Each sample was serially diluted with the same medium, and 100  $\mu$ l of each diluted sample was added to each well in 96-well

plates. Bone marrow cells obtained from mice, 17 days-old, were inoculated at a cell density of  $3 \times 10^5$  cells/ $100 \mu\text{l}$  well to each well in 96-well plates and cultured for 7 days at  $37^\circ\text{C}$  in humidified  $5\%\text{CO}_2$ . On day 7, the cells were fixed and stained with a acid phosphatase measuring kit (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, No387-A, Sigma) according to the method described in EXAMPLE 2. The decrease of acid phosphatase activity (TRAP) was taken as OCIF activity. The decrease of acid phosphatase-positive cells was evaluated by solubilizing the pigment of dye and measuring absorbance. In detail,  $100 \mu\text{l}$  of a mixture of  $0.1 \text{ N NaOH}$  and dimethylsulfoxide (1:1) was added to each well and the well was vibrated to solubilize the dye. After solubilizing the dye completely, an absorbance of each well was measured at  $590 \text{ nm}$  subtracting the absorbance at  $490 \text{ nm}$  using microplate reader (Immunoreader NJ-2000, InterMed). The microplate reader was adjusted to 0 absorbance using a well with monolayered bone marrow cells which was cultured in the medium without activated vitamin  $\text{D}_3$ . The decrease of TRAP activity was expressed as a percentage of the control absorbance value (=100%) of the solubilized dye from wells with bone marrow cells which were cultured in the absence of OCIF. The results are shown in Table 5.

Table 5

Inhibition of vitamin  $\text{D}_3$ -induced osteoclast formation from murine bone marrow cells

OCIF concentration (ng/ml)	250	125	63	31	16	0
rOCIF (E)	0	0	3	62	80	100

Both nOCIF and rOCIF(E) inhibited osteoclast formation in a dose dependent manner in the concentration of 16 ng/ml or higher

ii) Inhibition of vitamin D3-induced osteoclast formation in co-cultures of stromal cells and mouse spleen cells.

Effect of OCIF on osteoclast formation induced by Vitamin D<sub>3</sub> in co-cultures of stromal cells and mouse spleen cells was tested according to the method of N. Udagawa et al. (Endocrinology, vol. 125, p1805-1813, 1989). In detail, each of rOCIF(E), rOCIF(C), and nOCIF sample was serially diluted with  $\alpha$ -MEM (GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS,  $2 \times 10^{-8}$  M of activated vitamin D<sub>3</sub>, and  $2 \times 10^{-7}$  M dexamethasone, and 100  $\mu$ l of each the diluted samples was added to each well in 96 well-microwell plates. Murine bone marrow-derived stromal ST2 cells (RIKEN Cell Bank RCB0224) ;  $5 \times 10^3$  cells per 100  $\mu$ l of  $\alpha$ -MEM containing 10% FBS, and spleen cells from ddy mice, 8 weeks-old, ;  $1 \times 10^5$  cells per 100  $\mu$ l in the same medium, were inoculated to each well in 96-well plates and cultured for 5 days at 37°C in humidified 5%CO<sub>2</sub>. On day 5, the cells were fixed and stained with a kit for acid phosphatase (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, No387-A, Sigma). The decrease of acid phosphatase-positive cells was taken as OCIF activity. The decrease of acid phosphatase-positive cells was evaluated according to the method described in EXAMPLE 16-i). The results are shown in Table 6 ; rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C), and Table 7 ; rOCIF(E) and nOCIF.

Table 6

Inhibition of osteoclast formation in co-cultures of stromal cells and mouse spleen cells.

OCIF concentration(ng/ml)	50	25	13	6	0
rOCIF(E)	3	22	83	80	100
rOCIF(C)	13	19	70	96	100 (%)

Table 7

Inhibition of osteoclast formation in co-cultures of stromal cells and mouse spleen cells.

OCIF concentration(ng/ml)	250	63	16	0
rOCIF(E)	7	27	37	100
rOCIF(C)	13	23	40	100 (%)

nOCIF, rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) inhibited osteoclast formation in a dose dependent manner in the concentration of 6 - 16 ng/ml or higher

iii) Inhibition of PTH-induced osteoclast formation from murine bone marrow cells.

Effect of OCIF on osteoclast formation induced by PTH was tested according to the method of N. Takahashi et al. (Endocrinology, vol. 122,

p1373-1382, 1988). In detail, each the rOCIF(E) and nOCIF sample (125 ng/ml) was serially diluted with  $\alpha$ -MEM (manufactured by GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS and  $2 \times 10^{-8}$  M PTH, and 100  $\mu$ l of each the diluted samples was added to 96 well-plates. Bone marrow cells from ddy mice, 17 days-old, at a cell density of  $3 \times 10^5$  cells per 100  $\mu$ l of  $\alpha$ -MEM containing 10% FBS were inoculated to each well in 96-wells plates and cultured for 5 days at 37°C in humidified 5%CO<sub>2</sub>. On day 5, the cells were fixed with ethanol/acetone (1:1) for 1 min. at room temperature and stained with a kit for acid phosphatase (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, No387-A, Sigma) according to the method described in EXAMPLE 2. The decrease of acid phosphatase-positive cells was taken as OCIF activity. The decrease of acid phosphatase-positive cells was evaluated according to the method described in EXAMPLE 16-i). The results are shown in Table 8.

Table 8

Inhibition of PTH-induced osteoclast formation from murine bone marrow cells.

OCIF concentration (ng/ml)	125	63	31	16	8	0
rOCIF(E)	6	58	58	53	88	100
nOCIF	18	47	53	56	91	100

nOCIF and rOCIF(E) inhibited osteoclast formation in a dose dependent manner in the concentration of 16 ng/ml or higher

iv) Inhibition of IL-11-induced osteoclast formation



Effect of OCIF on osteoclast formation induced by IL-11 was tested according to the method of T. Tamura et al. (Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, vol. 90, p11924-11928, 1993). In detail, each rOCIF(E) and nOCIF sample was serially diluted with  $\alpha$ -MEM (GIBCO BRL Co.) containing 10% FBS and 20 ng/ml IL-11 and 100  $\mu$ l of each the diluted sample was added to each well in 96-well plates. Newborn mouse calvaria-derived pre-adipocyte MC3T3-G2/PA6 cells (RIKEN Cell Bank RCB1127) ; 5x10<sup>3</sup> cells per 100  $\mu$ l of  $\alpha$ -MEM containing 10% FBS, and spleen cells from ddy mouse, 8 weeks-old, ; 1x10<sup>5</sup> cells per 100  $\mu$ l in the same medium, were inoculated to each well in 96-well plates and cultured for 5 days at 37 °C in humidified 5%CO<sub>2</sub>. On day 5, the cells were fixed and stained with a kit for acid phosphatase (Acid Phosphatase, Leucocyte, No387-A, Sigma). Acid phosphatase positive cells were counted under microscope and a decrease of the cell numbers was taken as OCIF activity. The results are shown in Table 9.

Table 9

OCIF concentration(ng/ml)	500	125	31	7.8	2.0	0.5	0
nOCIF	0	0	1	4	13	49	31
rOCIF(E)	0	0	1	3	10	37	31

Both nOCIF and rOCIF(E) inhibited osteoclast formation in a dose dependent manner in the concentration of 2 ng/ml or higher

The results shown in Table 4-8 indicated that OCIF inhibits all the

vitamin D<sub>3</sub>, PTH, and IL-11-induced osteoclast formations at almost the same doses. Accordingly, OCIF would be able to be used for treatment of the different types of bone disorders with decreased bone mass, which are caused by different substances which induce bone resorption.

#### EXAMPLE 17

##### Isolation of monomer-type OCIF and dimer-type OCIF

Each rOCIF(E) and rOCIF(C) sample containing 100  $\mu$ g of OCIF protein, was supplemented with 1/100 volume of 25 % trifluoro acetic acid and applied to a reverse phase column (PROTEIN-RP, 2.0x250 mm, YMC Co.) equilibrated with 30 % acetonitrile containing 0.1 % trifluoro acetic acid. OCIF protein was eluted from the column with linear gradient from 30 to 55 % acetonitrile at a flow rate of 0.2 ml/min for 50 min. and each OCIF peak was collected. Each the monomer-type OCIF peak fraction and dimer-type OCIF peak fraction was lyophilized, respectively.

#### EXAMPLE 18

##### Determination of molecular weight of recombinant OCIFs

Each 1  $\mu$ g of the isolated monomer-type and dimer-type nOCIF purified using reverse phase column according to EXAMPLE 3-iv) and each 1  $\mu$ g of monomer-type and dimer-type rOCIF described in EXAMPLE 17 was concentrated under vacuum, respectively. Each sample was incubated in the buffer for SDS-PAGE, subjected to SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, and protein bands on the gel were stained with silver according to the method described in

EXAMPLE 4. Results of electrophoresis under non-reducing conditions and reducing conditions are shown in Figure 6 and Figure 7.

A protein band with an apparent molecular weight of 60 KD was detected in each monomer-type OCIF sample, and a protein band with an apparent molecular weight of 120 KD was detected in each dimer-type OCIF sample in non-reducing conditions. A protein band with an apparent molecular weight of 60 KD was detected in each monomer-type OCIF sample under reducing conditions. Accordingly, molecular weights of monomer-type nOCIF from IMR-90 cells, rOCIF from 293/EBNA cells and rOCIF from CHO cells were almost the same. Molecular weights of dimer-type nOCIF from IMR-90 cells, rOCIF from 293/EBNA cells, and rOCIF from CHO cells were also the same.

#### EXAMPLE 19

Remove N-linked Oligosaccharide chain and Mesuring molecular weight of natural and recombinant OCIF

Each sample containing 5  $\mu$ g of the isolated monomer-type and dimer-type nOCIF purified using reverse phase column according to EXAMPLE 3-iv) and each sample containing 5  $\mu$ g of monomer-type and dimer-type rOCIF described in EXAMPLE 17 were concentrated under vaccum. Each sample was dissolved in 9.5  $\mu$ l of 50 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 8.6, containing 100 mM 2-mercaptoethanol, supplemented with 0.5  $\mu$ l of 250 U/ml N-glycanase (Seikagaku kogyo Co.) and incubated for one day at 37 °C. Each sample was supplemented with 10  $\mu$ l of 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0 containing 2 mM EDTA, 5 % SDS, and 0.02 % bromo-phenol blue and heated for 5 min at 100 °C. Each 1  $\mu$ l

of the samples was subjected to SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, and protein bands on the gel were stained with silver as described in EXAMPLE 4. The patterns of electrophoresis are shown in Figure 8.

An apparent molecular weight of each the deglycosylated nOCIF from IMR-90 cells, rOCIF from CHO cells, and rOCIF from 293/EBNA cells was 40 KD under reducing conditions. An apparent molecular weight of each untreated nOCIF from IMR-90 cells, rOCIF from 293/EBNA cells, and rOCIF from CHO cells was 60 KD under reducing conditions. Accordingly, the results indicate that the OCIF proteins are glycoproteins with N-linked sugar chains.

## EXAMPLE 20

### Cloning of OCIF variant cDNAs and determination of their DNA sequences

The plasmid pBKOCIF, which is inserted OCIF cDNA to pBKCMV (Stratagene), was obtained from one of some purified positive phage as in example 10 and 11. And more, during the screening of the cDNA library with the 397 bp OCIF cDNA probe, the transformants containing plasmids whose insert sizes were different from that of pBKOCIF were obtained. These transformants containing the plasmids were grown and the plasmids were purified according to the standard method. The sequence of the insert DNA in each plasmid was determined using Taq Dye Deoxy Terminator Cycle Sequencing kit (Perkin Elmer). The used primers were T3, T7 primers (Stratagene) and synthetic primers prepared based on the nucleotide sequence of OCIF cDNA. There are four OCIF variants (OCIF2, 3, 4, and 5) in addition to OCIF. The nucleotide sequence of OCIF2 is shown in the sequence number 8 and the amino acid sequence of OCIF 2 predicted by the nucleotide sequence is shown in the sequence number 9. The nucleotide sequence of OCIF3 is shown in the sequence number 10 and the amino acid sequence of OCIF3 predicted by the nucleotide sequence is shown in the sequence number 11. The nucleotide sequence of OCIF4 is shown in the sequence number 12 and the amino acid sequence of OCIF4 predicted by the nucleotide sequence is shown in the sequence number 13. The nucleotide sequence of OCIF5 is shown in the sequence number 14 and the amino acid sequence of OCIF5 predicted by the nucleotide sequence is shown in the sequence number 15. The structures of OCIF variants are shown in Figures 9 to 12 and are described in brief below.

OCIF2

OCIF2 cDNA has a deletion of 21 bp from guanine at nucleotide number 265 to guanine at nucleotide number 285 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6). Accordingly OCIF2 has a deletion of 7 amino acids from glutamic acid (Glu) at amino acid number 68 to glutamine (Gln) at amino acid number 74 in OCIF (sequence number 5).

#### OCIF3

OCIF3 cDNA has a point mutation at nucleotide number 9 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6) where cytidine is replaced with guanine. Accordingly OCIF3 has a mutation and asparagine (Asn) at amino acid number -19 in OCIF (sequence number 5) is replaced with lysine (Lys). The mutation seems to be located in the signal sequence and have no essential effect on the secreted OCIF3. OCIF3 cDNA has a deletion of 117 bp from guanine at nucleotide number 872 to cytidine at nucleotide number 988 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6).

Accordingly OCIF3 has a deletion of 39 amino acids from threonine (Thr) at amino acid number 270 to leucine (Leu) at amino acid number 308 in OCIF (sequence number 5).

#### OCIF4

OCIF4 cDNA has two point mutations in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6). Cytidine at nucleotide number 9 is replaced with guanine and guanine at nucleotide number 22 is replaced with thymidine in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6).

Accordingly OCIF4 has two mutations. Asparagine (Asn) at amino acid number -19 in OCIF (sequence number 5) is replaced with lysine (Lys), and alanine (Ala)

at amino acid number -14 is replaced with serine (Ser). These mutations seem to be located in the signal sequence and have no essential effect on the secreted OCIF4.

OCIF4 cDNA has about 4 kb DNA, which is the intron 2 of OCIF gene, inserted between nucleotide number 400 and nucleotide number 401 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6). The open reading frame stops in intron 2.

Accordingly OCIF4 has an additional novel amino acid sequence containing 21 amino acids after alanine (Ala) at amino acid number 112 in OCIF (sequence number 5).

#### OCIF5

OCIF5 cDNA has a point mutation at nucleotide number 9 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6) where cytidine is replaced with guanine.

Accordingly OCIF5 has a mutation and asparagine (Asn) at amino acid number -19 in OCIF (sequence number 5) is replaced with lysine (Lys). The mutation seems to be located in the signal sequence and have no essential effect on the secreted OCIF5.

OCIF5 cDNA has the latter portion (about 1.8 kb) of intron 2 between nucleotide number 400 and nucleotide number 401 in OCIF cDNA (sequence number 6). The open reading frame stops in the latter portion of intron 2.

Accordingly OCIF5 has an additional novel amino acid sequence containing 12 amino acids after alanine (Ala) at amino acid number 112 in OCIF (sequence number 5).

#### EXAMPLE 21

## Production of OCIF variants

### i) Construction of the plasmid for expressing OCIF variants

The plasmid containing OCIF2 or OCIF3 cDNA was obtained as described in EXAMPLE 20 and called pBKOCIF2 and pBKOCIF3, respectively. pBKOCIF2 and pBKOCIF3 were digested with restriction enzymes, BamHI and XhoI. The OCIF2 and OCIF3 cDNA inserts were separated by agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The purified OCIF2 and OCIF3 cDNA inserts were individually ligated using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo) to the expression vector pCEP4 (Invitrogen) that had been digested with restriction enzymes, BamHI and XhoI. E.coli. DH5  $\alpha$  (Gibco BRL) was transformed with the ligation mixture.

The plasmid containing OCIF4 cDNA was obtained as described in EXAMPLE 20 and called pBKOCIF4. pBKOCIF4 was digested with restriction enzymes, SpeI and XhoI (Takara Shuzo). The OCIF4 cDNA insert was separated by an agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The purified OCIF4 cDNA insert was ligated using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo) to the expression vector pCEP4 (Invitrogen) that had been digested with restriction enzymes, NheI and XhoI (Takara Shuzo). E.coli. DH5  $\alpha$  (Gibco BRL) was transformed with the ligation mixture.

The plasmid containing OCIF5 cDNA was obtained as described in EXAMPLE 20 and was called pBKOCIF5. pBKOCIF5 was digested with restriction enzyme, HindIII (Takara Shuzo). The 5' portion of the coding region in the OCIF5 cDNA insert was separated by agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The OCIF expression plasmid, pCEPOCIF,



obtained in EXAMPLE 13-i) was digested with restriction enzyme, HindIII (Takara Shuzo). The 5' portion of the coding region in the OCIF cDNA was removed. The rest of the plasmid that contains pCEP vector and the 3' portion of the coding region of OCIF cDNA was called pCEPOCIF-3'. pCEPOCIF-3' was separated by an agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The OCIF5 cDNA HindIII fragment and pCEPOCIF-3' were ligated using DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo). E.coli. DH5  $\alpha$  (Gibco BRL) was transformed with the ligation mixture.

The obtained transformants were grown at 37 °C overnight and the OCIF variants expression plasmids (pCEPOCIF2, pCEPOCIF3, pCEPOCIF4, and pCEPOCIF5) were purified using QIAGEN column (QIAGEN). These OCIF-variants-expression plasmids were precipitated with ethanol, dissolved in sterile distilled water, and used in the experiments described below.

ii) Transient expression of OCIF variant cDNAs and analysis of the biological activity of recombinant OCIF variants.

Recombinant OCIF variants were produced using the expression plasmid, pCEPOCIF2, pCEPOCIF3, pCEPOCIF4, and pCEPOCIF5 prepared as described in EXAMPLE 21-i) according to the method described in EXAMPLE 13-ii). The biological activities of recombinant OCIF variants were analysed. The results were that these OCIF variants (OCIF2, OCIF3, OCIF4, and OCIF5) had a weak activity.

## EXAMPLE 22

## Preparation of OCIF mutants

### i) Construction of a plasmid vector for subcloning cDNAs encoding OCIF mutants

The plasmid vector (5  $\mu$ g) described in EXAMPLE 11 was digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I (Takara Shuzo). The digested DNA was subjected to a preparative agarose gel electrophoresis. DNA fragment with an approximate size of 1.6 kilobase pairs (kb) that contained the entire coding sequence for OCIF was purified from the gel using QIAEX gel extraction kit (QIAGEN). The purified DNA was dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. This solution was designated DNA solution 1. p Bluescript II SK + (3  $\mu$ g) (Stratagene) was digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I (Takara Shuzo). The digested DNA was subjected to preparative agarose gel electrophoresis. DNA fragment with an approximate size of 3.0 kb was purified from the gel using QIAEX DNA extraction kit (QIAGEN). The purified DNA was dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. The solution was designated DNA solution 2. One microliter of DNA solution 2, 4  $\mu$ l of DNA solution 1 and 5  $\mu$ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 (Takara Shuzo) were mixed and incubated at 16 °C for 30 min. (The ligation mixture was used for the transformation of E. coli in a manner described below). Conditions for transformation of E. coli were as follows. One hundred microliters of competent E. coli DH5  $\alpha$  cells (GIBCO BRL) and 5  $\mu$ l of the ligation mixture was mixed in a sterile 15-ml tube (IWAKI glass). The tube was kept on ice for 30 min. After incubation for 45 sec at 42°C, to the cells was added 250  $\mu$ l of L broth (1% Tryptone, 0.5% yeast extract, 1% NaCl). The cell suspension was then incubated for 1hr. at 37°C with shaking. Fifty

microliters of the cell suspension was plated onto an L-agar plate containing 50  $\mu$ g/ml of ampicillin. The plate was incubated overnight at 37°C.

Six colonies which grew on the plate were individually incubated in 2 ml each of L-broth containing 50  $\mu$ g/ml of ampicillin overnight at 37°C with shaking. The structure of the plasmids in the colonies was analyzed. A plasmid in which the 1.6-kb DNA fragment containing the entire OCIF cDNA is inserted between the digestion sites of Bam HI and Xho I of pBluescript II SK<sup>+</sup> was obtained and designated as pSK<sup>+</sup> -OCIF.

ii) Preparation of mutants in which one of the Cys residues in OCIF is replaced with Ser residue

1) Introduction of mutations into OCIF cDNA

OCIF mutants were prepared in which one of the five Cys residues present in OCIF at positions 174, 181, 256, 298 and 379 (in SEQUENCE NO 4) was replaced with Ser residue and were designated OCIF-C19S(174Cys to Ser), OCIF-C20S (181Cys to Ser), OCIF-C21S (256Cys to Ser), OCIF-C22S (298Cys to Ser) and OCIF-C23S (379Cys to Ser), respectively.

To prepare the mutants, nucleotides encoding the corresponding Cys residues were replaced with those encoding Ser. Mutagenesis was carried out by a two-step polymerase chain reaction (PCR). The first step of the PCRs consisted of two reactions, PCR 1 and PCR 2.

PCR 1	10X Ex Taq Buffer (Takara Shuzo)	10	$\mu$ l
	2.5 mM solution of dNTPs	8	$\mu$ l
	the plasmid vector described in EXAMPLE 11 (8ng/ml)	2	$\mu$ l
	sterile distilled water	73.5	$\mu$ l

	20 $\mu$ M solution of primer 1	5 $\mu$ l
	100 $\mu$ M solution of primer 2 (for mutagenesis)	1 $\mu$ l
	Ex Taq (Takara Shuzo)	0.5 $\mu$ l
PCR 2	10X Ex Taq Buffer (Takara Shuzo)	10 $\mu$ l
	2.5 mM solution of dNTPs	8 $\mu$ l
	the plasmid vector described in EXAMPLE 11 (8ng/ml)	2 $\mu$ l
	sterile distilled water	73.5 $\mu$ l
	20 $\mu$ M solution of primer 3	5 $\mu$ l
	100 $\mu$ M solution of primer 4 (for mutagenesis)	1 $\mu$ l
	Ex Taq (Takara Shuzo)	0.5 $\mu$ l

Specific sets of primers were used for each mutation and other components were unchanged. Primers used for the reactions are shown in Table 10. The nucleotide sequences of the primers are shown in SEQUENCE NO: 20, 23, 27 and 30-40. The PCRs were performed under the following conditions as follows. An initial denaturation step at 97°C for 3 min was followed by 25 cycles of denaturation at 95°C for 1 min annealing at 55°C for 1 min and extension at 72°C for 3 min. After these amplification cycles, final extension was performed at 70°C for 5 min. The size of the PCR products was confirmed by agarose gel electrophoresis using reaction solution. After the first PCR, excess primers were removed using Amicon microcon (Amicon). The final volume of the solutions that contained the PCR products were made to 50  $\mu$  l with sterile distilled water. These purified PCR products were used for the second PCR (PCR 3).

PCR 3	10X Ex Taq Buffer (Takara Shuzo)	10 $\mu$ l
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2.5 mM solution of dNTPs	8 $\mu$ l
solution containing DNA fragment obtained from PCR 1	5 $\mu$ l
solution containing DNA fragment obtained from PCR 2	5 $\mu$ l
sterile distilled water	61.5 $\mu$ l
20 $\mu$ M solution of primer 1	5 $\mu$ l
20 $\mu$ M solution of primer 3	5 $\mu$ l
Ex Taq (Takara Shuzo)	0.5 $\mu$ l

Table 10

mutants	primer-1	primer-2	primer-3	primer-4
OCIF-C19S	IF 10	C19SR	IF 3	C19SF
OCIF-C20S	IF 10	C20SR	IF 3	C20SF
OCIF-C21S	IF 10	C21SR	IF 3	C21SF
OCIF-C22S	IF 10	C22SR	IF 14	C22SF
OCIF-C23S	IF 6	C23SR	IF 14	C23SF

The reaction conditions were exactly the same as those for PCR 1 or PCR 2. The size of the PCR products was confirmed by 1.0 % or 1.5 % agarose gel electrophoresis. The DNA fragments were precipitated with ethanol, dried under vacuum and dissolved in 40  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. The solutions containing DNA fragments with mutation C19S, C20S, C21S, C22S and C23S were

designated as DNA solution A, DNA solution B, DNA solution C, DNA solution D and DNA solution E, respectively.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution A (20  $\mu$ l) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Sph I (Takara Shuzo). A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 400 base pairs (bp) was extracted from a preparative agarose gel and dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated DNA solution 3. Two micrograms of pSK + -OCIF was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Sph I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 4.2 kb was purified from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 4. Two microliters of DNA solution 3, 3  $\mu$ l of DNA solution 4 and 5  $\mu$ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5  $\alpha$  cells were transformed with 5  $\mu$ l of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-C19S.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution B (20  $\mu$ l) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Sph I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 400 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated DNA solution 5. Two microliters of DNA solution 5, 3  $\mu$ l of DNA solution 4 and 5  $\mu$ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit

ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent *E. coli* DH5  $\alpha$  cells were transformed with 5  $\mu$ l of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-C20S.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution C (20  $\mu$ l) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Sph I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 400 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 6. Two microliters of DNA solution 6, 3  $\mu$ l of DNA solution 4 and 5  $\mu$ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent *E. coli* DH5  $\alpha$  cells were transformed with 5  $\mu$ l of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-C21S.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution D (20  $\mu$ l) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Bst PI. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 600 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 7. Two micrograms of pSK + -OCIF was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Bst PI. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 4.0 kb was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled

water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 8. Two microliters of DNA solution 7, 3  $\mu$ l of DNA solution 8 and 5  $\mu$ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent *E. coli* DH5  $\alpha$  cells were transformed with 5  $\mu$ l of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA in which the 600-bp Nde I-BstPI fragment with the mutation (the C22S mutation) is substituted for the 600-bp Nde I-Bst PI fragment of pSK+ -OCIF by analyzing the DNA structure. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-C22S.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution E (20  $\mu$ l) was digested with restriction enzymes Bst PI and Eco RV. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 120 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 9. Two micrograms of pSK + -OCIF was digested with restriction enzymes Bst EII and Eco RV. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 4.5 kb was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 10. Two microliters of DNA solution 9, 3  $\mu$ l of DNA solution 10 and 5  $\mu$ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation was carried out. Competent *E. coli* DH5  $\alpha$  cells were transformed with 5  $\mu$ l of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by



DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-C23S.

## 2) Construction of vectors for expressing the OCIF mutants

pSK-OCIF-C19S, pSK-OCIF-C20S, pSK-OCIF-C21S, pSK-OCIF-C22S and pSK-OCIF-C23S were digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I. The 1.6 kb Bam HI-Xho I DNA fragment encoding each OCIF mutant was isolated and dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. The DNA solutions that contain 1.6 kb cDNA fragments derived from pSK-OCIF-C19S, pSK-OCIF-C20S, pSK-OCIF-C21S, pSK-OCIF-C22S and pSK-OCIF-C23S were designated C19S DNA solution, C20S DNA solution, C21S DNA solution, C22S DNA solution and C23S DNA solution, respectively. Five micrograms of an expression vector pCEP 4 (Invitrogen) was digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 10 kb was purified and dissolved in 40  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as pCEP 4 DNA solution. One microliter of pCEP 4 DNA solution and 6  $\mu$ l of either C19SDNA solution, C20S DNA solution, C21S DNA solution, C22S DNA solution or C23S DNA solution were independently mixed with 7  $\mu$ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 and ligation reactions were carried out. Competent *E. coli* DH5 $\alpha$  cells (100  $\mu$ l) were transformed with 7  $\mu$ l of each ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for clones containing plasmid in which a 1.6-kb cDNA fragment is inserted between the recognition sites of Bam HI and Xho I of pCEP 4 by analyzing the DNA structure. The plasmids which were obtained containing the cDNA encoding OCIF-C19S, OCIF-C20S, OCIF-C21S, OCIF-C22S and OCIF-C23S were designated pCEP4-OCIF-C19S, pCEP4-OCIF-C20S, pCEP4-OCIF-C21S, pCEP4-OCIF-C22S and

pCEP4-OCIF-C23S, respectively.

ii) Preparation of domain-deletion mutants of OCIF

(1) deletion mutagenesis of OCIF cDNA

A series of OCIF mutants with deletions of from Thr 2 to Ala 42, from Pro 43 to Cys 84, from Glu 85 to Lys 122, from Arg 123 to Cys 164, from Asp 177 to Gln 251 and from Ile 252 to His 326 were prepared (positions of the amino acid residues are shown in SEQUENCE NO: 4). These mutants were designated as OCIF-DCR1, OCIF-DCR2, OCIF-DCR3, OCIF-DCR4, OCIF-DDD1 and OCIF-DDD2, respectively.

Mutagenesis was performed by two-step PCR as described in EXAMPLE 22-(ii).

The primer sets for the reactions are shown in Table 11 and the nucleotide sequences of the primers are shown in SEQUENCE NO:19, 25, 40-53, and 54.

Table 11

mutants	primer-1	primer-2	primer-3	primer-4
OCIF-DCR1	XhoI F	DCR1R	IF 2	DCR1F
OCIF-DCR2	XhoI F	DCR2R	IF 2	DCR2F
OCIF-DCR3	XhoI F	DCR3R	IF 2	DCR3F
OCIF-DCR4	XhoI F	DCR4R	IF 16	DCR4F
OCIF-DDD1	IF 8	DDD1R	IF 14	DDD1F
OCIF-DDD2	IF 8	DDD2R	IF 14	DDD2F

The final PCR products were precipitated with ethanol, dried under vacuum and dissolved in 40  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. Solutions of DNA fragment coding for portions of OCIF-DCR1, OCIF-DCR2, OCIF-DCR3, OCIF-DCR4, OCIF-DDD1 and OCIF-DDD2 were designated as DNA solutions F, G, H, I, J and K, respectively.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution F (20  $\mu$ l) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Xho I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 500 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated DNA solution 11. Two micrograms of pSK+ -OCIF was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Xho I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 4.0 kb was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated DNA solution 12. Two microliters of DNA solution 11, 3  $\mu$ l of DNA solution 12 and 5  $\mu$ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5  $\alpha$  cells were transformed with 5  $\mu$ l of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-DCR1.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution G (20  $\mu$ l) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Xho I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 500 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA

solution was designated as DNA solution 13. Two microliters of DNA solution 13, 3  $\mu$ l of DNA solution 12 and 5  $\mu$ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5a cells were transformed with 5  $\mu$ l of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-DCR2.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution H (20  $\mu$ l) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and Xho I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 500 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 14. Two microliters of DNA solution 14, 3  $\mu$ l of DNA solution 12 and 5  $\mu$ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5  $\alpha$  cells were transformed with 5  $\mu$ l of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-DCR3.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution I (20  $\mu$ l) was digested with restriction enzymes Xho I and Sph I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 900 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel

extraction kit and dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 15. Two micrograms of pSK+ -OCIF was digested with restriction enzymes Xho I and Sph I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 3.6 kb was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 16. Two microliters of DNA solution 15, 3  $\mu$ l of DNA solution 16 and 5  $\mu$ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5  $\alpha$  cells were transformed with 5  $\mu$ l of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-DCR4.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution J (20  $\mu$ l) was digested with restriction enzymes BstP I and Nde I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 400 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 17. Two microliters of DNA solution 17, 3  $\mu$ l of DNA solution 8 and 5  $\mu$ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent E. coli DH5  $\alpha$  cells were transformed with 5  $\mu$ l of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-DDD1.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution K (20  $\mu$ l) was digested with restriction enzymes Nde I and BstP I. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 400 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 18. Two microliters of DNA solution 18, 3  $\mu$ l of DNA solution 8 and 5  $\mu$ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent *E. coli* DH5  $\alpha$  cells were transformed with 5  $\mu$ l of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-DDD2.

## 2) Construction of vectors for expressing the OCIF mutants

pSK-OCIF-DCR1, pSK-OCIF-DCR2, pSK-OCIF-DCR3, pSK-OCIF-DCR4, pSK-OCIF-DDD1 and pSK-OCIF-DDD2 were digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I. The Bam HI-Xho I DNA fragment containing entire coding sequence for each OCIF mutant was isolated and dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. These DNA solutions that contain the Bam HI-Xho I fragment derived from pSK-OCIF-DCR1, pSK-OCIF-DCR2, pSK-OCIF-DCR3, pSK-OCIF-DCR4, pSK-OCIF-DDD1 and pSK-OCIF-DDD2 were designated DCR1 DNA solution, DCR2 DNA solution, DCR3 DNA solution, DCR4 DNA solution, DDD1 DNA solution and DDD2 DNA solution, respectively. One microliter of pCEP 4 DNA solution and 6  $\mu$ l of either DCR1 DNA solution, DCR2 DNA solution, DCR3 DNA solution, DCR4 DNA solution, DDD1 DNA solution or DDD2 DNA solution were independently mixed with 7  $\mu$ l of

ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 and ligation reactions were carried out. Competent *E. coli* DH5 $\alpha$  cells (100  $\mu$ l) were transformed with 7  $\mu$ l of each ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA in which the DNA fragment with deletions is inserted between the recognition sites of Bam HI and Xho I of pCEP 4 by analyzing the DNA structure. The plasmids containing the cDNA encoding OCIF-DCR1, OCIF-DCR2, OCIF-DCR3, OCIF-DCR4, OCIF-DDD1 and OCIF-DDD2 were designated as pCEP4-OCIF-DCR1, pCEP4-OCIF-DCR2, pCEP4-OCIF-DCR3, pCEP4-OCIF-DCR4, pCEP4-OCIF-DDD1 and pCEP4-OCIF-DDD2, respectively.

iii) Preparation of OCIF with C-terminal domain truncation

(1) mutagenesis of OCIF cDNA

A series of OCIF mutants with deletions of from Cys at amino acid residue 379 to Leu 380, from Ser 331 to Leu 380, from Asp 252 to Leu 380, from Asp 177 to Leu 380, from Arg 123 to Leu 380 and from Cys 86 to Leu 380 was prepared. Positions of the amino acid residues are shown in SEQUENCE NO: 4. These mutants were designated as OCIF-CL, OCIF-CC, OCIF-CDD2, OCIF-CDD1, OCIF-CCR4 and OCIF-CCR3, respectively.

Mutagenesis for OCIF-CL was performed by the two-step PCR as described in EXAMPLE 22-(ii). The primer set for the reaction is shown in Table 12. The nucleotide sequences of the primers are shown in SEQUENCE NO:23, 40, 55, and 56. The final PCR products were precipitated with ethanol, dried under vacuum and dissolved in 40  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as solution L.

The DNA fragment which is contained in solution L (20  $\mu$ l) was digested with restriction enzymes BstP I and EcoR V. A DNA fragment with an approximate size of 100 bp was extracted from a preparative agarose gel with QIAEX gel extraction kit and dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as DNA solution 19. Two microliters of DNA solution 19, 3  $\mu$ l of DNA solution 10 (described in EXAMPLE 22-(ii)) and 5  $\mu$ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were mixed and ligation reaction was carried out. Competent *E. coli* DH5  $\alpha$  cells were transformed with 5  $\mu$ l of the ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for a clone containing a plasmid DNA. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmid thus obtained was named pSK-OCIF-CL. Mutagenesis of OCIF cDNA to prepare OCIF-CC, OCIF-CDD2, OCIF-CDD1, OCIF-CCR4 and OCIF-CCR3 was performed by a one-step PCR. PCR reactions for mutagenesis to prepare OCIF-CC, OCIF-CDD2, OCIF-CDD1, OCIF-CCR4 and OCIF-CCR3

10X Ex Taq Buffer (Takara Shuzo)	10 $\mu$ l
2.5 mM solution of dNTPs	8 $\mu$ l
the plasmid vector containing the entire OCIF cDNA described in EXAMPLE 11 (8ng/ml)	2 $\mu$ l
sterile distilled water	73.5 $\mu$ l
20 $\mu$ M solution of primer OCIF Xho F	5 $\mu$ l
100 $\mu$ M solution of primer (for mutagenesis)	1 $\mu$ l
Ex Taq (Takara Shuzo)	0.5 $\mu$ l

Table 12



mutants	primer-1	primer-2	primer-3	primer-4
OCIF-CL	IF 6	CL R	IF 14	CL F

Specific primers were used for each mutagenesis and other components were unchanged.

Primers used for the mutagenesis are shown in Table 13. Their nucleotide sequences are shown in SEQUENCE NO:57-61. The components of each PCR were mixed in a microcentrifuge tube and PCR was performed as follows. The microcentrifuge tubes were treated for 3 minutes at 97 °C and then incubated sequentially, for 30 seconds at 95 °C, 30 seconds at 50 °C and 3 minutes at 70 °C. This three-step incubation procedure was repeated 25 times, and after that, the tubes were incubated for 5 minutes at 70 °C. An aliquot of the reaction mixture was removed from each tube and analyzed by an agarose gel electrophoresis to confirm the size of each product.

The size of the PCR products was confirmed on an agarose gel. Excess primers in the PCRs were removed using Amicon microcon (Amicon) after completion of the reaction. The DNA fragments were precipitated with ethanol, dried under vacuum and dissolved in 40  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. The DNA fragment in each DNA solution was digested with restriction enzymes Xho I and Bam HI. After the reactions, DNA was precipitated with ethanol, dried under vacuum and dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water.

The solutions containing DNA fragment with the CC deletion, the CDD2

deletion, the CDD1 deletion, the CCR4 deletion and the CCR3 deletion were designated as CC DNA solution, CDD2 DNA solution, CDD1 DNA solution, CCR4 DNA solution and CC R3 DNA solution, respectively.

Table 13

mutants	primers for the mutagenesis
OCIF-CC	CC R
OCIF-CDD2	CDD2 R
OCIF-CDD1	CDD1 R
OCIF-CCR4	CCR4 R
OCIF-CCR3	CCR3 R

(2) Construction of vectors for expressing the OCIF mutants

pSK-OCIF-CL was digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I. The Bam HI-Xho I DNA fragment containing the entire coding sequence for OCIF-CL was isolated and dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. This DNA solution was designated as CL DNA solution. One microliter of pCEP 4 DNA solution and 6  $\mu$ l of either of CL DNA solution, CC DNA solution, CDD2 DNA solution, CDD1 DNA solution, CCR4 DNA solution or CCR3 DNA solution were independently mixed with 7  $\mu$ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 and ligation reactions were carried out. Competent E. coli DH5 $\alpha$  cells (100  $\mu$ l) were transformed with 7  $\mu$ l of each ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for clones containing plasmids which have the

desirable mutations in OCIF cDNA by analyzing the DNA structure. In each plasmid, OCIF cDNA fragment having a deletion were inserted between the recognition sites of Xho I and Bam HI of pCEP 4. The plasmids containing the cDNA encoding OCIF-CL, OCIF-CC, OCIF-CDD1, OCIF-CDD2, OCIF-CCR4 and OCIF-CCR3 were designated pCEP4-OCIF-CL, pCEP4-OCIF-CC, pCEP4-OCIF-CDD2, pCEP4-OCIF-CDD1, pCEP4-OCIF-CCR4 and pCEP4-OCIF-CCR3, respectively.

iv) Preparation of OCIF mutants with C-terminal truncation

(1) Introduction of C-terminal truncation to OCIF

A series of OCIF mutants with C-terminal truncation was prepared. OCIF mutant in which 10 residues of from Gln at 371 to Leu at 380 are replaced with 2 residues of Leu-Val was designated OCIF-CBst. OCIF mutant in which 83 residues of from Cys 298 to Leu 380 are replaced with 3 residues of Ser-Leu-Asp was designated OCIF-CSph. OCIF mutant in which 214 residues of from Asn 167 to Leu 380 are removed was designated OCIF-CBsp. OCIF mutant in which 319 residues of from Asp 62 to Leu 380 are replaced with 2 residues of Leu-Val was designated OCIF-CPst. Positions of the amino acid residues are shown in SEQUENCE NO: 4.

Two micrograms each of pSK + -OCIF was digested with one of the restriction enzymes, Bst PI, Sph I, PstI (Takara Shuzo), and Bsp EI (New England Biolabs), and followed by phenol extraction and ethanol precipitation. The precipitated DNA was dissolved in 10  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. Ends of the DNAs in 2  $\mu$ l of each solution were blunted using a DNA blunting kit in final volumes of 5  $\mu$ l. To the reaction mixtures, 1  $\mu$ g (1  $\mu$ l) of an Amber

codon-containing Xba I linker (5'-CTAGTCTAGACTAG-3') and 6  $\mu$ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 were added.

After the ligation reactions, 6  $\mu$ l each of the reaction mixtures was used to transform *E. coli* DH5 $\alpha$ . Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for clones containing plasmids. DNA structure was analyzed by restriction enzyme mapping and by DNA sequencing. The plasmids thus obtained were named pSK-OCIF-CBst, pSK-OCIF-CSph, pSK-OCIF-CBsp and pSK-OCIF-CPst, respectively.

## (2) Construction of vectors for expressing the OCIF mutants

pSK-OCIF-CBst, pSK-OCIF-CSph, pSK-OCIF-CBsp and pSK-OCIF-CPst were digested with restriction enzymes Bam HI and Xho I. The 1.5 kb of DNA fragment containing entire coding sequence for each OCIF mutant was isolated and dissolved in 20  $\mu$ l of sterile distilled water. These DNA solutions that contain the Bam HI-XhoI fragment derived from pSK-OCIF-CBst, pSK-OCIF-CSph, pSK-OCIF-CBsp and pSK-OCIF-CPst were designated as CBst DNA solution, CSph DNA solution, CBsp DNA solution and CPst DNA solution, respectively. One microliter of pCEP 4 DNA solution (described in EXAMPLE 22-ii)) and 6  $\mu$ l of either CBst DNA solution, CSph DNA solution, CBsp DNA solution or CPst DNA solution were independently mixed with 7  $\mu$ l of ligation buffer I of DNA ligation kit ver. 2 and ligation reactions were carried out. Competent *E. coli* DH5 $\alpha$  cells (100  $\mu$ l) were transformed with 7  $\mu$ l of each ligation mixture. Ampicillin-resistant transformants were screened for clones containing plasmids in which cDNA fragment is inserted between the recognition sites of Bam HI and Xho I of pCEP 4 by analyzing the DNA structure. The plasmids containing the cDNA encoding OCIF-CBst, OCIF-CSph, OCIF-CBsp and OCIF-CPst

were designated as pCEP4-OCIF-CBst, pCEP4-OCIF- CSph, pCEP4-OCIF-CBsp and pCEP4-OCIF-CPst, respectively.

v) Preparation of vectors for expressing the OCIF mutants

E. coli clones harboring the expression vectors for OCIF mutants (total of 21 clones) were grown and the vectors were purified by QIAGEN column (QIAGEN). All the expression vectors were precipitated with ethanol and dissolved in appropriate volumes of sterile distilled water and used for further manipulations shown below.

vi) Transient expression of the cDNAs for OCIF mutants and biological activities of the mutants

OCIF mutants were produced using the expression vectors prepared in EXAMPLE 22-v). The method was essentially the same as described in EXAMPLE 13. Only the modified points are described below. A 24-well plate was used for the DNA transfection.  $2 \times 10^5$  cells of 293/EBNA suspended in IMDM containing 10% fetal bovine serum were seeded into each well of the plate. One microgram of purified vector DNA and  $4 \mu\text{l}$  of lipofectamine were used for each transfection. Mixture of an expression vector and lipofectamine in OPTI-MEM (GIBCO BRL) in a final volume of 0.5 ml was added to the cells in a well. After the cells were incubated at  $37^\circ\text{C}$  for 24 hr in a  $\text{CO}_2$  incubator, the medium was replaced with 0.5 ml of Ex-cell 301 medium (JSR). The cells were incubated at  $37^\circ\text{C}$  for 48 more hours in the  $\text{CO}_2$  incubator. The conditioned medium was collected and used for assay for in vitro biological activity. The nucleotide sequences of cDNAs for the OCIF mutants are shown in SEQUENCE NO:83-103. The deduced amino acid sequences for the OCIF mutants are shown in SEQUENCE NO:

62-82. The assay for in vitro biological activity was performed as described in EXAMPLE 13. Antigen concentration of each conditioned medium was determined by ELISA as described in EXAMPLE 24. Table 14 shows specific activity of the mutants relative to that of the unaltered OCIF.

Table 14

mutants	activity
the unaltered OIF	++
OCIF-C19S	+
OCIF-C20S	±
OCIF-C21S	±
OCIF-C22S	+
OCIF-C23S	++
OCIF-DCR1	±
OCIF-DCR2	±
OCIF-DCR3	±
OCIF-DCR4	±
OCIF-DDD1	+
OCIF-DDD2	±
OCIF-CL	++
OCIF-CC	++
OCIF-CDD2	++
OCIF-CDD1	+
OCIF-CCR4	±
OCIF-CCR3	±
OCIF-CBst	++

OCIF-CSph	++
OCIF-CBsp	±
OCIF-CPst	±

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++ indicates relative activity more than 50% of that of the unaltered OCIF  
+ indicates relative activity between 10% and 50% ± indicates relative activity less than 10%, or production level too low to determine the accurate biological activity

#### vii) western blot analysis

Ten microliters of the final conditioned medium was used for western blot analysis. Ten microliters of the sample were mixed with 10  $\mu$ l of SDS-PAGE sample buffer (0.5 M Tris-HCl, 20% glycerol, 4% SDS, 20  $\mu$ g/ml bromo phenol blue, pH 6.8) boiled for 3 min. and subjected to a 10 % SDS polyacryl amide gel electrophoresis under non-reducing conditions. After the electrophoresis, the separated proteins were blotted to PVDF membrane (ProBlott<sup>R</sup>, Perkin Elmer) using a semi-dry electroblotter (BIO-RAD). The membrane was incubated at 37°C with horseradish peroxidase labeled anti-OCIF antibodies for 2 hr. After the membrane was washed, protein bands which react with the labeled antibodies were detected using ECL system (Amersham). Two protein bands with approximate molecular masses of 60kD and 120kD were detected for the unaltered OCIF. On the other hand, almost exclusively 60kD protein band was detected for OCIF-C23S, OCIF-CL and OCIF CC. Protein bands with an approximate masses of 40kD-50kD and 30kD-40kD were the major ones for OCIF-CDD2 and OCIF-CDD1, respectively. These results indicate that Cys at 379 is responsible for the

[illegible]



## EXAMPLE 23

### Isolation of human genomic OCIF gene

#### i) Screening of a human genomic library

An amplified human placenta genomic library in Lambda FIX II vector purchased from STRATAGENE was screened for the gene encoding human OCIF using the human OCIF cDNA as a probe. Essentially, screening was done according to the instruction manual supplied with the genomic library. The basic protocols described in Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual also were employed to manipulate phage, E. coli, and DNA.

The library was titered, and  $1 \times 10^6$  pfu of phage was mixed with XL1-Blue MRA host E. coli cells and plated on 20 plates (9 cm x 13 cm) with 9 ml per plate of top agarose. The plates were incubated overnight at 37°C. Filter plaque lifts were prepared using Hybond-N nylon membranes (Amersham). The membranes were processed by denaturation in a solution containing 1.5 M NaCl and 0.5 M NaOH for 1 minute at room temperature. The membranes were then neutralized by placing successively for one minute each in 1 M Tris-HCl (pH 7.5) and a solution containing 1.5 M NaCl and 0.5 M Tris-HCl (pH 7.5). The membranes were then transferred onto a filter paper wet with 2xSSC. Phage DNA was fixed on the membranes with 1200  $\mu$ Joules of UV energy in STRATALINKER UV crosslinker 2400 (STRATAGENE) and the membranes were air dried. The membranes were immersed in Rapid Hybridization buffer (Amersham) and incubated for one hour at 65 °C before hybridization with  $^{32}$ P-labeled cDNA probe in the same buffer overnight at 65°C. Screening probe was prepared by labeling the

OCIF cDNA with  $^{32}\text{P}$  using the Megaprime DNA labeling system (Amersham). Approximately,  $5 \times 10^5$  cpm probe was used for each ml of hybridization buffer. After the hybridization, the membranes were rinsed in 2xSSC for five minutes at room temperature. The membranes were then washed four times, 20 minutes each time, in 0.5xSSC containing 0.1 % SDS at 65 °C. After the final wash, the membranes were dried and subjected to autoradiography at -80 °C with SUPER HR-H X-ray film (FUJI PHOTO FILM Co., Ltd.) and an intensifying screen. Upon examination of the autoradiograms, six positive signals were detected. Agar plugs were picked from the regions corresponded to these signals for phage purification. Each agar plug was soaked overnight in 0.5 ml of SM buffer containing 1% chloroform to extract phage. Each extract containing phage was diluted 1000 fold with SM buffer and an aliquot of 1 ml or 20 ml was mixed with host E. coli described above. The mixture was plated on agar plates with top agarose as described above. The plates were incubated overnight at 37 °C, and filter lifts were prepared, prehybridized, hybridized, washed and autoradiographed as described above. This process of phage purification was applied to all six positive signals initially detected on the autoradiograms and was repeated until all phage plaques on agar plates hybridize with the cDNA probe. After purification, agar plugs of each phage isolate were soaked in SM buffer containing 1% chloroform and stored at 4 °C. Six individual phage isolates were designated  $\lambda$  OIF3,  $\lambda$  OIF8,  $\lambda$  OIF9,  $\lambda$  OIF11,  $\lambda$  OIF12 and  $\lambda$  OIF17, respectively.

ii) Analysis of the genomic clones by restriction enzyme digestion and

## Southern blot hybridization

DNA was prepared from each phage isolate by the plate lysate method as described in Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual. DNA prepared from each phage was digested with restriction enzymes and the fragments derived from the digestion were separated on agarose gels. The fragments were then transferred to nylon membranes and subjected to Southern blot hybridization using OCIF cDNA as a probe. The results of the analysis revealed that the six phage isolates are individual clones. Among these fragments derived from the restriction enzyme digestion, those fragments which hybridized with the OCIF cDNA probe were subcloned into plasmid vectors and subjected to the nucleotide sequence analysis as described below.

iii) Subcloning restriction fragments derived from genomic clones into plasmid vectors and determination of the nucleotide sequence.

$\lambda$  OIF8 DNA was digested with restriction enzymes EcoRI and NotI, and the DNA fragments derived from these were separated on a 0.7% agarose gel. The 5.8 kilobase pairs (kb) EcoRI/NotI fragment was extracted from the gel using QIAEX II Gel Extraction Kit (QIAGEN) according to the procedure recommended by the manufacturer. The 5.8 kb EcoRI/NotI fragment was ligated with pBluescript II SK+ vector (STRATAGENE) which had been linearized with restriction enzymes EcoRI and NotI, using Ready-To-Go T4 DNA Ligase (Pharmacia) according to the procedure recommended by the manufacturer. Competent DH5  $\alpha$  E. coli cells (Amersham) were transformed with the recombinant plasmid and transformants were selected on L-plates containing 50  $\mu$ g/ml of ampicillin.

A clone harboring the recombinant plasmid containing the 5.8 kb EcoRI/NotI fragment was isolated and this plasmid was termed pBSG8-5.8. pBSG8-5.8 was digested with HindIII and 0.9 kb of DNA fragment derived from this digestion was isolated in the same manner as described above. This 0.9 kb fragment was then cloned in pBluescript II SK- at the HindIII site as described above. This recombinant plasmid containing 0.9 kb HindIII fragment was denoted pBS8H0.9.

$\lambda$  OIF11 DNA was digested with EcoRI and 6 kb, 3.6 kb, 2.6 kb EcoRI fragments were isolated in the same manner as described above and cloned in pBluescript II SK+ vector at the EcoRI site as described above. These recombinant plasmids were termed pBSG11-6, pBSG11-3.6, and pBSG11-2.6, respectively. pBSG11-6 was digested with HindIII and the digest was applied on a 0.7 % agarose gel. Three fragments, 2.2 kb, 1.1 kb, and 1.05 kb in length, were extracted from the gel and cloned independently in pBluescript II SK- vector at the HindIII site in the same manner as described above. These recombinant plasmids were termed pBS6H2.2, pBS6 H1.1 and pBS6H1.05, respectively.

The nucleotide sequence of the cloned genomic DNA was determined using ABI Dyedexoxy Terminator Cycle Sequencing Ready Reaction Kit (PERKIN ELMER) and 373A DNA Sequencing system (Applied Biosystems). Plasmids pBSG8-5.8, pBS8H0.9, pBSG11-6, pBSG11-3.6, pBSG11-2.6, pBS6H2.2, pBS6H1.1 and pBS6H1.05 were prepared according to the alkaline-SDS procedure as described in Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual and used as templates for the DNA sequence analysis. Nucleotide sequence of the human OCIF gene was presented in Sequence No 104 and Sequence No 105. The nucleotide sequence of the DNA,

between exon 1 and exon 2 was not entirely determined. There is a stretch of approximately 17 kb of nucleotides between the sequences given in sequence No. 104 and sequence No. 105.

#### EXAMPLE 24

##### Quantitation of OCIF by EIA

##### i) Preparation of anti-OCIF antibody

Male JW rabbits (Kitayama LABES Co., LTD) weighing 2.5-3.0 kg were used for immunization for preparing antisera. Three male JW rabbits (Kitayama LABES Co., LTD) weighing 2.5-3.0 kg were used for immunization. For immunization, emulsion was prepared by mixing an equal volume of rOCIF (200  $\mu$ g/ml) and complete Freund's adjuvant (Difco, Cat. 0638-60-7). The rabbits were immunized subcutaneously six times at the interval of one week with 1 ml of emulsion per injection. The rabbits were injected six times at the interval of seven days subcutaneously. Whole blood was obtained ten days after the final immunization and serum was separated. Antibody was purified from serum as follows. Antiserum was diluted two-fold with PBS. After adding ammonium sulfate at a final concentration of 40 w/v %, antiserum was allowed to stand at 4 °C for 1 hr.. Precipitate obtained by centrifugation at 8000 x g for 20 min. was dissolved in a small volume of PBS and was dialyzed against PBS. The resulting solution was loaded onto a Protein G-Sepharose column (Pharmacia). After washing with PBS, absorbed immunoglobulin G was eluted with 0.1 M glycine-HCL buffer (pH 3.0). Elutes were neutralized with 1.5 M Tris-HCL buffer (pH 8.7) immediately and were dialyzed against PBS. Protein

concentration was determined by absorbance at 280nm ( $E^{1\%}_{1\text{cm}}$  13.5).

Horseradish peroxidase labeled antibody was prepared using ImmunoPure Maleimide Activated Horseradish Peroxidase Kit (Pierce, Cat.31494). Briefly, one mg of IgG was incubated with 80 ug of N-succinimidyl-S-acetylthioacetate for 30 min. After deacetylation with 5 mg of hydroxylamine HCl, modified IgG was separated by polyacrylamide desalting column. Protein pool mixed with one mg of maleimide activated horseradish peroxidase was incubated at room temperature for 1 hr.

ii) Quantitation of OCIF by sandwich EIA

Microtiter plates (Nunc MaxiSorp Immunoplate) were coated with rabbit anti-OCIF IgG by incubating 0.2 ug in 100 ul of 50 mM sodium bicarbonate buffer pH 9.6 at 4°C overnight. After blocking the plates by incubating for 1 hour at 37°C with 300 ul of 25% BlockAce/PBS (Snow Brand Milk Products), 100ul of samples were incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. After washing the plates three times with PBST (PBS containing 0.05% Tween20), 100 ul of 1:10000 diluted horseradish peroxidase labeled anti-OCIF IgG was added and incubated for 2 hours at room temperature. The amount of OCIF was determined by incubation with 100 ul of a substrate solution (TMB, ScyTek Lab., Cat.TM4999) and measurement of the absorbance at 450 nm using an ImmunoReader (Nunc NJ2000). Purified recombinant OCIF was used as a standard protein and a typical standard curve was shown in Fig. 13.

EXAMPLE 25

## Anti-OCIF monoclonal antibody

### i) Preparation of hybridoma producing anti-OCIF monoclonal antibody.

OCIF was purified to homogeneity from culture medium of human fibroblasts, IMR-90 by the purification method described in Example 11. Purified OCIF was dissolved in PBS at a concentration of  $10 \mu\text{g}/100 \mu\text{l}$ . BALB/c mice were immunized by administering this solution intraperitoneally three times every two weeks. In the first and the second immunizations, the emulsion composed of an equal volume of OCIF and Freund's complete adjuvant was administered. Three days after the final administration, the spleen was taken out, lymphocytes were isolated and fused with mouse myeloma p3x63-Ag8.653 cells according to the conventional method using polyethyleneglycol. Then the fused cells were cultured in HAT medium to select hybridoma. Subsequently, to check whether the selected hybridomas produce anti-OCIF antibody, anti-OCIF antibody in each culture medium of hybridomas was determined by solid phase ELISA which was prepared by coating each well in 96-well immunoplates (Nunc) with  $100 \mu\text{l}$  of purified OCIF ( $10 \mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$  in  $0.1 \text{ M NaHCO}_3$ ) and by blocking each well with 50% BlockAce (Snow Brand Milk Products Co. Ltd.). The hybridoma clones secreting anti-OCIF antibody were established by cloning 3 - 5 times by limit dilution and by screening using the above solid phase ELISA. Among thus obtained hybridoma clones, several hybridoma clones with high production of anti-OCIF antibody were selected.

### ii) Production of anti-OCIF monoclonal antibodies.

Each hybridoma clone secreting anti-OCIF antibody, which was obtained in

EXAMPLE 25-i), was transplanted intraperitoneally to mice given Pristane (Aldrich) at a cell density of  $1 \times 10^6$  cells/mouse. The accumulated ascites was collected 10 - 14 days after the transplantation and the ascites containing anti-OCIF specific monoclonal antibody of the present invention was obtained. Purified antibodies were obtained by Affigel protein A Sepharose

chromatography (BioRad) according to the manufacturer's manual. That is, the ascites was diluted with equal volume of a binding buffer (BioRad) and applied to protein A column. The column was washed with a sufficient volume of the binding buffer and eluted with an elution buffer (BioRad). After neutralizing, the obtained eluate was dialyzed in water and subsequently lyophilized. The purity of the obtained antibody was analyzed by SDS/PAGE and a homogenous band with a molecular weight of about 150,000 was detected.

iii) Selection of monoclonal antibody having high affinity to OCIF

Each antibody obtained in EXAMPLE 25-ii) was dissolved in PBS and the concentration of protein in the solution was determined by the method of Lowry. Each antibody solution with the same concentration was prepared and then serially diluted with PBS. Monoclonal antibodies, which can recognize OCIF even at highly diluted solution, were selected by solid phase ELISA described in EXAMPLE 25-ii). Thus three monoclonal antibodies A1G5, E3H8 and D2F4 can be selected.

iv) Determination of class and subclass of antibodies



The class and subclass of the antibodies of the present invention obtained in EXAMPLE 25-iii) were analyzed using an immunoglobulin class and subclass analysis kit (Amersham). The procedure was carried out according to the protocol disclosed in the directions. The results were shown in Table 15. The antibodies of the present invention, E3H8, A1G5 and D2F4 belong to IgG<sub>1</sub>, IgG<sub>2a</sub> and IgG<sub>2b</sub>, respectively.

Table 15

Analysis of class and subclass of the antibodies in the present invention.

Antibody	IgG <sub>1</sub>	IgG <sub>2a</sub>	IgG <sub>2b</sub>	IgG <sub>3</sub>	IgA	IgM	κ
A1G5	—	+	—	—	—	—	+
E3H8	+	—	—	—	—	—	+
D2F4	—	—	+	—	—	—	+

#### v) Determination of OCIF by ELISA

Three kinds of monoclonal antibodies, A1G5, E3H8 and D2F4, which were obtained in EXAMPLE 25-iv), were used as solid phase antibodies and enzyme-labeled antibodies, respectively. Sandwich ELISA was constructed by each combination of solid phase antibody and labeled antibody. The labeled antibody was prepared using Immuno Pure Maleimide Activated Horseradish Peroxidase Kit (Pierce, Cat. No. 31494). Each monoclonal antibody was

66330 69330 03303 03303

dissolved in 0.1 M  $\text{NaHCO}_3$  at a concentration of 10  $\mu\text{g/ml}$ , and 100  $\mu\text{l}$  of the solution was added to each well in 96-well immunoplates (Nunc, MaxiSorp Cat. No. 442404) followed by allowing to stand at room temperature overnight. Subsequently, each well in the plates was blocked with 50% Blockace (Snow Brand Milk Products, Co., Ltd.) at room temperature for 50 minutes, and then was washed three times with PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20 (washing buffer).

A series of concentrations of OCIF was prepared by diluting OCIF with 1st reaction buffer (0.2 M Tris-HCl bufer, pH 7.4, containing 40% Blockace and 0.1% Tween 20). Each well in 96-well immunoplates was filled with 100  $\mu\text{l}$  of the prepared OCIF solution with each concentration, allowed to stand at 37 °C for 3 hours, and subsequently washed three times with the washing buffer. For dilution of POD-labeled antibody, 2nd reaction buffer (0.1 M Tris-HCl buffer, pH 7.4, containing 25% Blockace and 0.1% Tween 20) was used. POD-labeled antibody was diluted 400-fold with 2nd reaction buffer, and 100  $\mu\text{l}$  of the diluted solution was added to each well in the immunoplates. Each imunoplate was allowed to stand at 37 °CC for 2 hours, and subsequently washed three times with the washing buffer. After washing, 100  $\mu\text{l}$  of a substrate solution (0.1 M citrate-phosphate buffer, pH 4.5, containing 0.4 mg/ml of o-phenylenediamine HCl and 0.006%  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ ) was added to each well in the immunoplates and the immunoplates were incubated at 37°C for 15 min. The enzyme reaction was terminated by adding 50  $\mu\text{l}$  of 6 N  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$  to each well. The optical density of each well was determined at 492 nm using an immunoreader (ImmunoReader NJ 2000, Nunc).

Using three kinds of monoclonal antibody in the present invention, each

combination of solid phase and POD-labeled antibodies leads to a accurate determination of OCIF. Each monoclonal antibody in the present invention was confirmed to recognize a different epitope of OCIF. A typical standard curve of OCIF using a combination of solid phase antibody, A1G5 and POD-labeled antibody, E3H8 was shown in Fig. 14.

vi) Determination of OCIF in human serum

Concentration of OCIF in five samples of normal human serum was determined using an EIA system described in EXAMPLE 25-v). The immunoplates were coated with A1G5 as described in EXAMPLE 25-v), and 50  $\mu$ l of 1st. reaction buffer was added to each well in the immunoplates. Subsequently, 50  $\mu$ l of each human serum was added to each well in the immunoplates. The immunoplates were incubated at 37°C for 3 hours and then washed three times with the washing buffer. After washing, each well in the immunoplates was filled with 100  $\mu$ l of POD-E3H8 antibody diluted 400-fold with 2nd. reaction buffer and incubated at 37°C for 2 hours. After washing the immunoplates three times with the washing buffer, 100  $\mu$ l of the substrate solution described in EXAMPLE 25-v) was added to each well and incubated at 37°C for 15 min. The enzyme reaction was terminated by adding 50  $\mu$ l of 6 N H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> to each well in the immunoplates. The optical density of each well was determined at 492 nm using an immunoreader (ImmunoReader NJ 2000, Nunc).

1st. reaction buffer containing the known amount of OCIF was treated in the same way and a standard curve of OCIF as shown in fig. 2 was obtained. Using the standard curve of OCIF, the amount of OCIF in human serum sample was

determined. The results were shown in Table 14.

Table 14

The amount of OCIF in normal human serum

Serum Sample	OCIF Concentration (ng/ml)
1	5. 0
2	2. 0
3	1. 0
4	3. 0
5	1. 5

#### EXAMPLE 26

Therapeutic effect on osteoporosis

##### (1) Method

Male Fischer rats, 6 weeks-old, were subjected to denervation of left forelimb. These rats were assigned to four groups(10 rats/group) and treated as follows ; group A, sham operated rats without administration ; group B, denervated rats with intravenous administration of vehicle ; group C, denervated rats administered OCIF intravenously at a dose of 5  $\mu$ g/kg twice a day ; group D, denervated rats administered OCIF intravenously at a dose of 50  $\mu$ g/kg twice a day. After denervation, OCIF was administered daily for 14 days. After 2 weeks treatment, the animals were sacrificed and their forelimbs were dissected. Thereafter bones were tested for mechanical

strength.

## (2) Results

Decrease of bone strength was observed in the animals of control groups as compared to those animals of the normal groups while bone strength was increase in the groups of animal received 50 mg of OCIF per kg body weight.

## Industrial availability

The present invention provides both a novel protein which inhibits formation of osteoclasts and a efficient procedure to produce the protein. The protein of the present invention has an activity to inhibit formation of osteoclasts. The protein will be useful for the treatment of many diseases accompanying bone loss, such as osteoporosis, and as an antigen to be used for the immunological diagnosis of such diseases.

Referring to the deposited the microorgainsm

Name and Address of the Depositary Authority

Name: National Institute of Bioscience and Human-Technology  
Agency of Industrial Science and Technology  
Ministry of International Trade and Industry

Address: 1-3, Higashi 1-chome, Tsukuba-shi, Ibaraki-ken  
305, JAPAN

Deposited date: June 21, 1995

(It was transferred from Bikkoken No. P-14998, which was deposited on June 21, 1995. Transferred date: October 25, 1995)

Acession Number: FERM BP-5267

## CLAIMS

1. An osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factor protein comprising the following properties:
  - (a) molecular weights as determined by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE) of approximately 60 kD under reducing conditions, and approximately 60 kD and 120 kD under non-reducing conditions;
  - (b) high affinity to cation-exchange resins and heparin derivatized substrates;
  - (c) inhibition activity: inhibits osteoclast differentiation or maturation, wherein the inhibition activity is decreased by heating at about 70°C for about 10 min. or at about 56°C for about 30 min., and wherein said activity is lost by heating at about 90°C for about 10 min.; and
  - (d) internal amino acid sequences substantially in accordance with Seq. ID Nos. 1, 2 and 3.
2. The protein of claim 1 comprising the N-terminal amino acid sequences provided in Seq. ID No. 7.
3. The protein of claim 1 which is derived from human fibroblasts.
4. A method of producing an osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factor protein comprising the steps of
  - cultivating human fibroblast cells;
  - forming a lysate of said fibroblast cells; and
  - separating said factor from said fibroblast cell lysate by a combination of ion-exchange, affinity, and reverse phase chromatography.
5. The method of claim 4 further comprising the step of cultivating the human fibroblasts on alumina ceramic pieces.

6. A protein comprising an amino acid sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 4.
7. cDNAs encoding an amino acid sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 4.
8. cDNA comprising a nucleotide sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 6.
9. cDNAs that hybridize to a cDNA as provided in Seq. ID No. 6 under moderately stringent conditions.
10. A protein expressed from cDNA encoding an amino acid sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 4.
11. A protein having a biological activity to inhibit osteoclast differentiation or maturation, said protein having an amino acid sequence expressed from a cDNA sharing at least about 80% sequence identity with the amino acid sequence provided in Seq. ID No. 4.
12. A recombinant protein which inhibits osteoclast differentiation or maturation expressed from a cDNA encoding an amino acid sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 4; said protein comprising the following properties:
  - (a) molecular weights as determined by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE) of approximately 60 kD under reducing conditions, and approximately 60 kD and 120 kD under non-reducing conditions;
  - (b) high affinity to cation-exchange resins and heparin derivatized substrates;
  - (c) inhibitory activity: inhibits osteoclast differentiation or maturation, wherein said activity is decreased by heating at about 70°C for about 10 min. or at about 56°C for about 30 min., and wherein said activity is lost by heating at about 90°C for about 10 min.; and
  - (d) an internal amino acid sequence as provided in Seq. ID Nos. 1-3.

13. The protein of claim 10 produced by gene engineering using mammalian cells as host cells.
14. The protein of claim 13 wherein said mammalian cells are 293/EBNA cells or CHO cells.
15. A cDNA comprising a nucleotide sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 8.
16. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 8.
17. cDNAs encoding amino acid sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 9.
18. A cDNA comprising a nucleotide sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 10.
19. A protein encoded by a cDNA comprising a nucleotide sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 10.
20. cDNAs encoding an amino acid sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 11.
21. A cDNA comprising a nucleotide sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 12.
22. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 12.
23. cDNAs encoding an amino acid sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 13.
24. A cDNA comprising a nucleotide sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 14.
25. A protein encoded by a cDNA having a nucleotide sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 14.



26. cDNAs encoding an amino acid sequence as provided in Seq. ID No. 15.
27. An antibody having specific affinity to the osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factor protein of claim 1.
28. The antibody of claim 27 that is polyclonal.
29. The antibody of claim 27 that is monoclonal.
30. The monoclonal antibody of claim 29 comprising the following properties: a molecular weight of about 150,000, and of subclass IgG<sub>1</sub>, IgG<sub>2a</sub>, or IgG<sub>2b</sub>.
31. A method for determining the concentration of an osteoclastogenesis inhibitory factor protein comprising contacting a sample suspected of containing said protein with an antibody of claim 27, 28, 29 or 30 under conditions sufficient to induce formation of protein-antibody conjugates, and detecting the amount of protein-antibody conjugates formed.

188PAC3999/1.398800

## Abstract

A protein which inhibits osteoclast differentiation and/or maturation and a method of production of the protein. The protein is produced by human embryonic lung fibroblasts and has molecular weight of about 60 kD and about 120 kD under non-reducing conditions and about 60 kD under reducing conditions on SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, respectively.

The protein can be isolated and purified from culture medium of the said fibroblasts. Furthermore, the protein can be produced by gene engineering.

The present invention includes cDNA for producing the protein by gene engineering, antibodies having specific affinity to the protein or a method for determination of the protein concentration using the antibodies.

Fig. 1

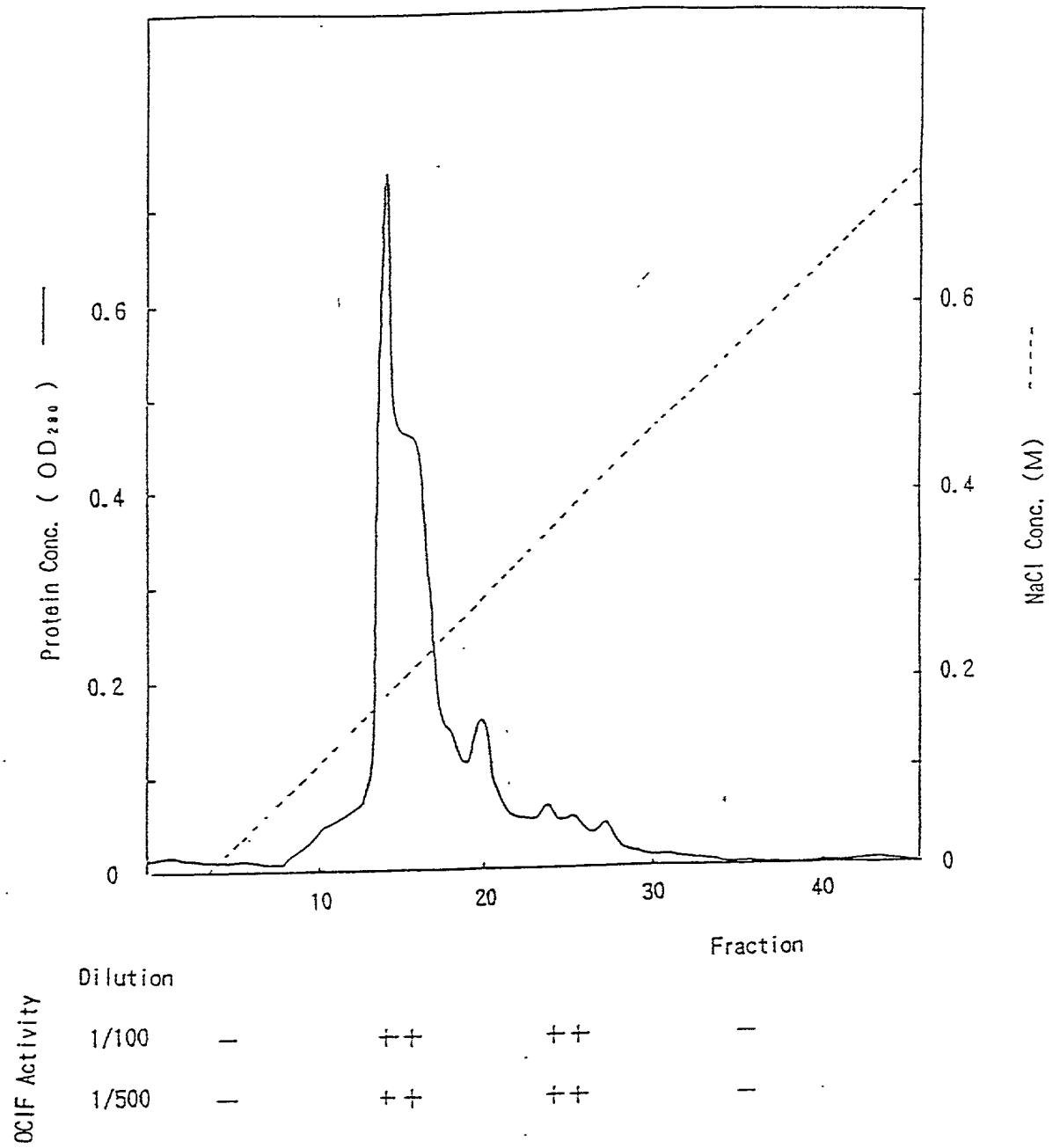


Fig. 2

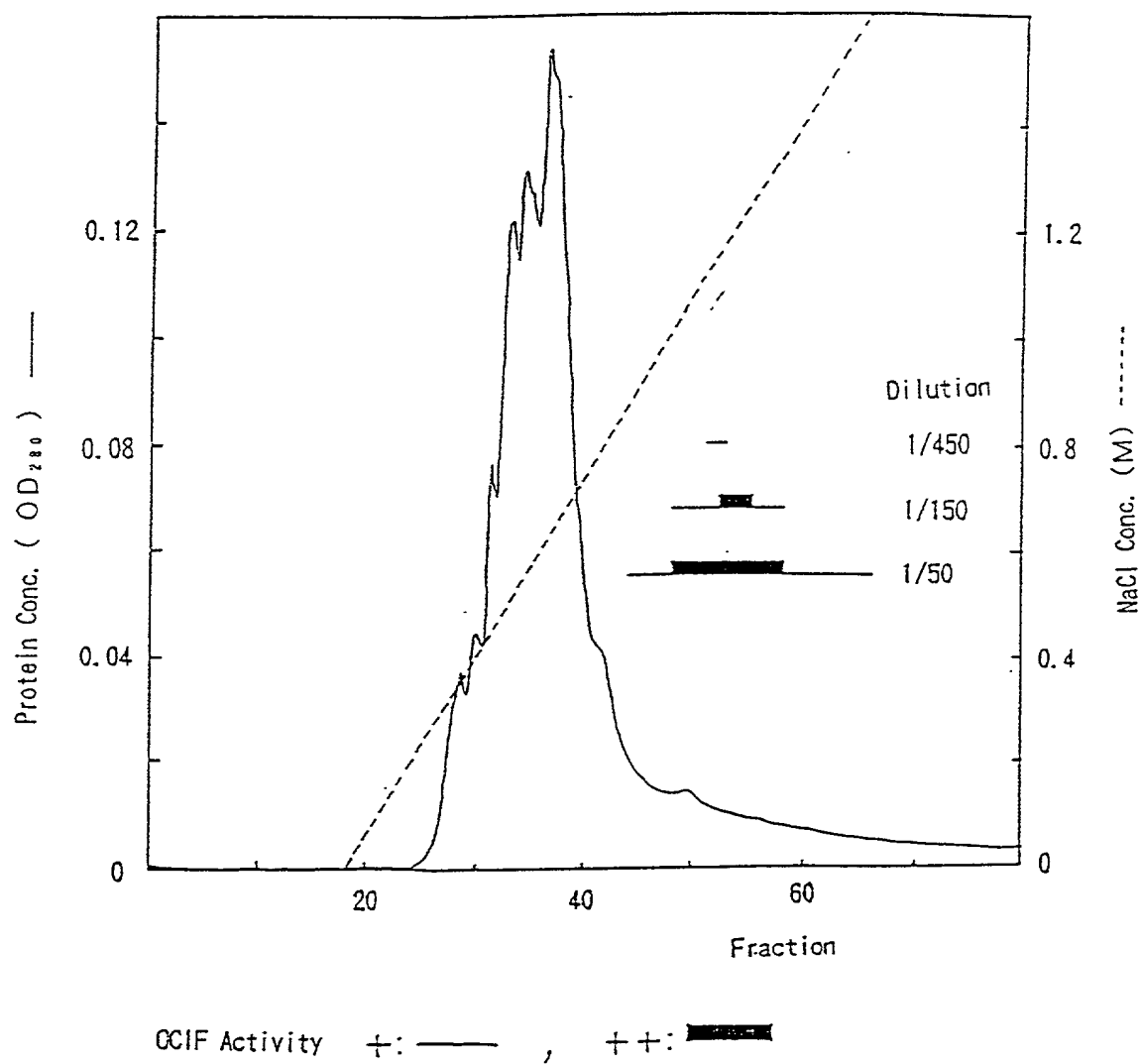


Fig. 3

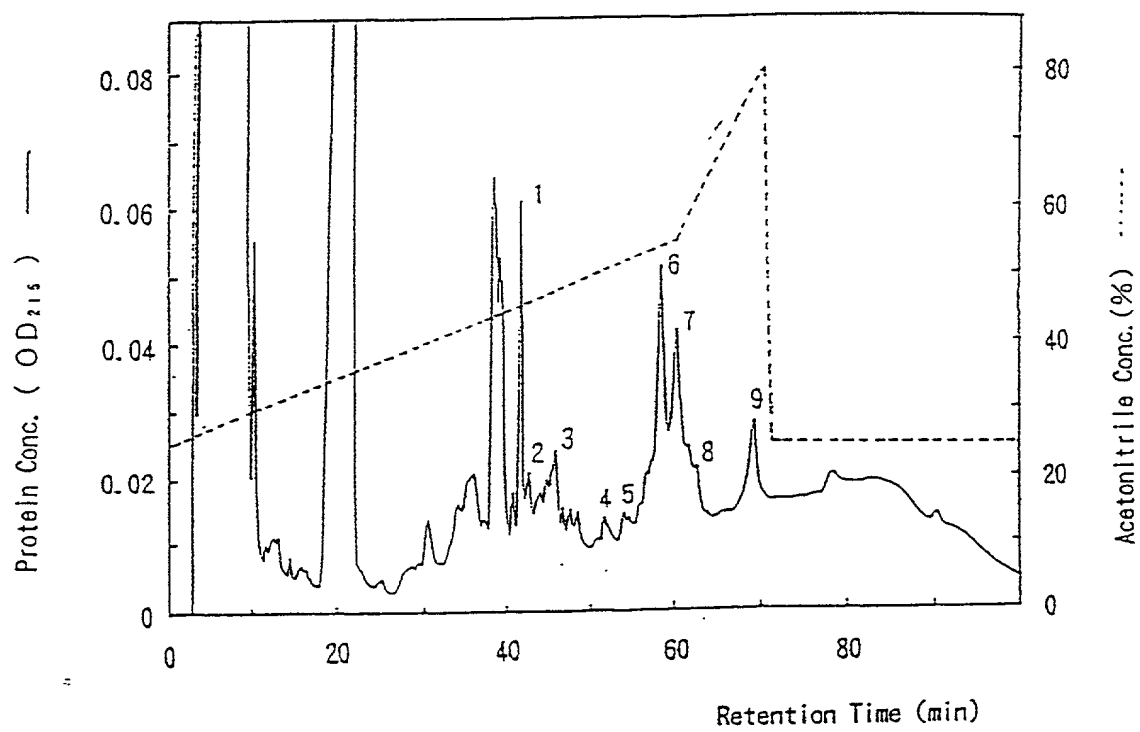


Fig. 4

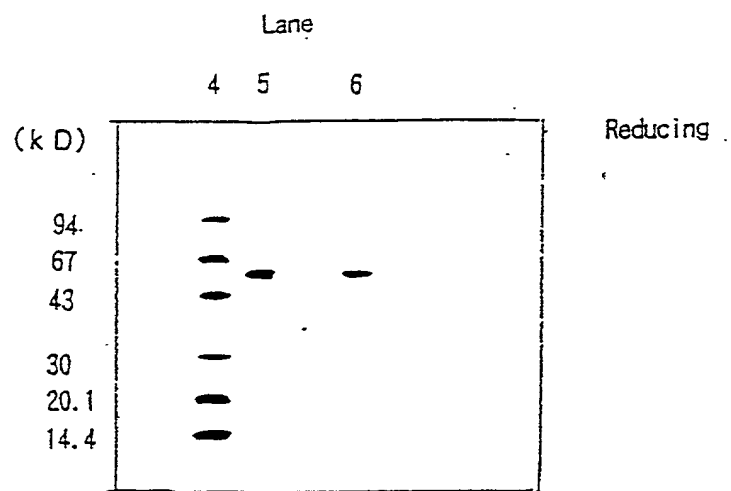
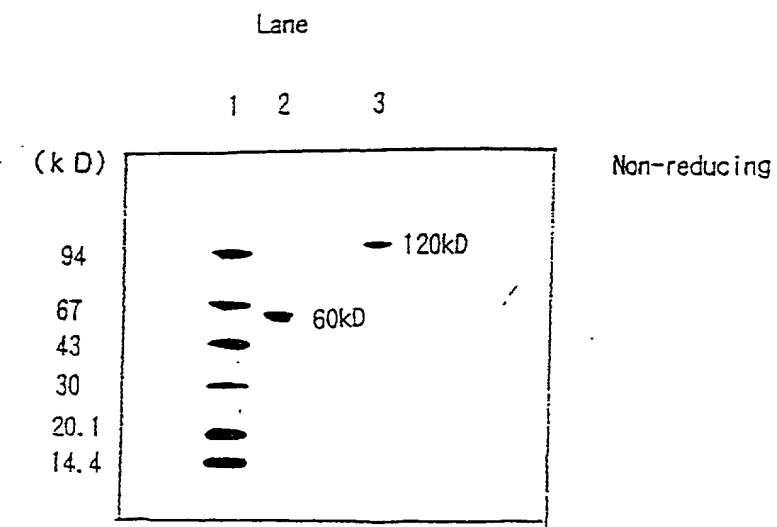
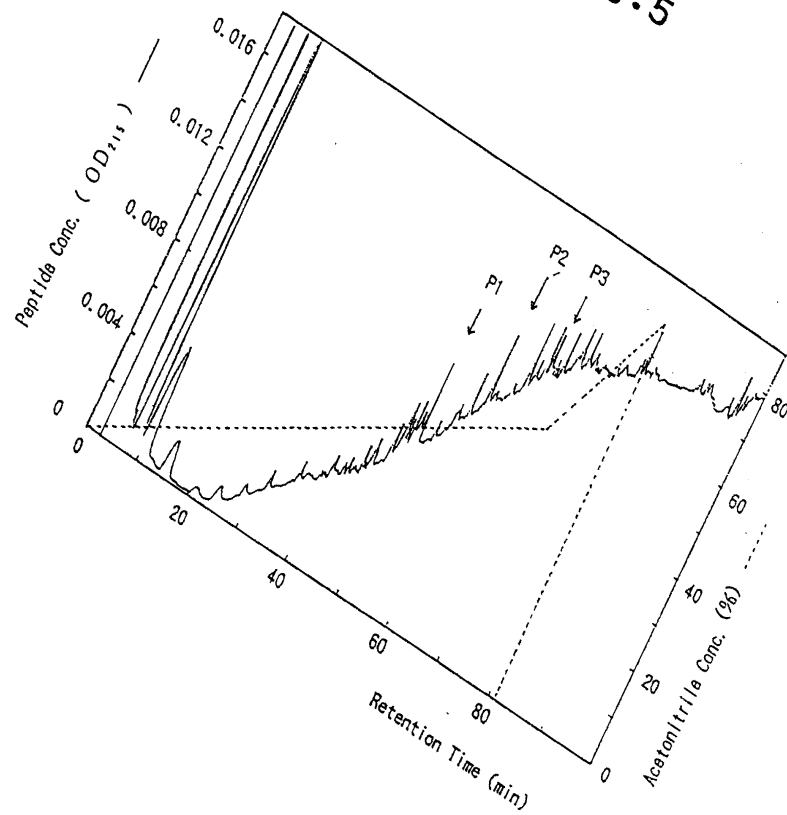
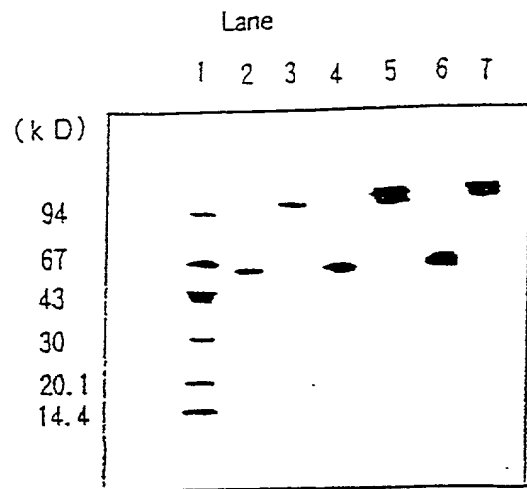


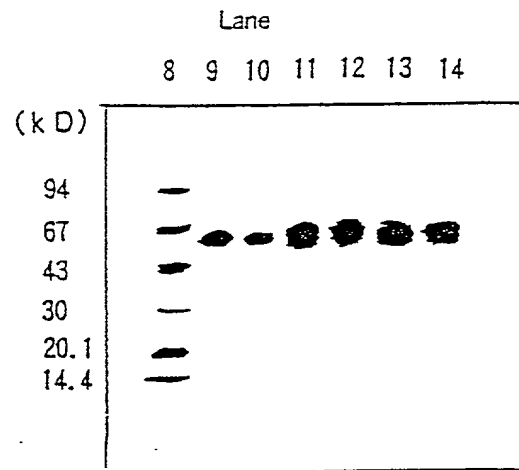
Fig.5



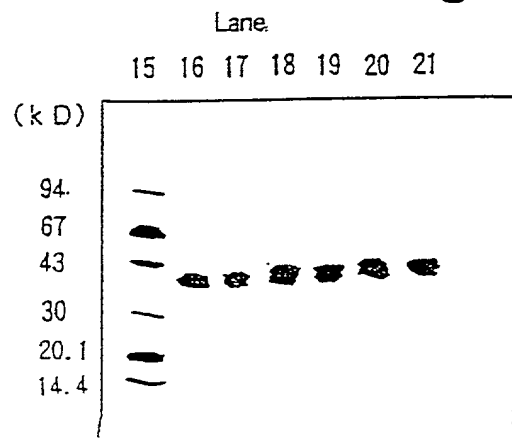
**Fig. 6**



**Fig. 7**



**Fig. 8**





# Fig. 9

1  
MNNLLCCALVFLDISIKWTTQETFPKYLHYDEETSHQLLCDKCPPGTYLKQHCTAKWKT (OCIF1)  
\*\*\*\*\*  
MNNLLCCALVFLDISIKWTTQETFPKYLHYDEETSHQLLCDKCPPGTYLKQHCTAKWKT (OCIF2)  
1

61  
VCAPCPDHYTDSWHTSDECLYCSPVCKELQYVKQECNRTHNRVCECKEGRYLEIEFCLK (OCIF1)  
\*\*\*\*\*  
VCAPCPDHYTDSWHTSDECLYCSPVCKE-----CNRTHNRVCECKEGRYLEIEFCLK (OCIF2)  
61

121  
HRSCPPGFGVVQAGTPERN TVCKRCPDGFSSNETSSKAPCRKHTNCSVFGLLLTQKGNAT (OCIF1)  
\*\*\*\*\*  
HRSCPPGFGVVQAGTPERN TVCKRCPDGFSSNETSSKAPCRKHTNCSVFGLLLTQKGNAT (OCIF2)  
114

181  
HDNICS GNSESTQKCGIDVTLCEEAFRFAVPTKFTPNWLSVLVDNLPGTKVNAESVERI (OCIF1)  
\*\*\*\*\*  
HDNICS GNSESTQKCGIDVTLCEEAFRFAVPTKFTPNWLSVLVDNLPGTKVNAESVERI (OCIF2)  
174

241  
KRQHSSQEQT FQLKLWKHQNKDQDIVKKIIQDIDLCENSVQRHIGHANLT FEQLRSLME (OCIF1)  
\*\*\*\*\*  
KRQHSSQEQT FQLKLWKHQNKDQDIVKKIIQDIDLCENSVQRHIGHANLT FEQLRSLME (OCIF2)  
234

301  
SLPGKKVGAEDIEKTIKACKPSDQILKLLSLWRIKNGDQDTLKGLMHALKH SKTYHFPKT (OCIF1)  
\*\*\*\*\*  
SLPGKKVGAEDIEKTIKACKPSDQILKLLSLWRIKNGDQDTLKGLMHALKH SKTYHFPKT (OCIF2)  
294

361  
VTQSLKKTIRFLHSFTMYKLYQKLFLEMIGNQVQSVKISCL (OCIF1)  
\*\*\*\*\*  
VTQSLKKTIRFLHSFTMYKLYQKLFLEMIGNQVQSVKISCL (OCIF2)  
354

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
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2	2	1	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
3	3	2	1	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
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```

1
MNNLLCCALVFLOISIKWTTQETFPKYLYHYDEETSHQLLCDKCPPGTLYLKQHCTAKWKT (OCIF1)
** *****
MNKLLCCALVFLDISIKWTTQETFPKYLYHYDEETSHQLLCDKCPPGTLYLKQHCTAKWKT (OCIF3)
1
61
VCAPCPDHYTDSWHTSDECLYCSVPCKELQYVKQECNRTHNRVCECKEGRYLEIEFCLK (OCIF1)
*****
VCAPCPDHYTDSWHTSDECLYCSVPCKELQYVKQECNRTHNRVCECKEGRYLEIEFCLK (OCIF3)
61
121
HRSCPPGFGVVQAGTPERN TVCKRCPDGGFFSNETSSKAPCRKHTNCSVFGLLLTQKGNAT (OCIF1)
*****
HRSCPPGFGVVQAGTPERN TVCKRCPDGGFFSNETSSKAPCRKHTNCSVFGLLLTQKGNAT (OCIF3)
121
181
HDNICSGNSESTQKCGIDVTLCEEAFRFAVPTKFTPNWLSVLVDNLPGTKVNAESVERI (OCIF1)
*****
HDNICSGNSESTQKCGIDVTLCEEAFRFAVPTKFTPNWLSVLVDNLPGTKVNAESVERI (OCIF3)
181
241
KRQHSSQEQTFLQLKLWKHQKQDQIVKKIIQDIDLCEMSVQRHIGHANLTFEQLRSLME (OCIF1)
*****
KRQHSSQEQTFLQLKLWKHQKQDQIVKKIIQDIDLCEMSVQRHIGHANLS----- (OCIF3)
241
301
SLPGKKVGAEDIEKTIKACKPSQILKLLSLWRIKNGDQDTLGLMHALKHKSPTYHFPKT (OCIF1)
*****
-----LWRIKNGDQDTLGLMHALKHKSPTYHFPKT (OCIF3)
292
361
VTQSLKKTIRFLHSFTMYKLYQKLFLEMIGNQVQSVKISCL (OCIF1)
*****
VTQSLKKTIRFLHSFTMYKLYQKLFLEMIGNQVQSVKISCL (OCIF3)
322

```

Variable	Mean	Standard Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Age	34.5	10.2	21	55
Gender	0.5	0.5	0	1
Marital Status	0.6	0.5	0	1
Education	12.5	1.5	10	15
Income	3500	1500	1000	7000
Health	0.8	0.2	0	1
Smoking	0.3	0.5	0	1
Alcohol	0.2	0.4	0	1
Exercise	0.4	0.5	0	1
Stress	0.6	0.5	0	1
Sleep	0.7	0.3	0	1
Work	0.8	0.2	0	1
Family	0.9	0.1	0	1
Friends	0.7	0.4	0	1
Community	0.6	0.5	0	1
Religion	0.5	0.5	0	1
Politics	0.4	0.5	0	1
Art	0.3	0.5	0	1
Music	0.4	0.5	0	1
Reading	0.5	0.5	0	1
Travel	0.6	0.5	0	1
Volunteering	0.7	0.4	0	1
Charitable	0.8	0.3	0	1
Philanthropy	0.9	0.1	0	1
Leadership	0.6	0.5	0	1
Teamwork	0.7	0.4	0	1
Communication	0.8	0.3	0	1
Problem Solving	0.9	0.1	0	1
Decision Making	0.7	0.4	0	1
Conflict Resolution	0.6	0.5	0	1
Emotional Stability	0.8	0.2	0	1
Resilience	0.7	0.3	0	1
Optimism	0.6	0.4	0	1
Gratitude	0.5	0.5	0	1
Forgiveness	0.4	0.5	0	1
Empathy	0.3	0.5	0	1
Compassion	0.2	0.4	0	1
Kindness	0.1	0.3	0	1
Generosity	0.0	0.2	0	1
Humility	0.0	0.1	0	1
Patience	0.0	0.1	0	1
Self-control	0.0	0.1	0	1
Perseverance	0.0	0.1	0	1
Endurance	0.0	0.1	0	1
Stamina	0.0	0.1	0	1
Strength	0.0	0.1	0	1
Agility	0.0	0.1	0	1
Coordination	0.0	0.1	0	1
Balance	0.0	0.1	0	1
Flexibility	0.0	0.1	0	1
Speed	0.0	0.1	0	1
Power	0.0	0.1	0	1
Endurance	0.0	0.1	0	1
Strength	0.0	0.1	0	1
Agility	0.0	0.1	0	1
Coordination	0.0	0.1	0	1
Balance	0.0	0.1	0	1
Flexibility	0.0	0.1	0	1
Speed	0.0	0.1	0	1
Power	0.0	0.1	0	1
Endurance	0.0	0.1	0	1
Strength	0.0	0.1	0	1
Agility	0.0	0.1	0	1
Coordination	0.0	0.1	0	1
Balance	0.0	0.1	0	1
Flexibility	0.0	0.1	0	1
Speed	0.0	0.1	0	1
Power	0.0	0.1	0	1
Endurance	0.0	0.1	0	1
Strength	0.0	0.1	0	1
Agility	0.0	0.1	0	1
Coordination	0.0	0.1	0	1
Balance	0.0	0.1	0	1
Flexibility	0.0	0.1	0	1
Speed	0.0	0.1	0	1
Power	0.0	0.1	0	1
Endurance	0.0	0.1	0	1
Strength	0.0	0.1	0	1
Agility	0.0	0.1	0	1
Coordination	0.0	0.1	0	1
Balance	0.0	0.1	0	1
Flexibility	0.0	0.1	0	1
Speed	0.0	0.1	0	1
Power	0.0	0.1	0	1
Endurance	0.0	0.1	0	1
Strength	0.0	0.1	0	1
Agility				

Fig. 12

```

1
MNNLLCCALVFLDISIKWTTQETFPKYLHYDEETSHQLLCDKCPPGTYLKQHCTAKWKT (OCIF1)
** *****
MNKLLCCALVFLDISIKWTTQETFPKYLHYDEETSHQLLCDKCPPGTYLKQHCTAKWKT (OCIF5)
1

61
VCAPCPDHYYTDSWHTSDECLYCSPVCKELQYVKQECNRTHNRVCECKEGRYLEIEFCLK (OCIF1)
*****
VCAPCPDHYYTDSWHTSDECLYCSPVCKELQYVKQECNRTHNRVCECKEGRYLEIEFCLK (OCIF5)
61

121
HRSCPPGFGVVQAGTPERN TVCKRCPDGGFSNETSSKAPCRKHTNCSVFGLLLTQKGNAT (OCIF1)
***** *
HRSCPPGFGVVQAGCRRRPKPQICI (OCIF5)
121

```

Fig. 13

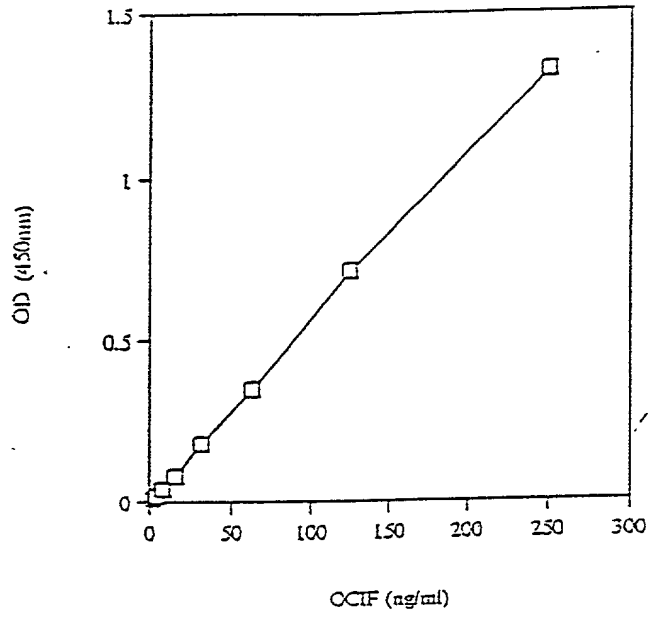


Fig. 14

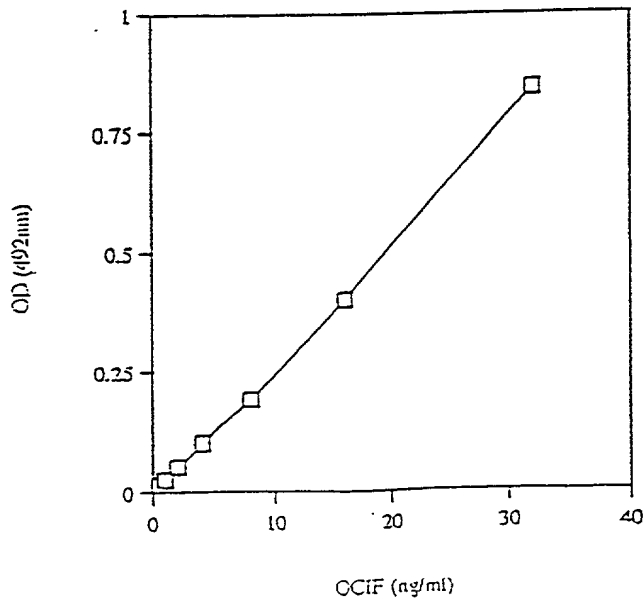
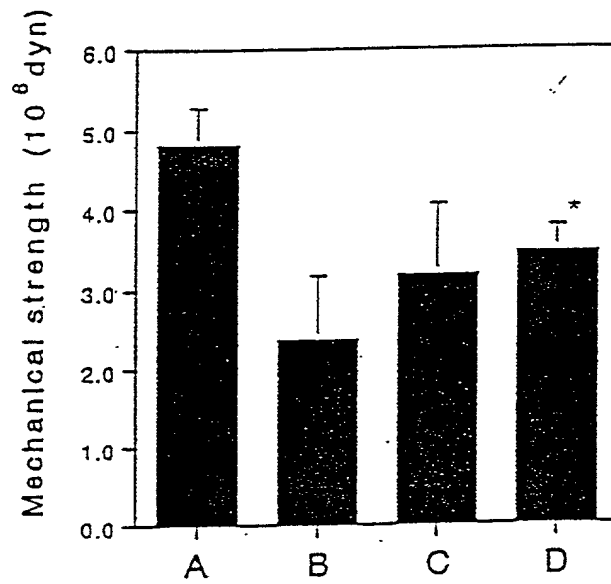


Fig. 15



A : Normal rat

B : Denervated rat+Vehicle

C : Denervated rat+OCIF 10µg/kg/day

C : Denervated rat+OCIF 100µg/kg/day

PATENT

Atty. Docket No. FJN-060

(3999/63)

**COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY  
FOR PATENT APPLICATION**

COPY

(Original, Design, National Stage of PCT, Supplemental, Divisional, Continuation or CIP)

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name, and I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

NOVEL PROTEINS AND METHODS FOR PRODUCING THE PROTEINS

the specification of which (check one):

- ☒ is attached hereto.
- ☐ was filed on \_\_\_\_\_ as Application Serial No. 0\_\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_\_ or
- ☐ was described and claimed in PCT International Application No. \_\_\_\_\_ filed on \_\_\_\_\_ and as amended under PCT Article 19 on \_\_\_\_\_ (if any).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims as amended by any amendment referred to herein.

I acknowledge the continuing duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with 37 C.F.R. §1.56.

PRIORITY CLAIM

- ☐ A. I hereby claim benefit under 35 U.S.C. 119(e) of United States Provisional Application No. \_\_\_\_\_, filed on \_\_\_\_\_.
- ☒ B. I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or of any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America listed below and I have also identified below any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America filed by me on the same subject matter having a filing date before that of the application(s) of which priority is claimed.

606050-6308660

- ☐ no such applications have been filed.
- ☒ such applications have been filed as follows:

**EARLIEST FOREIGN APPLICATION(S), IF ANY FILED WITHIN  
12 MONTHS (6 MONTHS FOR DESIGN) PRIOR TO  
THIS U.S. APPLICATION**

Country	Application Number	Date of Filing (mo., day, year)	Priority Claimed Under 35 USC 119
			<input type="checkbox"/> YES   NO <input type="checkbox"/>

**ALL FOREIGN APPLICATION(S), IF ANY FILED MORE THAN  
12 MONTHS (6 MONTHS FOR DESIGN) PRIOR TO  
THIS U.S. APPLICATION**

Country	Application Number	Date of Filing (mo., day, year)	Priority Claimed Under 37 USC 119
Japan	54977/1995	Feb. 20, 1995	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES   NO <input type="checkbox"/>
Japan	207508/1995	July 21, 1995	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES   NO <input type="checkbox"/>

- ☒ C. I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. §120 of any United States application(s) or PCT international application(s) designating the United States of America that is/are listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in that/those prior application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in 37 C.F.R. §1.56 which occurred between the filing date of the prior application(s) and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

**PRIOR U.S. NON-PROVISIONAL APPLICATIONS OR PCT INTERNATIONAL  
APPLICATIONS DESIGNATING THE U.S. FOR BENEFIT UNDER 35 USC §120:**

U.S. APPLICATIONS	U.S. FILING DATE	STATUS
PCT/JP96/00374	Feb. 20, 1996	Pending
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status) (patented, pending, aband.)
(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	(Status) (patented, pending, aband.)

## POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorneys and/or agents to prosecute this application and transact all business in the United States Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

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Edmund R. Pitcher	Reg. No. 27,829
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Eisuke Tsuda	Japan
Full name of inventor	Citizenship
Eisuke Tsuda	May 22, 1997
Inventor's signature	Date
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Full name of inventor	Citizenship
<i>Shin-ichi Mochizuki</i>	<i>May 22, 1997</i>
Inventor's signature	Date
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Residence	
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## Japan

## Citizenship

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Date \_\_\_\_\_

Residence

Post Office Address

Japan

## Citizenship

May 21, 1997

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Residence

Post Office Address

## Japan

## Citizenship

5/21/97

Date \_\_\_\_\_

### Residence

---

**Post Office Address**

## Japan

## Citizenship

May 22, 1897

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Residence

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## Citizenship

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Date \_\_\_\_\_

, Ishibashimachi, Shimotsuga-gun,

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Imotsuga-gun, Tochigi 321-02 Japan

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## Japan

## Citizenship

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Date \_\_\_\_\_

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Same as above

### Post Office Address

## Japan

## Citizenship

May 22, 1997

Date \_\_\_\_\_

0 Japan

Same as above

---

**Post Office Address**

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

APPLICANT(S): Goto et al.  
SERIAL NO.: Not yet assigned GROUP NO.: Not yet assigned  
FILED: Herewith EXAMINER: Not yet assigned  
TITLE: NOVEL PROTEINS AND METHODS FOR PRODUCING THE PROTEINS

## ASSOCIATE POWER OF ATTORNEY

Box Patent Application  
Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

An associate power of attorney is hereby granted to:

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Jennifer A. Camacho	43,526
Jerrie L. Chiu	41,670
Jennifer L. Dupre	41,722
John V. Forcier	42,545
Michael J. Giannetta	42,574
Ira V. Heffan	41,059
Danielle L. Herritt	43,670
Elizabeth E. Kim	43,334
Kurt W. Lockwood	40,704
Marianne M. McLaughlin	42,870
Joseph B. Milstein	42,897
Ronda P. Moore	44,244
Michael A. Rodriguez	41,274
Michael J. Schmelzer	43,093
Robert J. Tosti	35,393

in connection with the above-identified patent application.

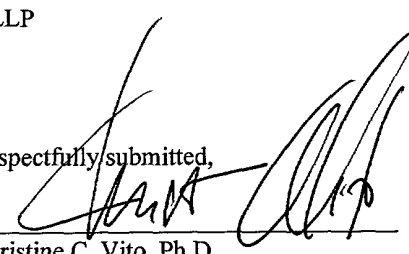
Please continue to direct all correspondence relating to the above application to:

Patent Administrator  
Testa, Hurwitz & Thibault, LLP  
High Street Tower  
125 High Street  
Boston, MA 02110

Date: June 21, 1999  
Reg. No. 39,061

Tel. No.: (617) 248-7368  
Fax No.: (617) 248-7100

Respectfully submitted,

  
Christine C. Vito, Ph.D.  
Attorney for Applicants  
Testa, Hurwitz, & Thibault, LLP  
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No. EM601204925US

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NAKAGAWA, Nobuaki  
MORINAGA, Tomonori  
UEDA, Masatsugu  
HIGASHIO, Kanji

(ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: Novel Proteins and Methods for Producing  
the Proteins

(iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 108

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(E) COUNTRY: USA  
(F) ZIP: 02110

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(A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk  
(B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible  
(C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS  
(D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.30

## (vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER:  
(B) FILING DATE:  
(C) CLASSIFICATION:

## (vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: JP 54977/1995  
(B) FILING DATE: 20-FEB-1995

## (vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: JP 207508/1995  
(B) FILING DATE: 21-JUL-1995

## (vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

(A) APPLICATION NUMBER: PCT/JP96/00374  
(B) FILING DATE: 20-FEB-1996

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(B) REGISTRATION NUMBER: 32,503  
(C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: FJN-060

## (ix) TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

(A) TELEPHONE: (617) 248-7000  
(B) TELEFAX: (617) 248-7100

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS:  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 1..6  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(an internal amino acid sequence of the protein)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

Xaa Tyr His Phe Pro Lys  
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 14 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS:  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 1..14  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(an internal amino acid sequence of the protein)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

Xaa Gln His Ser Xaa Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Xaa Lys  
1 5 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:3:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 12 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS:  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 1..12  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(an internal amino acid sequence of the protein)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

Xaa Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys  
1 5 10

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 380 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (C) STRANLONNESS:  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Protein  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..380  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF protein without  
 signal peptide)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

Glu	Thr	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Leu	His	Tyr	Asp	Glu	Glu	Thr	Ser	His
1				5					10					15	
Gln	Leu	Leu	Cys	Asp	Lys	Cys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Leu	Lys	Gln	His
			20					25					30		
Cys	Thr	Ala	Lys	Trp	Lys	Thr	Val	Cys	Ala	Pro	Cys	Pro	Asp	His	Tyr
		35					40					45			
Tyr	Thr	Asp	Ser	Trp	His	Thr	Ser	Asp	Glu	Cys	Leu	Tyr	Cys	Ser	Pro
	50				55						60				
Val	Cys	Lys	Glu	Leu	Gln	Tyr	Val	Lys	Gln	Glu	Cys	Asn	Arg	Thr	His
65					70					75				80	
Asn	Arg	Val	Cys	Glu	Cys	Lys	Glu	Gly	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Glu	Ile	Glu	Phe
			85						90					95	
Cys	Leu	Lys	His	Arg	Ser	Cys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Phe	Gly	Val	Val	Gln	Ala
			100					105					110		
Gly	Thr	Pro	Glu	Arg	Asn	Thr	Val	Cys	Lys	Arg	Cys	Pro	Asp	Gly	Phe
		115					120					125			
Phe	Ser	Asn	Glu	Thr	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ala	Pro	Cys	Arg	Lys	His	Thr	Asn
	130					135					140				
Cys	Ser	Val	Phe	Gly	Leu	Leu	Leu	Thr	Gln	Lys	Gly	Asn	Ala	Thr	His
145					150					155				160	
Asp	Asn	Ile	Cys	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu	Ser	Thr	Gln	Lys	Cys	Gly	Ile
			165						170					175	
Asp	Val	Thr	Leu	Cys	Glu	Glu	Ala	Phe	Phe	Arg	Phe	Ala	Val	Pro	Thr
			180					185					190		
Lys	Phe	Thr	Pro	Asn	Trp	Leu	Ser	Val	Leu	Val	Asp	Asn	Leu	Pro	Gly
		195					200					205			
Thr	Lys	Val	Asn	Ala	Glu	Ser	Val	Glu	Arg	Ile	Lys	Arg	Gln	His	Ser
	210					215					220				
Ser	Gln	Glu	Gln	Thr	Phe	Gln	Leu	Leu	Lys	Leu	Trp	Lys	His	Gln	Asn
225					230					235				240	
Lys	Asp	Gln	Asp	Ile	Val	Lys	Lys	Ile	Ile	Gln	Asp	Ile	Asp	Leu	Cys
			245						250				255		
Glu	Asn	Ser	Val	Gln	Arg	His	Ile	Gly	His	Ala	Asn	Leu	Thr	Phe	Glu
			260					265					270		
Gln	Leu	Arg	Ser	Leu	Met	Glu	Ser	Leu	Pro	Gly	Lys	Lys	Val	Gly	Ala

5

Glu 290	Asp	Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr	Ile 295	Lys	Ala	Cys	Lys	Pro 300	Ser	Asp	Gln	Ile
Leu 305	Lys	Leu	Leu	Ser	Leu 310	Trp	Arg	Ile	Lys	Asn 315	Gly	Asp	Gln	Asp	Thr 320
Leu	Lys	Gly	Leu	Met 325	His	Ala	Leu	Lys	His 330	Ser	Lys	Thr	Tyr	His 335	Phe
Pro	Lys	Thr	Val 340	Thr	Gln	Ser	Leu	Lys	Lys 345	Thr	Ile	Arg	Phe 350	Leu	His
Ser	Phe	Thr 355	Met	Tyr	Lys	Leu	Tyr 360	Gln	Lys	Leu	Phe	Leu 365	Glu	Met	Ile
Gly 370	Asn	Gln	Val	Gln	Ser	Val 375	Lys	Ile	Ser	Cys	Leu 380				

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 401 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

```
(ix) FEATURE:
      (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
      (B) LOCATION: 1..380
      (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF protein)"
```

```
(ix) FEATURE:
      (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
      (B) LOCATION: -21..0
      (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(signal peptide)"
```

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

Met	Asn	Asn	Leu	Leu	Cys	Cys	Ala	Leu	Val	Phe	Leu	Asp	Ile	Ser	Ile
-20						-15					-10				
Lys	Trp	Thr	Thr	Gln	Glu	Thr	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Leu	His	Tyr	Asp
-5					1				5					10	
Glu	Glu	Thr	Ser	His	Gln	Leu	Leu	Cys	Asp	Lys	Cys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Thr
			15					20					25		
Tyr	Leu	Lys	Gln	His	Cys	Thr	Ala	Lys	Trp	Lys	Thr	Val	Cys	Ala	Pro
		30					35					40			
Cys	Pro	Asp	His	Tyr	Tyr	Thr	Asp	Ser	Trp	His	Thr	Ser	Asp	Glu	Cys
	45					50					55				
Leu	Tyr	Cys	Ser	Pro	Val	Cys	Lys	Glu	Leu	Gln	Tyr	Val	Lys	Gln	Glu
60					65					70					75
Cys	Asn	Arg	Thr	His	Asn	Arg	Val	Cys	Glu	Cys	Lys	Glu	Gly	Arg	Tyr
				80					85					90	
Leu	Glu	Ile	Glu	Phe	Cys	Leu	Lys	His	Arg	Ser	Cys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Phe
			95					100					105		



Gly	Val	Val	Gln	Ala	Gly	Thr	Pro	Glu	Arg	Asn	Thr	Val	Cys	Lys	Arg	110	115	120
Cys	Pro	Asp	Gly	Phe	Phe	Ser	Asn	Glu	Thr	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ala	Pro	Cys	125	130	135
Arg	Lys	His	Thr	Asn	Cys	Ser	Val	Phe	Gly	Leu	Leu	Leu	Thr	Gln	Lys	140	145	150
Gly	Asn	Ala	Thr	His	Asp	Asn	Ile	Cys	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu	Ser	Thr	160	165	170
Gln	Lys	Cys	Gly	Ile	Asp	Val	Thr	Leu	Cys	Glu	Glu	Ala	Phe	Phe	Arg	175	180	185
Phe	Ala	Val	Pro	Thr	Lys	Phe	Thr	Pro	Asn	Trp	Leu	Ser	Val	Leu	Val	190	195	200
Asp	Asn	Leu	Pro	Gly	Thr	Lys	Val	Asn	Ala	Glu	Ser	Val	Glu	Arg	Ile	205	210	215
Lys	Arg	Gln	His	Ser	Ser	Gln	Glu	Gln	Thr	Phe	Gln	Leu	Leu	Lys	Leu	220	225	230
Trp	Lys	His	Gln	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gln	Asp	Ile	Val	Lys	Lys	Ile	Ile	Gln	240	245	250
Asp	Ile	Asp	Leu	Cys	Glu	Asn	Ser	Val	Gln	Arg	His	Ile	Gly	His	Ala	255	260	265
Asn	Leu	Thr	Phe	Glu	Gln	Leu	Arg	Ser	Leu	Met	Glu	Ser	Leu	Pro	Gly	270	275	280
Lys	Lys	Val	Gly	Ala	Glu	Asp	Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr	Ile	Lys	Ala	Cys	Lys	285	290	295
Pro	Ser	Asp	Gln	Ile	Leu	Lys	Leu	Leu	Ser	Leu	Trp	Arg	Ile	Lys	Asn	300	305	310
Gly	Asp	Gln	Asp	Thr	Leu	Lys	Gly	Leu	Met	His	Ala	Leu	Lys	His	Ser	320	325	330
Lys	Thr	Tyr	His	Phe	Pro	Lys	Thr	Val	Thr	Gln	Ser	Leu	Lys	Lys	Thr	335	340	345
Ile	Arg	Phe	Leu	His	Ser	Phe	Thr	Met	Tyr	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Lys	Leu	350	355	360
Phe	Leu	Glu	Met	Ile	Gly	Asn	Gln	Val	Gln	Ser	Val	Lys	Ile	Ser	Cys	365	370	375
Leu																380		

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 1206 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

- (ix) FEATURE:
- (A) NAME/KEY: -
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..1206

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60  
CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120  
TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180  
GTGTGCGCCC CTGCGCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240  
CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300  
CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360  
CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAAG GCGAAATACA 420  
GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCTGT 480  
AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA 540  
CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC 600  
CTGTGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT 660  
AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA 720  
AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA 780  
AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCTG TGAAAACAGC 840  
GTGCAGCGGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC ACCTTCGAGC AGCTTCGTAG CTTGATGGAA 900  
AGCTTACCGG GAAAGAAAGT GGGAGCAGAA GACATTGAAA AAACAATAAA GGCATGCAAA 960  
CCCAGTGACC AGATCCTGAA GCTGCTCAGT TTGTGGCGAA TAAAAAATGG CGACCAAGAC 1020  
ACCTTGAAGG GCCTAATGCA CGCACTAAAG CACTCAAAGA CGTACCACTT TCCCAAACT 1080  
GTCACCTCAGA GTCTAAAGAA GACCATCAGG TTCCTTCACA GCTTCACAAT GTACAAATTG 1140  
TATCAGAAGT TATTTTGTAGA AATGATAGGT AACCAGGTCC AATCAGTAAA AATAAGCTGC 1200  
TTATAA 1206

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 15 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS:  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

- (ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: 1..15  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(a N-terminal amino acid sequence of the protein)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1185 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..1185  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF2)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

ATGAACAACACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTTACTTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGTGC	AATCGCACCC	ACAACCGCGT	GTGCGAATGC	300
AAGGAAGGGC	GCTACCTTGA	GATAGAGTTC	TGCTTGAAAC	ATAGGAGCTG	CCCTCCTGGA	360
TTTGGAGTGG	TGCAAGCTGG	AACCCAGAG	CGAAATACAG	TTTGCAAAAG	ATGTCCAGAT	420
GGGTTCTTCT	CAAATGAGAC	GTCATCTAAA	GCACCCTGTA	GAAAACACAC	AAATTGCAGT	480
GTCTTTGGTC	TCCTGCTAAC	TCAGAAAGGA	AATGCAACAC	ACGACAACAT	ATGTTCCGGA	540
AACAGTGAAT	CAACTCAAAA	ATGTGGAATA	GATGTTACCC	TGTGTGAGGA	GGCATTCTTC	600
AGGTTTGCTG	TTCCTACAAA	GTTTACGCCT	AACTGGCTTA	GTGTCTTGGT	AGACAATTTG	660
CCTGGCACCA	AAGTAAACGC	AGAGAGTGTA	GAGAGGATAA	AACGGCAACA	CAGCTCACAA	720
GAACAGACTT	TCCAGCTGCT	GAAGTTATGG	AAACATCAAA	ACAAAGACCA	AGATATAGTC	780
AAGAAGATCA	TCCAAGATAT	TGACCTCTGT	GAAAACAGCG	TGCAGCGGCA	CATTGGACAT	840
GCTAACCTCA	CCTTCGAGCA	GCTTCGTAGC	TTGATGGAAA	GCTTACCGGG	AAAGAAAGTG	900
GGAGCAGAAG	ACATTGAAAA	AACAATAAAG	GCATGCAAAAC	CCAGTGACCA	GATCCTGAAG	960
CTGCTCAGTT	TGTGGCGAAT	AAAAAATGGC	GACCAAGACA	CCTTGAAGGG	CCTAATGCAC	1020
GCACTAAAGC	ACTCAAAGAC	GTACCAC TTT	CCCAAACTG	TCACTCAGAG	TCTAAAGAAG	1080
ACCATCAGGT	TCCTTCACAG	CTTCACAATG	TACAAATTGT	ATCAGAAGTT	ATTTTTAGAA	1140
ATGATAGGTA	ACCAGGTCCA	ATCAGTAAAA	ATAAGCTGCT	TATAA		1185

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 394 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS:  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Protein

(B) LOCATION: 1..373

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF2)"

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide

(B) LOCATION: -21..0

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:9:

```
Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
  -20                      -15                -10

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
  -5                      1              5              10

Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr
              15                20                25

Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro
              30                35                40

Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
  45                      50                55

Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg
  60                      65                70                75

Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu
              80                85                90

Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr
              95                100               105

Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser
              110               115               120

Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser
  125                130                135

Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn
  140                145                150                155

Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val
              160                165                170

Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe
              175                180                185

Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys
              190                195                200

Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln
  205                210                215

Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp
  220                225                230                235

Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn
              240                245                250

Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu
```





Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr  
 160 165 170  
 Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg  
 175 180 185  
 Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val  
 190 195 200  
 Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile  
 205 210 215  
 Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu  
 220 225 230 235  
 Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln  
 240 245 250  
 Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala  
 255 260 265  
 Asn Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys  
 270 275 280  
 Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys  
 285 290 295  
 Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe  
 300 305 310 315  
 Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn  
 320 325 330  
 Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu  
 335 340

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:12:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 465 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: -
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..465
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF4)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:12:

ATGAACAAGT TGCTGTGCTG CTCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT	240
CTTACTTGCA GCGGCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GTACGTGTCA ATGTGCAGCA	420

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:13:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 154 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
- (B) LOCATION: 1..133
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF4)"

## (ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -21..0

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:13:

```

Met Asn Lys Leu Leu Cys Cys Ser Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
  -20          -15          -10

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp
  -5          1          5          10

Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr
          15          20          25

Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro
          30          35          40

Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys
          45          50          55

Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu
          60          65          70          75

Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr
          80          85          90

Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe
          95          100          105

Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Cys Gln Cys Ala Ala Lys Leu Ile Arg
          110          115          120

Ile Met Gln Ser Gln Ile Val Val Thr Val
          125          130

```

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:14:

## (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 438 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

## (ix) FEATURE:



(A) NAME/. : -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..438  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF5)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:15:

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

```
(ix) FEATURE:
      (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
      (B) LOCATION: -21..0
```

Met	Asn	Lys	Leu	Leu	Cys	Cys	Ala	Leu	Val	Phe	Leu	Asp	Ile	Ser	Ile
	-20					-15					-10				
Lys	Trp	Thr	Thr	Gln	Glu	Thr	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Leu	His	Tyr	Asp
-5					1				5					10	
Glu	Glu	Thr	Ser	His	Gln	Leu	Leu	Cys	Asp	Lys	Cys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Thr
			15					20					25		
Tyr	Leu	Lys	Gln	His	Cys	Thr	Ala	Lys	Trp	Lys	Thr	Val	Cys	Ala	Pro
		30					35					40			
Cys	Pro	Asp	His	Tyr	Tyr	Thr	Asp	Ser	Trp	His	Thr	Ser	Asp	Glu	Cys
	45					50					55				
Leu	Tyr	Cys	Ser	Pro	Val	Cys	Lys	Glu	Leu	Gln	Tyr	Val	Lys	Gln	Glu
60					65					70					75
Cys	Asn	Arg	Thr	His	Asn	Arg	Val	Cys	Glu	Cys	Lys	Glu	Gly	Arg	Tyr
				80					85					90	
Leu	Glu	Ile	Glu	Phe	Cys	Leu	Lys	His	Arg	Ser	Cys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Phe

Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Cys Arg Arg Arg Pro Lys Pro Gln Ile Cys  
 110 115 120

Ile

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:16:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..20  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer T3)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:

AATTAACCCT CACTAAAGGG

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 22 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..22  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer T7)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:

GTAATACGAC TCACTATAGG GC

22

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..20  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF1)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:

ACATCAAAAC AAAGACCAAG

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..20
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF2)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:

TCTTGGTCTT TGTTTTGATG

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..20
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF3)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:

TTATTCGCCA CAACTGAGC

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..20
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF4)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21:

TTGTGAAGCT GTGAAGGAAC

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:22:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: -  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..20  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF5)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:22:

GCTCAGTTTG TGGCGAATAA

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:23:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: -  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..20  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF6)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:23:

GTGGGAGCAG AAGACATTGA

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:24:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: -  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..20  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF7)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:

AATGAACAAC TTGCTGTGCT

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: -  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..20  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF8)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:

TGACAAATGT CCTCCTGGTA

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..20  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF9)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:

AGGTAGGTAC CAGGAGGACA

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..20  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF10)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:

GAGCTGCCCT CCTGGATTG

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:28:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..20  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF11)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:

CAAACTGTAT TTCGCTCTGG

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:29:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..20  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer

IF12) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:29:

GTGTGAGGAG GCATTCTTCA

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:30:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 32 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..32  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer

C19SF) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:30:

GAATCAACTC AAAAAAGTGG AATAGATGTT AC

32

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:31:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 32 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..32  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer

C19SR) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:31:

GTAACATCTA TTCCACTTTT TTGAGTTGAT TC

32

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:32:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 30 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:  
    (A) NAME/KEY: -  
    (B) LOCATION: 1..30  
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer  
C20SF) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:32:

ATAGATGTTA CCCTGAGTGA GGAGGCATTC

30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:33:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 30 base pairs  
    (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
    (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:  
    (A) NAME/KEY: -  
    (B) LOCATION: 1..30  
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer  
C20SR) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:33:

GAATGCCTCC TCACTCAGGG TAACATCTAT

30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:34:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs  
    (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
    (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:  
    (A) NAME/KEY: -  
    (B) LOCATION: 1..31  
    (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer  
C21SF) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:34:

CAAGATATTG ACCTCAGTGA AAACAGCGTG C

31

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:35:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
    (A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs  
    (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
    (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:  
    (A) NAME/KEY: -

(B) LOCATION: 1..31  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer  
C21SR) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:35:

GCACGCTGTT TTCACTGAGG GCAATATCTT G

31

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:36:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..31  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer  
C22SF) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:36:

AAAACAATAA AGGCAAGCAA ACCCAGTGAC C

31

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:37:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..31  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer  
C22SR) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:37:

GGTCACTGGG TTGCTTGCC TTTATTGTTT T

31

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:38:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..31  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer  
C23SF) "



(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:38:

TCAGTAAAAA TAAGCAGCTT ATAACTGGCC A

31

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:39:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 31 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..31  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer  
C23SR) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:39:

TGGCCAGTTA TAAGCTGCTT ATTTTACTG A

31

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:40:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 22 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..22  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer  
IF14) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:40:

TTGGGGTTTA TTGAGGAGA TG

22

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:41:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..36  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer  
DCR1F) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:41:

ACCACCCAGG AACCTTGCCC TGACCACTAC TACACA

36

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:42:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..36  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer

DCR1R) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:42:

GTCAGGGCAA GGTTCCTGGG TGGTCCACTT AATGGA

36

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:43:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..36  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer

DCR2F) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:43:

ACCGTGTGCG CCGAATGCAA GGAAGGGCGC TACCTT

36

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:44:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..36  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer

DCR2R) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:44:

TTCCTTG CAT TCGGCGCACA CGGTCTTCCA CTTTGC

36

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:45:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: -  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..36  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer  
DCR3F) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:45:  
AACCGCGTGT GCAGATGTCC AGATGGGTTC TTCTCA

36

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:46:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: -  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..36  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer  
DCR3R) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:46:  
ATCTGGACAT CTGCACACGC GGTGTGGGT GCGATT

36

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:47:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: -  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..36  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer  
DCR4F) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:47:  
ACAGTTTGCA AATCCGAAA CAGTGAATCA ACTCAA

36

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:48:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..36  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer  
DCR4R) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:48:

ACTGTTTCCG GATTTGCAA CTGTATTTCG CTCTGG

36

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:49:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..36  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer  
DDD1F) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:49:

AATGTGGAAT AGATATTGAC CTCTGTGAAA ACAGCG

36

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:50:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..36  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer  
DDD1R) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:50:

AGAGGTCAAT ATCTATTCCA CATTTTGTGAG TTGATT

36

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:51:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..36  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer  
DDD2F) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:51:

AGATCATCCA AGACGCACTA AAGCACTCAA AGACGT

36

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:52:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 36 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..36
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer DDD2R) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:52:

GCTTTAGTGC GTCTTGATG ATCTTCTTGA CTATAT

36

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:53:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 29 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..29
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer XhoI F) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:53:

GGCTCGAGCG CCCAGCCGCC GCCTCCAAG

29

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:54:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 20 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..20
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer IF16) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:54:

TTTGAGTGCT TTAGTGCGTG

20

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:55:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 30 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..30  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer CL

F) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:55:

TCAGTAAAAA TAAGCTAACT GGAAATGGCC

30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:56:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 30 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..30  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer CL

R) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:56:

GGCCATTTCC AGTTAGCTTA TTTTACTGA

30

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:57:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 29 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..29  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer CC

R) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:57:

CCGGATCCTC AGTGCTTTAG TGCGTGCAT

29

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:58:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 29 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..29  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer CCD2

R) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:58:

CCGGATCCTC ATTGGATGAT CTTCTTGAC

29

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:59:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 29 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..29  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer CCD1

R) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:59:

CCGGATCCTC ATATTCCACA TTTTGTAGT

29

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:60:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 29 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..29  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "synthetic DNA (primer CCR4

R) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:60:

CCGGATCCTC ATTTGCAAAC TGTATTTTCG

29

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:61:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 29 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

R) "

CCGGATCCTC ATTCGCACAC GCGGTTGTG

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:62:

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

```
(ix) FEATURE:
      (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
      (B) LOCATION: 1..380
      (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-C19S"
```

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile  
-20 -15 -10

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp  
-5 1 5 10

Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr  
15 20 25

Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro  
30 35 40

Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys  
45 50 55

Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu  
60 65 70 75

Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr  
80 85 90

Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe  
95 100 105

Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg  
110 115 120

Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys  
125 130 135

Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys  
140 145 150 155

Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr

[illegible]









Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg  
 175 180 185  
 Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val  
 190 195 200  
 Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile  
 205 210 215  
 Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu  
 220 225 230 235  
 Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln  
 240 245 250  
 Asp Ile Asp Leu Ser Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala  
 255 260 265  
 Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly  
 270 275 280  
 Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys  
 285 290 295  
 Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn  
 300 305 310 315  
 Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser  
 320 325 330  
 Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr  
 335 340 345  
 Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu  
 350 355 360  
 Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys  
 365 370 375  
 Leu  
 380

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:65:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 401 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -21..0

- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..380
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-C22S"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:65:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile  
 -20 -15 -10



Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys  
 365 370 375

Leu  
 380

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:66:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 401 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS:  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

- (ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: -21..0

- (ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: Protein  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..380  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-C23S"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:66:

Met	Asn	Asn	Leu	Leu	Cys	Cys	Ala	Leu	Val	Phe	Leu	Asp	Ile	Ser	Ile				
-20						-15					-10								
Lys	Trp	Thr	Thr	Gln	Glu	Thr	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Leu	His	Tyr	Asp				
-5				1				5					10						
Glu	Glu	Thr	Ser	His	Gln	Leu	Leu	Cys	Asp	Lys	Cys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Thr				
			15					20					25						
Tyr	Leu	Lys	Gln	His	Cys	Thr	Ala	Lys	Trp	Lys	Thr	Val	Cys	Ala	Pro				
	30						35					40							
Cys	Pro	Asp	His	Tyr	Tyr	Thr	Asp	Ser	Trp	His	Thr	Ser	Asp	Glu	Cys				
	45					50					55								
Leu	Tyr	Cys	Ser	Pro	Val	Cys	Lys	Glu	Leu	Gln	Tyr	Val	Lys	Gln	Glu				
60					65				70					75					
Cys	Asn	Arg	Thr	His	Asn	Arg	Val	Cys	Glu	Cys	Lys	Glu	Gly	Arg	Tyr				
			80						85					90					
Leu	Glu	Ile	Glu	Phe	Cys	Leu	Lys	His	Arg	Ser	Cys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Phe				
		95						100					105						
Gly	Val	Val	Gln	Ala	Gly	Thr	Pro	Glu	Arg	Asn	Thr	Val	Cys	Lys	Arg				
		110					115					120							
Cys	Pro	Asp	Gly	Phe	Phe	Ser	Asn	Glu	Thr	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ala	Pro	Cys				
	125					130					135								
Arg	Lys	His	Thr	Asn	Cys	Ser	Val	Phe	Gly	Leu	Leu	Leu	Thr	Gln	Lys				
140					145					150					155				
Gly	Asn	Ala	Thr	His	Asp	Asn	Ile	Cys	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu	Ser	Thr				
			160						165					170					
Gln	Lys	Cys	Gly	Ile	Asp	Val	Thr	Leu	Cys	Glu	Glu	Ala	Phe	Phe	Arg				
			175					180					185						

```

Phe Ala Val Pro fhr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val
190                      195                      200

Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile
205                      210                      215

Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu
220                      225                      230                      235

Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln
240                      245                      250

Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala
255                      260                      265

Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly
270                      275                      280

Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys
285                      290                      295

Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn
300                      305                      310                      315

Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser
320                      325                      330

Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr
335                      340                      345

Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu
350                      355                      360

Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Ser
365                      370                      375

Leu
380

```

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:67:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 360 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
  - (B) LOCATION: -21..0

- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..339
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-DCR1"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:67:

```

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile
-20                      -15                      -10

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser
-5                      1                      5                      10

```

Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu  
 15 20 25  
 Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys  
 30 35 40  
 Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His  
 45 50 55  
 Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu  
 60 65 70 75  
 Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu  
 80 85 90  
 Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe  
 95 100 105  
 Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys  
 110 115 120  
 Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu  
 125 130 135  
 Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro  
 140 145 150 155  
 Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn  
 160 165 170  
 Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln  
 175 180 185  
 Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp  
 190 195 200  
 Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val  
 205 210 215  
 Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser  
 220 225 230 235  
 Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu  
 240 245 250  
 Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu  
 255 260 265  
 Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu  
 270 275 280  
 Met His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val  
 285 290 295  
 Thr Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met  
 300 305 310 315  
 Tyr Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val  
 320 325 330  
 Gln Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu  
 335

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:68:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 359 amino acids



[illegible]

```
(ix) FEATURE:
      (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
      (B) LOCATION: -21..0
```

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:68:

37

Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser  
 255 260 265  
 Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met  
 270 275 280  
 His Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr  
 285 290 295  
 Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr  
 300 305 310 315  
 Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln  
 320 325 330  
 Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu  
 335

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:69:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 363 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -21..0

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
- (B) LOCATION: 1..342
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-DCR3"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:69:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile  
 -20 -15 -10  
 Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp  
 -5 1 5 10  
 Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr  
 15 20 25  
 Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro  
 30 35 40  
 Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys  
 45 50 55  
 Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu  
 60 65 70 75  
 Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Arg Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe  
 80 85 90  
 Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys  
 95 100 105  
 Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp

2

Asn	Ile	Cys	Ser	Gly	Asn	Glu	Ser	Thr	Gln	Lys	Cys	Gly	Ile	Asp	
125					130					135					
Val	Thr	Leu	Cys	Glu	Glu	Ala	Phe	Phe	Arg	Phe	Ala	Val	Pro	Thr	Lys
140					145					150					155
Phe	Thr	Pro	Asn	Trp	Leu	Ser	Val	Leu	Val	Asp	Asn	Leu	Pro	Gly	Thr
				160					165					170	
Lys	Val	Asn	Ala	Glu	Ser	Val	Glu	Arg	Ile	Lys	Arg	Gln	His	Ser	Ser
			175					180					185		
Gln	Glu	Gln	Thr	Phe	Gln	Leu	Leu	Lys	Leu	Trp	Lys	His	Gln	Asn	Lys
		190					195					200			
Asp	Gln	Asp	Ile	Val	Lys	Lys	Ile	Ile	Gln	Asp	Ile	Asp	Leu	Cys	Glu
	205					210					215				
Asn	Ser	Val	Gln	Arg	His	Ile	Gly	His	Ala	Asn	Leu	Thr	Phe	Glu	Gln
220					225					230					235
Leu	Arg	Ser	Leu	Met	Glu	Ser	Leu	Pro	Gly	Lys	Lys	Val	Gly	Ala	Glu
				240					245					250	
Asp	Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr	Ile	Lys	Ala	Cys	Lys	Pro	Ser	Asp	Gln	Ile	Leu
			255					260					265		
Lys	Leu	Leu	Ser	Leu	Trp	Arg	Ile	Lys	Asn	Gly	Asp	Gln	Asp	Thr	Leu
	270						275					280			
Lys	Gly	Leu	Met	His	Ala	Leu	Lys	His	Ser	Lys	Thr	Tyr	His	Phe	Pro
	285					290					295				
Lys	Thr	Val	Thr	Gln	Ser	Leu	Lys	Lys	Thr	Ile	Arg	Phe	Leu	His	Ser
300					305					310					315
Phe	Thr	Met	Tyr	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Lys	Leu	Phe	Leu	Glu	Met	Ile	Gly
				320					325					330	
Asn	Gln	Val	Gln	Ser	Val	Lys	Ile	Ser	Cys	Leu					
			335					340							

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:70:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 359 amino acids
  - (B) TYPE: amino acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS:
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

## (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(ix) FEATURE:

- ```
(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
(B) LOCATION: -21..0
```

(ix) FEATURE:

- ```
(A) NAME/KEY: Protein
(B) LOCATION: 1..338
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-DCR4"
```

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:70:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile

-10

	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	2101	2102	2103	2104	2105	2106	2107	2108	2109	2110	2111	2112	2113	2114	2115	2116	2117	2118	2119	2120	2121	2122	2123	2124	2125	2126	2127	2128	2129	2130	2131	2132	2133	2134	2135	2136	2137	2138	2139	2140	2141	2142	2143	2144	2145	2146	2147	2148	2149	2150	2151	2152	2153	2154	2155	2156	2157	2158	2159	2160	2161	2162	2163	2164	2165	2166	2167	2168	2169	2170	2171	2172	2173	2174	2175	2176	2177	2178	2179	2180	2181	2182	2183	2184	2185	2186	2187	2188	2189	2190	2191	2192	2193	2194	2195	2196	2197	2198	2199	2200	2201	2202	2203	2204	2205	2206	2207	2208	2209	2210	2211	2212	2213	2214	2215	2216	2217	2218	2219	2220	2221	2222	2223	2224	2225	2226	2227	2228	2229	2230	2231	2232	2233	2234	2235	2236	2237	2238	2239	2240	2241	2242	2243	2244	2245	2246	2247	2248	2249	2250	2251	2252	2253	2254	2255	2256	2257	2258	2259	2260	2261	2262	2263	2264	2265	2266	2267	2268	2269	2270	2271	2272	2273	2274	2275	2276	2277	2278	2279	2280	2281	2282	2283	2284	2285	2286	2287	2288	2289	2290	2291	2292	2293	2294	2295	2296	2297	2298	2299	2300	2301	2302	2303	2304	2305	2306	2307	2308	2309	2310	2311	2312	2313	2314	2315	2316	2317	2318	2319	2320	2321	2322	2323	2324	2325	2326	2327	2328	2329	2330	2331	2332	2333	2334	2335	2336	2337	2338	2339	2340	2341	2342	2343	2344	2345	2346	2347	2348	2349	2350	2351	2352	2353	2354	2355	2356	2357	2358	2359	2360	2361	2362	2363	2364	2365	2366	2367	2368	2369	2370	2371	2372	2373	2374	2375	2376	2377	2378	2379	2380	2381	2382	2383	2384	2385	2386	2387	2388	2389	2390	2391	2392	2393	2394	2395	2396	2397	2398	2399	2400	2401	2402	2403	2404	2405	2406	2407	2408	2409	2410	2411	2412	2413	2414	2415	2416	2417	2418	2419	2420	2421	2422	2423	2424	2425	2426	2427	2428	2429	2430	2431	2432	2433	2434	2435	2436	2437	2438	2439	2440	2441	2442	2
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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:71:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 326 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS:  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

- (ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
(B) LOCATION: -21..0

- (ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: Protein  
(B) LOCATION: 1..305  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-DDD1"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:71:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile  
-20 -15 -10

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp  
-5 1 5 10

Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr  
15 20 25

Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro  
30 35 40

Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys  
45 50 55

Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu  
60 65 70 75

Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr  
80 85 90

Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe  
95 100 105

Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg  
110 115 120

Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys  
125 130 135

Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys  
140 145 150 155

Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr  
160 165 170

Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg  
175 180 185

His Ile Gly His Ala Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met  
190 195 200

Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr  
205 210 215

Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu  
 220 225 230 235  
 Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His  
 240 245 250  
 Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr Gln  
 255 260 265  
 Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr Lys  
 270 275 280  
 Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln Ser  
 285 290 295  
 Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu  
 300 305

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:72:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 327 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -21..0

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
- (B) LOCATION: 1..306
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-DDD2"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:72:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile  
 -20 -15 -10  
 Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp  
 -5 1 5 10  
 Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr  
 15 20 25  
 Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro  
 30 35 40  
 Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys  
 45 50 55  
 Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu  
 60 65 70 75  
 Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr  
 80 85 90  
 Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe  
 95 100 105  
 Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg  
 110 115 120

Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys  
 125 130 135  
 Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys  
 140 145 150 155  
 Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr  
 160 165 170  
 Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg  
 175 180 185  
 Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val  
 190 195 200  
 Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile  
 205 210 215  
 Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu  
 220 225 230 235  
 Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln  
 240 245 250  
 Asp Ala Leu Lys His Ser Lys Thr Tyr His Phe Pro Lys Thr Val Thr  
 255 260 265  
 Gln Ser Leu Lys Lys Thr Ile Arg Phe Leu His Ser Phe Thr Met Tyr  
 270 275 280  
 Lys Leu Tyr Gln Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Met Ile Gly Asn Gln Val Gln  
 285 290 295  
 Ser Val Lys Ile Ser Cys Leu  
 300 305

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:73:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 399 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -21..0

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
- (B) LOCATION: 1..378
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CL"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:73:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile  
 -20 -15 -10  
 Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp  
 -5 1 5 10  
 Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr  
 15 20 25

Tyr	Leu	Lys	Gln	His	Cys	Thr	Ala	Lys	Trp	Lys	Thr	Val	Cys	Ala	Pro
	30					35						40			
Cys	Pro	Asp	His	Tyr	Tyr	Thr	Asp	Ser	Trp	His	Thr	Ser	Asp	Glu	Cys
	45					50					55				
Leu	Tyr	Cys	Ser	Pro	Val	Cys	Lys	Glu	Leu	Gln	Tyr	Val	Lys	Gln	Glu
60					65					70					75
Cys	Asn	Arg	Thr	His	Asn	Arg	Val	Cys	Glu	Cys	Lys	Glu	Gly	Arg	Tyr
				80					85					90	
Leu	Glu	Ile	Glu	Phe	Cys	Leu	Lys	His	Arg	Ser	Cys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Phe
			95					100					105		
Gly	Val	Val	Gln	Ala	Gly	Thr	Pro	Glu	Arg	Asn	Thr	Val	Cys	Lys	Arg
		110					115					120			
Cys	Pro	Asp	Gly	Phe	Phe	Ser	Asn	Glu	Thr	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ala	Pro	Cys
		125				130					135				
Arg	Lys	His	Thr	Asn	Cys	Ser	Val	Phe	Gly	Leu	Leu	Leu	Thr	Gln	Lys
140					145					150					155
Gly	Asn	Ala	Thr	His	Asp	Asn	Ile	Cys	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu	Ser	Thr
				160					165					170	
Gln	Lys	Cys	Gly	Ile	Asp	Val	Thr	Leu	Cys	Glu	Glu	Ala	Phe	Phe	Arg
			175					180					185		
Phe	Ala	Val	Pro	Thr	Lys	Phe	Thr	Pro	Asn	Trp	Leu	Ser	Val	Leu	Val
		190					195					200			
Asp	Asn	Leu	Pro	Gly	Thr	Lys	Val	Asn	Ala	Glu	Ser	Val	Glu	Arg	Ile
	205					210					215				
Lys	Arg	Gln	His	Ser	Ser	Gln	Glu	Gln	Thr	Phe	Gln	Leu	Leu	Lys	Leu
220					225					230					235
Trp	Lys	His	Gln	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gln	Asp	Ile	Val	Lys	Lys	Ile	Ile	Gln
				240					245					250	
Asp	Ile	Asp	Leu	Cys	Glu	Asn	Ser	Val	Gln	Arg	His	Ile	Gly	His	Ala
			255					260					265		
Asn	Leu	Thr	Phe	Glu	Gln	Leu	Arg	Ser	Leu	Met	Glu	Ser	Leu	Pro	Gly
		270					275					280			
Lys	Lys	Val	Gly	Ala	Glu	Asp	Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr	Ile	Lys	Ala	Cys	Lys
	285					290					295				
Pro	Ser	Asp	Gln	Ile	Leu	Lys	Leu	Leu	Ser	Leu	Trp	Arg	Ile	Lys	Asn
300					305					310					315
Gly	Asp	Gln	Asp	Thr	Leu	Lys	Gly	Leu	Met	His	Ala	Leu	Lys	His	Ser
				320					325					330	
Lys	Thr	Tyr	His	Phe	Pro	Lys	Thr	Val	Thr	Gln	Ser	Leu	Lys	Lys	Thr
			335					340					345		
Ile	Arg	Phe	Leu	His	Ser	Phe	Thr	Met	Tyr	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Lys	Leu
		350					355					360			
Phe	Leu	Glu	Met	Ile	Gly	Asn	Gln	Val	Gln	Ser	Val	Lys	Ile	Ser	
	365					370					375				

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:74:



- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 351 amino acids  
 (B) TYPE: amino acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS:  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

- (ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide  
 (B) LOCATION: -21..0

- (ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: Protein  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..330  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CC"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:74:

Met	Asn	Asn	Leu	Leu	Cys	Cys	Ala	Leu	Val	Phe	Leu	Asp	Ile	Ser	Ile	-20	-15	-10	
Lys	Trp	Thr	Thr	Gln	Glu	Thr	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Leu	His	Tyr	Asp	-5	1	5	10
Glu	Glu	Thr	Ser	His	Gln	Leu	Leu	Cys	Asp	Lys	Cys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Thr	15	20	25	
Tyr	Leu	Lys	Gln	His	Cys	Thr	Ala	Lys	Trp	Lys	Thr	Val	Cys	Ala	Pro	30	35	40	
Cys	Pro	Asp	His	Tyr	Tyr	Thr	Asp	Ser	Trp	His	Thr	Ser	Asp	Glu	Cys	45	50	55	
Leu	Tyr	Cys	Ser	Pro	Val	Cys	Lys	Glu	Leu	Gln	Tyr	Val	Lys	Gln	Glu	60	65	70	75
Cys	Asn	Arg	Thr	His	Asn	Arg	Val	Cys	Glu	Cys	Lys	Glu	Gly	Arg	Tyr	80	85	90	
Leu	Glu	Ile	Glu	Phe	Cys	Leu	Lys	His	Arg	Ser	Cys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Phe	95	100	105	
Gly	Val	Val	Gln	Ala	Gly	Thr	Pro	Glu	Arg	Asn	Thr	Val	Cys	Lys	Arg	110	115	120	
Cys	Pro	Asp	Gly	Phe	Phe	Ser	Asn	Glu	Thr	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ala	Pro	Cys	125	130	135	
Arg	Lys	His	Thr	Asn	Cys	Ser	Val	Phe	Gly	Leu	Leu	Leu	Thr	Gln	Lys	140	145	150	155
Gly	Asn	Ala	Thr	His	Asp	Asn	Ile	Cys	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu	Ser	Thr	160	165	170	
Gln	Lys	Cys	Gly	Ile	Asp	Val	Thr	Leu	Cys	Glu	Glu	Ala	Phe	Phe	Arg	175	180	185	
Phe	Ala	Val	Pro	Thr	Lys	Phe	Thr	Pro	Asn	Trp	Leu	Ser	Val	Leu	Val	190	195	200	
Asp	Asn	Leu	Pro	Gly	Thr	Lys	Val	Asn	Ala	Glu	Ser	Val	Glu	Arg	Ile	205	210	215	
Lys	Arg	Gln	His	Ser	Ser	Gln	Glu	Gln	Thr	Phe	Gln	Leu	Leu	Lys	Leu	220	225	230	235

Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln  
240 245 250

Asp Ile Asp Leu Cys Glu Asn Ser Val Gln Arg His Ile Gly His Ala  
255 260 265

Asn Leu Thr Phe Glu Gln Leu Arg Ser Leu Met Glu Ser Leu Pro Gly  
270 275 280

Lys Lys Val Gly Ala Glu Asp Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Lys Ala Cys Lys  
285 290 295

Pro Ser Asp Gln Ile Leu Lys Leu Leu Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Lys Asn  
300 305 310 315

Gly Asp Gln Asp Thr Leu Lys Gly Leu Met His Ala Leu Lys His  
320 325 330

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:75:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 272 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -21..0

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
- (B) LOCATION: 1..251
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CDD2"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:75:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile  
-20 -15 -10

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp  
-5 1 5 10

Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr  
15 20 25

Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro  
30 35 40

Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys  
45 50 55

Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu  
60 65 70 75

Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr  
80 85 90

Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe  
95 100 105

Gly Val Val Gln Ala Gly Thr Pro Glu Arg Asn Thr Val Cys Lys Arg  
110 115 120

Cys Pro Asp Gly Phe Phe Ser Asn Glu Thr Ser Ser Lys Ala Pro Cys  
 125 130 135  
 Arg Lys His Thr Asn Cys Ser Val Phe Gly Leu Leu Leu Thr Gln Lys  
 140 145 150 155  
 Gly Asn Ala Thr His Asp Asn Ile Cys Ser Gly Asn Ser Glu Ser Thr  
 160 165 170  
 Gln Lys Cys Gly Ile Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala Phe Phe Arg  
 175 180 185  
 Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn Trp Leu Ser Val Leu Val  
 190 195 200  
 Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val Glu Arg Ile  
 205 210 215  
 Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu Leu Lys Leu  
 220 225 230 235  
 Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys Ile Ile Gln  
 240 245 250

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:76:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 197 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
- (B) LOCATION: -21..0

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Protein
- (B) LOCATION: 1..176
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CDD1"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:76:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile  
 -20 -15 -10  
 Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp  
 -5 1 5 10  
 Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr  
 15 20 25  
 Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro  
 30 35 40  
 Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys  
 45 50 55  
 Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu  
 60 65 70 75  
 Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr



(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 106 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

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(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
(B) LOCATION: -21..0
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(ix) FEATURE:

```

NAME/KEY: Protein
LOCATION: 1..85
OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CCR3"

```

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:78:

Met Asn Asn Leu Leu Cys Cys Ala Leu Val Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile  
-20 -15 -10

Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp  
-5 1 5 10

Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr  
15 20 25

Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro  
30 35 40

Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys  
45 50 55

Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu  
60 65 70 75

Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg Val Cys Glu  
80 85

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 393 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS:
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(ix) FEATURE:

```
(A) NAME/KEY: Peptide
(B) LOCATION: -21..0
```

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Protein  
(B) LOCATION: 1..372  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CBst"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:79:



(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:80:

(A) LENGTH: 321 amino acids  
(B) TYPE: amino acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS:  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Protein  
(B) LOCATION: 1..300  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "OCIF-CSph"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:80:

Met	Asn	Asn	Leu	Leu	Cys	Cys	Ala	Leu	Val	Phe	Leu	Asp	Ile	Ser	Ile
-20						-15					-10				
Lys	Trp	Thr	Thr	Gln	Glu	Thr	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Tyr	Leu	His	Tyr	Asp
-5					1				5					10	
Glu	Glu	Thr	Ser	His	Gln	Leu	Leu	Cys	Asp	Lys	Cys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Thr
			15					20					25		
Tyr	Leu	Lys	Gln	His	Cys	Thr	Ala	Lys	Trp	Lys	Thr	Val	Cys	Ala	Pro
		30					35					40			
Cys	Pro	Asp	His	Tyr	Tyr	Thr	Asp	Ser	Trp	His	Thr	Ser	Asp	Glu	Cys
	45					50					55				
Leu	Tyr	Cys	Ser	Pro	Val	Cys	Lys	Glu	Leu	Gln	Tyr	Val	Lys	Gln	Glu
60					65					70					75
Cys	Asn	Arg	Thr	His	Asn	Arg	Val	Cys	Glu	Cys	Lys	Glu	Gly	Arg	Tyr
				80					85					90	
Leu	Glu	Ile	Glu	Phe	Cys	Leu	Lys	His	Arg	Ser	Cys	Pro	Pro	Gly	Phe
			95					100					105		
Gly	Val	Val	Gln	Ala	Gly	Thr	Pro	Glu	Arg	Asn	Thr	Val	Cys	Lys	Arg
		110					115					120			
Cys	Pro	Asp	Gly	Phe	Phe	Ser	Asn	Glu	Thr	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ala	Pro	Cys
	125					130					135				
Arg	Lys	His	Thr	Asn	Cys	Ser	Val	Phe	Gly	Leu	Leu	Leu	Thr	Gln	Lys
140					145					150					155
Gly	Asn	Ala	Thr	His	Asp	Asn	Ile	Cys	Ser	Gly	Asn	Ser	Glu	Ser	Thr
				160					165					170	
Gln	Lys	Cys	Gly	Ile	Asp	Val	Thr	Leu	Cys	Glu	Glu	Ala	Phe	Phe	Arg

[illegible]





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(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: -  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..1206  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-C19S)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:83:

ATGAACAAC	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCTCTCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATTGCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AAAGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600
CTGTGTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGCT	GTTCTTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAATGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTT	GCCTGGCACC	AAAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC	ACAGCTCACA	AGAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA	780
AACAAAGACC	AAGATATAGT	CAAGAAGATC	ATCCAAGATA	TTGACCTCTG	TGAAAACAGC	840
GTGCAGCGGC	ACATTGGACA	TGCTAACCTC	ACCTTCGAGC	AGCTTCGTAG	CTTGATGGAA	900
AGCTTACCGG	GAAAGAAAGT	GGGAGCAGAA	GACATTGAAA	AAACAATAAA	GGCATGCAAA	960
CCCAGTGACC	AGATCCTGAA	GCTGCTCAGT	TTGTGGCGAA	TAAAAAATGG	CGACCAAGAC	1020
ACCTTGAAGG	GCCTAATGCA	CGCACTAAAG	CACTCAAAGA	CGTACCACTT	TCCCAAAACT	1080
GTCACTCAGA	GTCTAAAGAA	GACCATCAGG	TTCTTTCACA	GCTTCACAAT	GTACAAATTG	1140
TATCAGAAGT	TATTTTGTAG	AATGATAGGT	AACCAGGTCC	AATCAGTAAA	AATAAGCTGC	1200
TTATAA						1206

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:84:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 1206 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: -  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..1206  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-C20S)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:84:

ATGAACAAC T GCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60  
CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120  
TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180  
GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240  
CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300  
CACAAACGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360  
CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAAG GCGAAATACA 420  
GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCTGT 480  
AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA 540  
CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC 600  
CTGAGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT 660  
AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA 720  
AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA 780  
AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCTG TGAAAACAGC 840  
GTGCAGCGGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC ACCTTCGAGC AGCTTCGTAG CTTGATGGAA 900  
AGCTTACCGG GAAAGAAAGT GGGAGCAGAA GACATTGAAA AAACAATAAA GGCATGCAAA 960  
CCCAAGTACC AGATCCTGAA GCTGCTCAGT TTGTGGCGAA TAAAAAATGG CGACCAAGAC 1020  
ACCTTGAAGG GCCTAATGCA CGCACTAAAG CACTCAAAGA CGTACCACTT TCCCAAAACT 1080  
GTCACTCAGA GTCTAAAGAA GACCATCAGG TTCCTTCACA GCTTCACAAT GTACAAATTG 1140  
TATCAGAAGT TATTTT TAGA AATGATAGGT AACCAGGTCC AATCAGTAAA AATAAGCTGC 1200  
TTATAA 1206

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:85:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 1206 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

- (ix) FEATURE:  
(A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..1206  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-C21S)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:85:

ATGAACAAC T GCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60  
CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120  
TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180

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GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT      240
CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC      300
CACAAACGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA      360
CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCAGAG GCGAAATACA      420
GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCCCTGT      480
AGAAAACACA CAAATGTCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA      540
CACGACAACA TATGTTCGGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC      600
CTGTGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT      660
AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA      720
AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA      780
AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCAG TGAAAACAGC      840
GTGCAGCGGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC ACCTTCGAGC AGCTTCGTAG CTTGATGGAA      900
AGCTTACCGG GAAAGAAAGT GGGAGCAGAA GACATTGAAA AAACAATAAA GGCATGCAAA      960
CCCAGTGACC AGATCCTGAA GCTGCTCAGT TTGTGGCGAA TAAAAAATGG CGACCAAGAC     1020
ACCTTGAAGG GCCTAATGCA CGCACTAAAG CACTCAAAGA CGTACCACTT TCCCAAAACT     1080
GTCCTCAGA GTCTAAAGAA GACCATCAGG TTCCTTCACA GCTTCACAAT GTACAAATTG     1140
TATCAGAAGT TATTTTTAGA AATGATAGGT AACCAGGTCC AATCAGTAAA AATAAGCTGC     1200
TTATAA                                           1206

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(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:86:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 1206 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: -
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..1206
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-C22S)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:86:

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ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC      60
CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG      120
TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC      180
GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT      240
CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC      300
CACAAACGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA      360

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CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTG- <del>G</del> ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAG- <del>A</del> GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC	600
CTGTGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA	780
AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCTG TGAAAACAGC	840
GTGCAGCGGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC ACCTTCGAGC AGCTTCGTAG CTTGATGGAA	900
AGCTTACCGG GAAAGAAAGT GGGAGCAGAA GACATTGAAA AAACAATAAA GGCAAGCAAA	960
CCCAGTGACC AGATCCTGAA GCTGCTCAGT TTGTGGCGAA TAAAAAATGG CGACCAAGAC	1020
ACCTTGAAGG GCCTAATGCA CGCACTAAAG CACTCAAAGA CGTACCACTT TCCCAAACT	1080
GTCACCTAGA GTCTAAAGAA GACCATCAGG TTCCTTCACA GCTTCACAAT GTACAAATTG	1140
TATCAGAAGT TATTTTTAGA AATGATAGGT AACCAGGTCC AATCAGTAAA AATAAGCTGC	1200
TTATAA	1206

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:87:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 1206 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

- (ix) FEATURE:
  - (A) NAME/KEY: -
  - (B) LOCATION: 1..1206
  - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-C23S)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:87:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCCAGA GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC	600



TTACCGGGAA AGAAAGTGC AGCAGAAGAC ATTGAAAAA CAATAAAGC ATGCAAACCC 840  
 AGTGACCAGA TCCTGAAGCT GCTCAGTTT TGGCGAATAA AAAATGGCGA CCAAGACACC 900  
 TTGAAGGGCC TAATGCACGC ACTAAAGCAC TCAAAGACGT ACCACTTTCC CAAAACCTGTC 960  
 ACTCAGAGTC TAAAGAAGAC CATCAGGTTT CTTACAGCT TCACAATGTA CAAATTGTAT 1020  
 CAGAAGTTAT TTTTAGAAAT GATAGGTAAC CAGGTCCAAT CAGTAAAAAT AAGCTGCTTA 1080  
 TAA 1083

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:89:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 1080 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

- (ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: -  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..1080  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-DCR2)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:89:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60  
 CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120  
 TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180  
 GTGTGCGCCG AATGCAAGGA AGGGCGCTAC CTTGAGATAG AGTTCTGCTT GAAACATAGG 240  
 AGCTGCCCTC CTGGATTGTT AGTGGTGCAA GCTGGAACCC CAGAGCGAAA TACAGTTTGC 300  
 AAAAGATGTC CAGATGGGTT CTTCTCAAAT GAGACGTCAT CTAAAGCACC CTGTAGAAAA 360  
 CACACAAATT GCAGTGTCTT TGGTCTCCTG CTAACCTAGA AAGGAAATGC AACACACGAC 420  
 AACATATGTT CCGGAAACAG TGAATCAACT CAAAAATGTG GAATAGATGT TACCCTGTGT 480  
 GAGGAGGCAT TCTTCAGGTT TGCTGTTTCT ACAAGTTTA CGCCTAACTG GCTTAGTGTC 540  
 TTGGTAGACA ATTTGCCTGG CACCAAAGTA AACGCAGAGA GTGTAGAGAG GATAAAACGG 600  
 CAACACAGCT CACAAGAACA GACTTTCCAG CTGCTGAAGT TATGGAAACA TCAAAACAAA 660  
 GACCAAGATA TAGTCAAGAA GATCATCCAA GATATTGACC TCTGTGAAAA CAGCGTGCAG 720  
 CGGCACATTG GACATGCTAA CCTCACCTTC GAGCAGCTTC GTAGCTTGAT GGAAAGCTTA 780  
 CCGGGAAAGA AAGTGGGAGC AGAAGACATT GAAAAACAA TAAAGGCATG CAAACCCAGT 840  
 GACCAGATCC TGAAGCTGCT CAGTTTGTGG CGAATAAAAA ATGGCGACCA AGACACCTTG 900  
 AAGGGCCTAA TGCACGCACT AAAGCACTCA AAGACGTACC ACTTTCCCAA AACTGTCACT 960  
 CAGAGTCTAA AGAAGACCAT CAGGTTTCTT CACAGCTTCA CAATGTACAA ATTGTATCAG 1020  
 AAGTTATTTT TAGAAATGAT AGGTAACCAG GTCCAATCAG TAAAAATAAG CTGCTTATAA 1080

(2) INFORMATION FOR ~~42~~ ID NO:90:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1092 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..1092
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-DCR3)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:90:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC CTGCCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG TGTGCAGATG TCCAGATGGG TTCTTCTCAA ATGAGACGTC ATCTAAAGCA	360
CCCTGTAGAA AACACACAAA TTGCAGTGTC TTTGGTCTCC TGCTAACTCA GAAAGGAAAT	420
GCAACACACG ACAACATATG TTCCGGAAAC AGTGAATCAA CTCAAAAATG TGGAATAGAT	480
GTTACCCTGT GTGAGGAGGC ATTCTTCAGG TTTGCTGTTC CTACAAAGTT TACGCCTAAC	540
TGGCTTAGTG TCTTGGTAGA CAATTTGCCT GGCACCAAAG TAAACGCAGA GAGTGTAGAG	600
AGGATAAAAC GGCAACACAG CTCACAAGAA CAGACTTTCC AGCTGCTGAA GTTATGGAAA	660
CATCAAAACA AAGACCAAGA TATAGTCAAG AAGATCATCC AAGATATTGA CCTCTGTGAA	720
AACAGCGTGC AGCGGCACAT TGGACATGCT AACCTCACCT TCGAGCAGCT TCGTAGCTTG	780
ATGGAAAGCT TACCGGGAAA GAAAGTGGGA GCAGAAGACA TTGAAAAAAC AATAAAGGCA	840
TGCAAACCCA GTGACCAGAT CCTGAAGCTG CTCAGTTTGT GGCGAATAAA AAATGGCGAC	900
CAAGACACCT TGAAGGGCCT AATGCACGCA CTAAAGCACT CAAAGACGTA CCACTTTCCC	960
AAAAGTGTCA CTCAGAGTCT AAAGAAGACC ATCAGGTTCC TTCACAGCTT CACAATGTAC	1020
AAATTGTATC AGAAGTTATT TTTAGAAATG ATAGGTAACC AGGTCCAATC AGTAAAAATA	1080
AGCTGCTTAT AA	1092

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:91:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 1080 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA



(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: -  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..1080  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-DCR4) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:91:

ATGAACAAC	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGGAGTG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCAGAG	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAT	CCGGAACAG	TGAATCAACT	CAAAAATGTG	GAATAGATGT	TACCCTGTGT	480
GAGGAGGCAT	TCTTCAGGTT	TGCTGTTCTT	ACAAAGTTTA	CGCCTAACTG	GCTTAGTGTG	540
TTGTTAGACA	ATTTGCCTGG	CACCAAAGTA	AACGCAGAGA	GTGTAGAGAG	GATAAACCGG	600
CAACACAGCT	CACAAGAACA	GACTTTCAG	CTGCTGAAGT	TATGGAAACA	TCAAAACAAA	660
GACCAAGATA	TAGTCAAGAA	GATCATCCAA	GATATTGACC	TCTGTGAAAA	CAGCGTGCAG	720
CGGCACATTG	GACATGCTAA	CCTCACCTTC	GAGCAGCTTC	GTAGCTTGAT	GGAAAGCTTA	780
CCGGAAAGA	AAGTGGGAGC	AGAAGACATT	GAAAAACAA	TAAAGGCATG	CAAACCCAGT	840
GACCAGATCC	TGAAGCTGCT	CAGTTTGTGG	CGAATAAAAA	ATGGCGACCA	AGACACCTTG	900
AAGGGCCTAA	TGCACGCACT	AAAGCACTCA	AAGACGTACC	ACTTTCCCAA	AACTGTCACT	960
CAGAGTCTAA	AGAAGACCAT	CAGGTTCTTT	CACAGCTTCA	CAATGTACAA	ATTGTATCAG	1020
AAGTTATTTT	TAGAAATGAT	AGGTAACCAG	GTCCAATCAG	TAAAAATAAG	CTGCTTATAA	1080

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:92:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 981 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: -  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..981  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-DDD1) "

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:92:

ATGAACAAC	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120

TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTG~~6~~ TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAA GTGGAAGACC 180  
 GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240  
 CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300  
 CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360  
 CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCAGAGA GCGAAATACA 420  
 GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCTGT 480  
 AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA 540  
 CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAA AATGTGGAAT AGATATTGAC 600  
 CTCTGTGAAA ACAGCGTGCA GCGGCACATT GGACATGCTA ACCTCACCTT CGAGCAGCTT 660  
 CGTAGCTTGA TGGAAAGCTT ACCGGGAAAG AAAGTGGGAG CAGAAGACAT TGAAAAACA 720  
 ATAAAGGCAT GCAAACCCAG TGACCAGATC CTGAAGCTGC TCAGTTTGTG GCGAATAAAA 780  
 AATGGCGACC AAGACACCTT GAAGGGCCTA ATGCACGCAC TAAAGCACTC AAAGACGTAC 840  
 CACTTTCCCA AAAGTGTCTC TCAGAGTCTA AAGAAGACCA TCAGGTTCTT TCACAGCTTC 900  
 ACAATGTACA AATTGTATCA GAAGTTATTT TTAGAAATGA TAGGTAACCA GGTCCAATCA 960  
 GTAAAAATAA GCTGCTTATA A 981

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:93:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 984 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..984
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-DDD2)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:93:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60  
 CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120  
 TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAA GTGGAAGACC 180  
 GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240  
 CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300  
 CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360  
 CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCAGAGA GCGAAATACA 420  
 GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCTGT 480  
 AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA 540  
 CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC 600

CTGTGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA	780
AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGACG CACTAAAGCA CTCAAAGACG	840
TACCACTTTC CCAAACTGT CACTCAGAGT CTAAAGAAGA CCATCAGGTT CCTTCACAGC	900
TTCACAATGT ACAAATTGTA TCAGAAGTTA TTTTGTAGAA TGATAGGTAA CCAGGTCCAA	960
TCAGTAAAAA TAAGCTGCTT ATAA	984

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:94:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 1200 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..1200
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CL)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:94:

ATGAACAACCT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCAGAG GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC	600
CTGTGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA	780
AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCTG TGAAAACAGC	840
GTGCAGCGGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC ACCTTCGAGC AGCTTCGTAG CTTGATGGAA	900
AGCTTACCGG GAAAGAAAGT GGGAGCAGAA GACATTGAAA AAACAATAAA GGCATGCAAA	960
CCCAGTGACC AGATCCTGAA GCTGCTCAGT TTGTGGCGAA TAAAAAATGG CGACCAAGAC	1020

ACCTTGAAGG GCCTAATGCA CGCACTAAAG CACTCAAAGA CGTACCACTT TCCCAAAACT 1080  
 GTCACCTCAGA GTCTAAAGAA GACCATCAGG TTCCTTCACA GCTTCACAAT GTACAAATTG 1140  
 TATCAGAAGT TATTTTGTAGA AATGATAGGT AACCAGGTCC AATCAGTAAA AATAAGCTAA 1200

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:95:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 1056 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

- (ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: -  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..1056  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CC)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:95:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60  
 CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120  
 TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180  
 GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240  
 CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300  
 CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360  
 CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCAGAG GCGAAATACA 420  
 GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCCCTGT 480  
 AGAAAACACA CAAATGTCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA 540  
 CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC 600  
 CTGTGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT 660  
 AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA 720  
 AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA 780  
 AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCTG TGAAACAGC 840  
 GTGCAGCGGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC ACCTTCGAGC AGCTTCGTAG CTTGATGGAA 900  
 AGCTTACCGG GAAAGAAAGT GGGAGCAGAA GACATTGAAA AAACAATAAA GGCATGCAAA 960  
 CCCAGTGACC AGATCCTGAA GCTGCTCAGT TTGTGGCGAA TAAAAAATGG CGACCAAGAC 1020  
 ACCTTGAAGG GCCTAATGCA CGCACTAAAG CACTGA 1056

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:96:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 819 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single

[illegible]

```
(ix) FEATURE:
      (A) NAME/KEY: -
      (B) LOCATION: 1..819
      (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CDD2)"
```

ATGAACAACACT	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGAGATG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATGCGAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	AAACAGTGAA	TCAACTCAAA	AATGTGGAAT	AGATGTTACC	600
CTGTGTGAGG	AGGCATTCTT	CAGGTTTGCT	GTTCTTACAA	AGTTTACGCC	TAAGTGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG	TAGACAATTT	GCCTGGCACC	AAAGTAAACG	CAGAGAGTGT	AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC	ACAGCTCACA	AGAACAGACT	TTCCAGCTGC	TGAAGTTATG	GAAACATCAA	780
AACAAAGACC	AAGATATAGT	CAAGAAGATC	ATCCAATGA			819

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 594 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

```
(ix) FEATURE:
      (A) NAME/KEY: -
      (B) LOCATION: 1..594
      (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= " (OCIF-CDD1) "
```

ATGAACAAC	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240

CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300  
 CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360  
 CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCAGG GCGAAATACA 420  
 GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCTGT 480  
 AGAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA 540  
 CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAA AATGTGGAAT ATGA 594

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:98:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 432 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

- (ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: -  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..432  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CCR4)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:98:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60  
 CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120  
 TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAA GTGGAAGACC 180  
 GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240  
 CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300  
 CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360  
 CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCAGG GCGAAATACA 420  
 GTTTGCAAAT GA 432

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:99:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 321 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

- (ix) FEATURE:  
 (A) NAME/KEY: -  
 (B) LOCATION: 1..321  
 (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CCR3)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:99:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60

CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG A	321

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:100:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
- (A) LENGTH: 1182 base pairs
  - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
  - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
  - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -
- (B) LOCATION: 1..1182
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CBst)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:100:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCGAGA GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCCCTGT	480
AGAAACACA CAAATTGCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC	600
CTGTGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCTTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT	660
AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA	720
AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA	780
AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCTG TGAAAACAGC	840
GTGCAGCGGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC ACCTTCGAGC AGCTTCGTAG CTTGATGGAA	900
AGCTTACCGG GAAAGAAAGT GGGAGCAGAA GACATTGAAA AAACAATAAA GGCATGCAAA	960
CCCAGTGACC AGATCCTGAA GCTGCTCAGT TTGTGGCGAA TAAAAAATGG CGACCAAGAC	1020
ACCTTGAAGG GCCTAATGCA CGCACTAAAG CACTCAAAGA CGTACCACTT TCCCAAACCT	1080
GTCCTCAGA GTCTAAAGAA GACCATCAGG TTCCTTCACA GCTTCACAAT GTACAAATTG	1140
TATCAGAAGT TATTTTTAGA AATGATAGGT AACCTAGTCT AG	1182

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:101:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 966 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..966  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-CSph)"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:101:

ATGAACAACT TGCTGTGCTG CGCGCTCGTG TTTCTGGACA TCTCCATTAA GTGGACCACC 60  
CAGGAAACGT TTCCTCCAAA GTACCTTCAT TATGACGAAG AAACCTCTCA TCAGCTGTTG 120  
TGTGACAAAT GTCCTCCTGG TACCTACCTA AAACAACACT GTACAGCAAA GTGGAAGACC 180  
GTGTGCGCCC CTTGCCCTGA CCACTACTAC ACAGACAGCT GGCACACCAG TGACGAGTGT 240  
CTATACTGCA GCCCCGTGTG CAAGGAGCTG CAGTACGTCA AGCAGGAGTG CAATCGCACC 300  
CACAACCGCG TGTGCGAATG CAAGGAAGGG CGCTACCTTG AGATAGAGTT CTGCTTGAAA 360  
CATAGGAGCT GCCCTCCTGG ATTTGGAGTG GTGCAAGCTG GAACCCAGAG GCGAAATACA 420  
GTTTGCAAAA GATGTCCAGA TGGGTTCTTC TCAAATGAGA CGTCATCTAA AGCACCTGT 480  
AGAAAACACA CAAATGTCAG TGTCTTTGGT CTCCTGCTAA CTCAGAAAGG AAATGCAACA 540  
CACGACAACA TATGTTCCGG AAACAGTGAA TCAACTCAAA AATGTGGAAT AGATGTTACC 600  
CTGTGTGAGG AGGCATTCTT CAGGTTTGCT GTTCCTACAA AGTTTACGCC TAACTGGCTT 660  
AGTGTCTTGG TAGACAATTT GCCTGGCACC AAAGTAAACG CAGAGAGTGT AGAGAGGATA 720  
AAACGGCAAC ACAGCTCACA AGAACAGACT TTCCAGCTGC TGAAGTTATG GAAACATCAA 780  
AACAAAGACC AAGATATAGT CAAGAAGATC ATCCAAGATA TTGACCTCTG TGAAAACAGC 840  
GTGCAGCGGC ACATTGGACA TGCTAACCTC ACCTTCGAGC AGCTTCGTAG CTTGATGGAA 900  
AGCTTACCGG GAAAGAAAGT GGGAGCAGAA GACATTGAAA AAACAATAAA GGCTAGTCTA 960  
GACTAG 966

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:102:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
(A) LENGTH: 564 base pairs  
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..564



[illegible]

ATGAACAAC	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACTGCA	GCCCCGTGTG	CAAGGAGCTG	CAGTACGTCA	AGCAGGAGTG	CAATCGCACC	300
CACAACCGCG	TGTGCGAATG	CAAGGAAGGG	CGCTACCTTG	AGATAGAGTT	CTGCTTGAAA	360
CATAGGAGCT	GCCCTCCTGG	ATTTGAGATG	GTGCAAGCTG	GAACCCAGA	GCGAAATACA	420
GTTTGCAAAA	GATGTCCAGA	TGGGTTCTTC	TCAAATGAGA	CGTCATCTAA	AGCACCTGT	480
AGAAAACACA	CAAATGTCAG	TGTCTTTGGT	CTCCTGCTAA	CTCAGAAAGG	AAATGCAACA	540
CACGACAACA	TATGTTCCGG	CTAG				564

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 255 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: -  
(B) LOCATION: 1..255  
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "(OCIF-Pst)"

ATGAACAAC	TGCTGTGCTG	CGCGCTCGTG	TTTCTGGACA	TCTCCATTAA	GTGGACCACC	60
CAGGAAACGT	TTCCTCCAAA	GTACCTTCAT	TATGACGAAG	AAACCTCTCA	TCAGCTGTTG	120
TGTGACAAAT	GTCCTCCTGG	TACCTACCTA	AAACAACACT	GTACAGCAAA	GTGGAAGACC	180
GTGTGCGCCC	CTTGCCCTGA	CCACTACTAC	ACAGACAGCT	GGCACACCAG	TGACGAGTGT	240
CTATACCTAG	TCTAG					255

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 1317 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: double  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ix) FEATURE:

69

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "human OCIF genomic DNA-1"

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: 1173..1202

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "amino acid residues -21 to -12"

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:104:

CTGGAGACAT ATAACCTGAA CACTTGGCCC TGATGGGGAA GCAGCTCTGC AGGGACTTTT	60
TCAGCCATCT GTAAACAATT TCAGTGGCAA CCCGCGAACT GTAATCCATG AATGGGACCA	120
CACTTTACAA GTCATCAAGT CTAACCTCTA GACCAGGGAA TTAATGGGGG AGACAGCGAA	180
CCCTAGAGCA AAGTGCCAAA CTTCTGTCGA TAGCTTGAGG CTAGTGGAAA GACCTCGAGG	240
AGGCTACTCC AGAAGTTCAG CGCGTAGGAA GCTCCGATAC CAATAGCCCT TTGATGATGG	300
TGGGGTTGGT GAAGGGAACA GTGCTCCGCA AGGTTATCCC TGCCCCAGGC AGTCCAATTT	360
TCACTCTGCA GATTCTCTCT GGCTCTAACT ACCCCAGATA ACAAGGAGTG AATGCAGAAT	420
AGCACGGGCT TTAGGGCCAA TCAGACATTA GTTAGAAAAA TTCCTACTAC ATGGTTTATG	480
TAAACTTGAA GATGAATGAT TGCGAACTCC CCGAAAAGGG CTCAGACAAT GCCATGCATA	540
AAGAGGGGCC CTGTAATTTG AGGTTTCAGA ACCCGAAGTG AAGGGGTCAG GCAGCCGGGT	600
ACGGCGGAAA CTCACAGCTT TCGCCCAGCG AGAGGACAAA GGTCTGGGAC ACACTCCAAC	660
TGCGTCCGGA TCTTGCTGG ATCGGACTCT CAGGGTGGAG GAGACACAAG CACAGCAGCT	720
GCCCAGCGTG TGCCCAGCCC TCCCACCGCT GGTCCCGGCT GCCAGGAGGC TGGCCGCTGG	780
CGGGAAGGGG CCGGGAAACC TCAGAGCCCC GCGGAGACAG CAGCCGCCTT GTTCCTCAGC	840
CCGGTGGCTT TTTTTTCCCC TGCTCTCCCA GGGGACAGAC ACCACCGCCC CACCCCTCAC	900
GCCCCACCTC CCTGGGGGAT CTTTCCGCC CCAGCCCTGA AAGCGTTAAT CCTGGAGCTT	960
TCTGCACACC CCCCAGCCGC TCCCGCCCAA GCTTCCTAAA AAAGAAAGGT GCAAAGTTTG	1020
GTCCAGGATA GAAAAATGAC TGATCAAAGG CAGGCGATAC TTCCTGTTGC CGGGACGCTA	1080
TATATAACGT GATGAGCGCA CGGGCTGCGG AGACGCACCG GAGCGCTCGC CCAGCCGCCG	1140
CCTCCAAGCC CCTGAGGTTT CCGGGGACCA CAATGAACAA GTTGCTGTGC TGCGCGCTCG	1200
TGGTAAGTCC CTGGGCCAGC CGACGGGTGC CCGGCGCCTG GGGAGGCTGC TGCCACCTGG	1260
TCTCCCAACC TCCAGCGGA CCGGCGGGGA AAAAGGCTCC ACTCGCTCCC TCCCAAG	1317

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:105:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 10190 base pairs

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: double

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: DNA (genomic)

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: sig\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: 130..162

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: /note= "amino acid residues -11 to -1"

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: CDS

(B) LOCATION: join(130..162, 163..498, 4503..4694, 6715..6939, 8960..9346)

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: mat\_peptide

(B) LOCATION: join(163..498, 4503..4694, 6715..6939, 8960..9346)

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:105:

```
GCTTACTTTG TGCCAAATCT CATTAGGCTT AAGGTAATAC AGGACTTTGA GTCAAATGAT      60
ACTGTTGCAC ATAAGAACAA ACCTATTTTC ATGCTAAGAT GATGCCACTG TGTTCTTTTC      120
TCCTTCTAG TTT CTG GAC ATC TCC ATT AAG TGG ACC ACC CAG GAA ACG      168
Phe Leu Asp Ile Ser Ile Lys Trp Thr Thr Gln Glu Thr
-11 -10                      -5                      1

TTT CCT CCA AAG TAC CTT CAT TAT GAC GAA GAA ACC TCT CAT CAG CTG      216
Phe Pro Pro Lys Tyr Leu His Tyr Asp Glu Glu Thr Ser His Gln Leu
5                      10                      15

TTG TGT GAC AAA TGT CCT CCT GGT ACC TAC CTA AAA CAA CAC TGT ACA      264
Leu Cys Asp Lys Cys Pro Pro Gly Thr Tyr Leu Lys Gln His Cys Thr
20                      25                      30

GCA AAG TGG AAG ACC GTG TGC GCC CCT TGC CCT GAC CAC TAC TAC ACA      312
Ala Lys Trp Lys Thr Val Cys Ala Pro Cys Pro Asp His Tyr Tyr Thr
35                      40                      45                      50

GAC AGC TGG CAC ACC AGT GAC GAG TGT CTA TAC TGC AGC CCC GTG TGC      360
Asp Ser Trp His Thr Ser Asp Glu Cys Leu Tyr Cys Ser Pro Val Cys
55                      60                      65

AAG GAG CTG CAG TAC GTC AAG CAG GAG TGC AAT CGC ACC CAC AAC CGC      408
Lys Glu Leu Gln Tyr Val Lys Gln Glu Cys Asn Arg Thr His Asn Arg
70                      75                      80

GTG TGC GAA TGC AAG GAA GGG CGC TAC CTT GAG ATA GAG TTC TGC TTG      456
Val Cys Glu Cys Lys Glu Gly Arg Tyr Leu Glu Ile Glu Phe Cys Leu
85                      90                      95

AAA CAT AGG AGC TGC CCT CCT GGA TTT GGA GTG GTG CAA GCT      498
Lys His Arg Ser Cys Pro Pro Gly Phe Gly Val Val Gln Ala
100                      105                      110

GGTACGTGTC AATGTGCAGC AAAATTAATT AGGATCATGC AAAGTCAGAT AGTTGTGACA      558
GTTTAGGAGA ACACTTTTGT TCTGATGACA TTATAGGATA GCAAATTGCA AAGGTAATGA      618
AACCTGCCAG GTAGGTACTA TGTGTCTGGA GTGCTTCCAA AGGACCATTG CTCAGAGGAA      678
TACTTTGCCA CTACAGGGCA ATTTAATGAC AAATCTCAA TGCAGCAAAT TATTCTCTCA      738
TGAGATGCAT GATGGTTTTT TTTTTTTTTT TTAAAGAAAC AACTCAAGT TGCACTATTG      798
ATAGTTGATC TATACCTCTA TATTTCACTT CAGCATGGAC ACCTTCAAAC TGCAGCACTT      858
TTTGACAAAC ATCAGAAATG TTAATTTATA CCAAGAGAGT AATTATGCTC ATATTAATGA      918
GACTCTGGAG TGCTAACAAT AAGCAGTTAT AATTAATTAT GTAAAAAATG AGAATGGTGA      978
GGGGAATTGC ATTCATTAT TAAAAACAAG GCTAGTCTTT CCTTTAGCAT GGGAGCTGAG      1038
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GGCCTCCAGC CACATTCTTG <del>GT</del> CAAACTTA CATTTTCCCT TTCTTGAATC TTAACCAGCT	4824
AAGGCTACTC TCGATGCATT ACTGCTAAAG CTACCACTCA GAATCTCTCA AAAACTCATC	4884
TTCTCACAGA TAACACCTCA AAGCTTGATT TTCTCTCCTT TCACACTGAA ATCAAATCTT	4944
GCCCATAGGC AAAGGGCAGT GTCAAGTTTG CCACTGAGAT GAAATTAGGA GAGTCCAAAC	5004
TGTAGAATTC ACGTTGTGTG TTATTACTTT CACGAATGTC TGTATTATTA ACTAAAGTAT	5064
ATATTGGCAA CTAAGAAGCA AAGTGATATA AACATGATGA CAAATTAGGC CAGGCATGGT	5124
GGCTTACTCC TATAATCCCA ACATTTTGGG GGGCCAAGGT AGGCAGATCA CTTGAGGTCA	5184
GGATTTCAAG ACCAGCCTGA CCAACATGGT GAAACCTTGT CTCTACTAAA AATACAAAAA	5244
TTAGCTGGGC ATGGTAGCAG GCACCTCTAG TACCAGCTAC TCAGGGCTGA GGCAGGAGAA	5304
TCGCTTGAAC CCAGGAGATG GAGGTTGCAG TGAGCTGAGA TTGTACCACT GCACTCCAGT	5364
CTGGGCAACA GAGCAAGATT TCATCACACA CACACACACA CACACACACA CACACATTAG	5424
AAATGTGTAC TTGGCTTTGT TACCTATGGT ATTAGTGCAT CTATTGCATG GAACTTCCAA	5484
GCTACTCTGG TTGTGTTAAG CTCTTCATTG GGTACAGGTC ACTAGTATTA AGTTCAGGT	5544
ATTCGGATGC ATTCCACGGT AGTGATGACA ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTGTG TGTTACCTT	5604
GTCACTCCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC CTTCACTCAA AGACACATTA CACTAAAGAT	5664
GATTTGCTTT TTTGTGTTTA ATCAAGCAAT GGTATAAACC AGCTTGACTC TCCCCAAACA	5724
GTTTTTCGTA CTACAAAGAA GTTTATGAAG CAGAGAAATG TGAATTGATA TATATATGAG	5784
ATTCTAACCC AGTTCAGCA TTGTTTCATT GTGTAATTGA AATCATAGAC AAGCCATTTT	5844
AGCCTTTGCT TTCTTATCTA AAAAAAAAAA AAAAAAAAAATG AAGGAAGGGG TATTAAGG	5904
AGTGATCAAA TTTTAACATT CTCTTTAATT AATTCATTTT TAATTTTACT TTTTTTCATT	5964
TATTGTGCAC TTACTATGTG GTACTGTGCT ATAGAGGCTT TAACATTTAT AAAAACACTG	6024
TGAAAGTTGC TTCAGATGAA TATAGGTAGT AGAACGGCAG AACTAGTATT CAAAGCCAGG	6084
TCTGATGAAT CCAAAAACAA ACACCCATTA CTCCCATTTT CTGGGACATA CTTACTCTAC	6144
CCAGATGCTC TGGGCTTTGT AATGCCTATG TAAATAACAT AGTTTTATGT TTGGTTATTT	6204
TCCTATGTAA TGTCTACTTA TATATCTGTA TCTATCTCTT GCTTTGTTTC CAAAGGTAAA	6264
CTATGTGTCT AAATGTGGGC AAAAAATAAC ACACTATTCC AAATTACTGT TCAAATTCCT	6324
TTAAGTCAGT GATAATTATT TGTTTTGACA TTAATCATGA AGTTCCTGT GGGTACTAGG	6384
TAAACCTTTA ATAGAATGTT AATGTTTGTA TTCATTATAA GAATTTTTGG CTGTTACTTA	6444
TTTACAACAA TATTTCACTC TAATTAGACA TTTACTAAAC TTTCTCTTGA AAACAATGCC	6504
CAAAAAAGAA CATTAGAAGA CACGTAAGCT CAGTTGGTCT CTGCCACTAA GACCAGCCAA	6564
CAGAAGCTTG ATTTTATTCA AACTTTGCAT TTTAGCATAT TTTATCTTGG AAAATTCAAT	6624
TGTGTGGTT TTTTGTTTTT GTTTGTATTG AATAGACTCT CAGAAATCCA ATTGTTGAGT	6684
AAATCTTCTG GGTTTCTTAA CCTTCTTTA GAT GTT ACC CTG TGT GAG GAG GCA	6738
Asp Val Thr Leu Cys Glu Glu Ala	
180	

TTC TTC AGG TTT GCT <del>GTT</del> CCT ACA AAG TTT ACG CCT AAC <del>TG</del> CTT AGT	6786
Phe Phe Arg Phe Ala Val Pro Thr Lys Phe Thr Pro Asn <del>Tfp</del> Leu Ser	
185 190 195 200	
GTC TTG GTA GAC AAT TTG CCT GGC ACC AAA GTA AAC GCA GAG AGT GTA	6834
Val Leu Val Asp Asn Leu Pro Gly Thr Lys Val Asn Ala Glu Ser Val	
205 210 215	
GAG AGG ATA AAA CGG CAA CAC AGC TCA CAA GAA CAG ACT TTC CAG CTG	6882
Glu Arg Ile Lys Arg Gln His Ser Ser Gln Glu Gln Thr Phe Gln Leu	
220 225 230	
CTG AAG TTA TGG AAA CAT CAA AAC AAA GAC CAA GAT ATA GTC AAG AAG	6930
Leu Lys Leu Trp Lys His Gln Asn Lys Asp Gln Asp Ile Val Lys Lys	
235 240 245	
ATC ATC CAA GGTAATTACA TTCCAAAATA CGTCTTTGTA CGATTTTGTA	6979
Ile Ile Gln	
250	
GTATCATCTC TCTCTCTGAG TTGAACACAA GGCCTCCAGC CACATTCTTG GTCAAACCTTA	7039
CATTTTCCCT TTCTTGAATC TTAACCAGCT AAGGCTACTC TCGATGCATT ACTGCTAAAG	7099
CTACCACTCA GAATCTCTCA AAAACTCATC TTCTCACAGA TAACACCTCA AAGCTTGATT	7159
TTCTCTCCTT TCACACTGAA ATCAAATCTT GCCCATAGGC AAAGGGCAGT GTCAAGTTTG	7219
CCACTGAGAT GAAATTAGGA GAGTCCAAAC TGTAGAATTC ACGTTGTGTG TTATTACTTT	7279
CACGAATGTC TGTATTATTA ACTAAAGTAT ATATTGGCAA CTAAGAAGCA AAGTGATATA	7339
AACATGATGA CAAATTAGGC CAGGCATGGT GGCTTACTCC TATAATCCCA ACATTTTGGG	7399
GGGCCAAGGT AGGCAGATCA CTTGAGGTCA GGATTTCAAG ACCAGCCTGA CCAACATGGT	7459
GAAACCTTGT CTCTACTAAA AATACAAAAA TTAGCTGGGC ATGGTAGCAG GCACTTCTAG	7519
TACCAGCTAC TCAGGGCTGA GGCAGGAGAA TCGCTTGAAC CCAGGAGATG GAGGTTGCAG	7579
TGAGCTGAGA TTGTACCACT GCACTCCAGT CTGGGCAACA GAGCAAGATT TCATCACACA	7639
CACACACACA CACACACACA CACACATTAG AAATGTGTAC TTGGCTTTGT TACCTATGGT	7699
ATTAGTGCAT CTATTGCATG GAACTTCCAA GCTACTCTGG TTGTGTTAAG CTCTTCATTG	7759
GGTACAGGTC ACTAGTATTA AGTTCAGGTT ATTCGGATGC ATTCACGGT AGTGATGACA	7819
ATTCATCAGG CTAGTGTGTG TGTTACCTT GTCACCTCCA CCACTAGACT AATCTCAGAC	7879
CTTCACTCAA AGACACATTA CACTAAAGAT GATTTGCTTT TTTGTGTTTA ATCAAGCAAT	7939
GGTATAAACC AGCTTGACTC TCCCCAAACA GTTTTTCGTA CTACAAAGAA GTTTATGAAG	7999
CAGAGAAATG TGAATTGATA TATATATGAG ATTCTAACCC AGTTCAGCA TTGTTTCATT	8059
GTGTAATTGA AATCATAGAC AAGCCATTTT AGCCTTTGCT TTCTTATCTA AAAAAAAAAA	8119
AAAAAAAAATG AAGGAAGGGG TATTAAAAGG AGTGATCAAA TTTTAACATT CTCTTTAATT	8179
AATTCATTTT TAATTTTACT TTTTTCATT TATTGTGCAC TTACTATGTG GTACTGTGCT	8239
ATAGAGGCTT TAACATTTAT AAAAACACTG TGAAAGTTGC TTCAGATGAA TATAGGTAGT	8299
AGAACGGCAG AACTAGTATT CAAAGCCAGG TCTGATGAAT CCAAAAACAA ACACCCATTA	8359
CTCCCATTTT CTGGGACATA CTTACTCTAC CCAGATGCTC TGGGCTTTGT AATGCCTATG	8419





(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 391 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:106:

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Glu	Ser	Val	Glu	Arg	Ile	Lys	Arg	Gln	His	Ser	Ser	Gln	Glu	Gln	Thr
215						220				225					
Phe	Gln	Leu	Leu	Lys	Leu	Trp	Lys	His	Gln	Asn	Lys	Asp	Gln	Asp	Ile
230					235					240					245
Val	Lys	Lys	Ile	Ile	Gln	Asp	Ile	Asp	Leu	Cys	Glu	Asn	Ser	Val	Gln
				250					255					260	
Arg	His	Ile	Gly	His	Ala	Asn	Leu	Thr	Phe	Glu	Gln	Leu	Arg	Ser	Leu
			265					270					275		
Met	Glu	Ser	Leu	Pro	Gly	Lys	Lys	Val	Gly	Ala	Glu	Asp	Ile	Glu	Lys
		280					285					290			
Thr	Ile	Lys	Ala	Cys	Lys	Pro	Ser	Asp	Gln	Ile	Leu	Lys	Leu	Leu	Ser
	295					300					305				
Leu	Trp	Arg	Ile	Lys	Asn	Gly	Asp	Gln	Asp	Thr	Leu	Lys	Gly	Leu	Met
310					315					320					325
His	Ala	Leu	Lys	His	Ser	Lys	Thr	Tyr	His	Phe	Pro	Lys	Thr	Val	Thr
				330					335					340	
Gln	Ser	Leu	Lys	Lys	Thr	Ile	Arg	Phe	Leu	His	Ser	Phe	Thr	Met	Tyr
			345					350					355		
Lys	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Lys	Leu	Phe	Leu	Glu	Met	Ile	Gly	Asn	Gln	Val	Gln
		360					365					370			
Ser	Val	Lys	Ile	Ser	Cys	Leu									
375						380									

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:107:

(ix) FEATURE:

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:107:

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(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:  
 (A) LENGTH: 21 base pairs  
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid  
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single  
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

YTTRTACATN GTRAANSWRT G

Variable	Mean	SD	Min	Max
Age	34.5	10.2	21	55
Gender	0.5	0.5	0	1
Marital status	0.6	0.5	0	1
Education	12.5	1.5	9	16
Income	15.2	5.8	5	35
Occupation	1.2	0.8	0	2
Health status	0.7	0.4	0	1
Stress level	2.1	0.9	1	4
Life satisfaction	3.8	1.2	1	5
Resilience	2.5	0.7	1	4
Optimism	3.2	0.8	1	4
Gratitude	3.5	0.9	1	4
Forgiveness	3.1	0.8	1	4
Empathy	3.3	0.9	1	4
Compassion	3.4	0.9	1	4
Kindness	3.6	1.0	1	4
Generosity	3.7	1.0	1	4
Patience	3.9	1.1	1	4
Self-control	4.0	1.1	1	4
Emotional stability	4.1	1.1	1	4
Psychological well-being	4.2	1.1	1	4
Life purpose	4.3	1.1	1	4
Meaning in life	4.4	1.1	1	4
Existential well-being	4.5	1.1	1	4
Overall well-being	4.6	1.1	1	4